

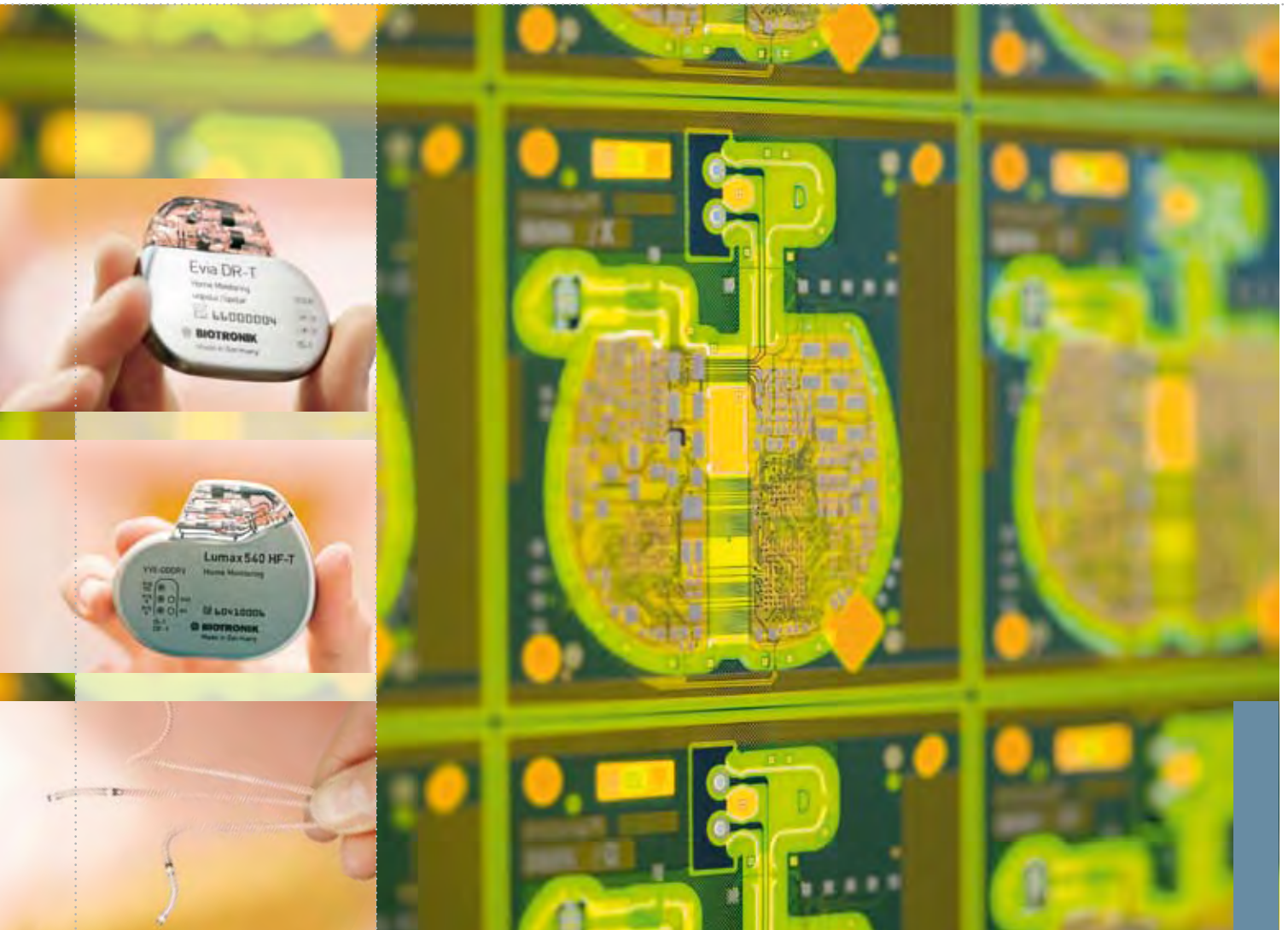
# CRM

Cardiac Rhythm Management

Cumulative Survival Probability

Pacemakers, ICDs, Leads

## Product Performance Report January 2010





# Product Performance Report

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January 2010

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## Cardiac Rhythm Management

Pacemakers

ICDs

Leads



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# 1. Quality Excellence

BIOTRONIK has a long history of superior quality in product design and performance. For over 40 years, the name BIOTRONIK has been synonymous with excellent workmanship and superior patient safety. Our quality concept follows an integrated approach and extends from preventative risk measures during a product's development phase through all the steps of the manufacturing and design process.

BIOTRONIK's quality assurance system guarantees strict adherence to internal quality standards as well as compliance with international standards and guidelines. Regular reviews of our product performance and manufacturing evaluations contribute significantly to the achievement of extraordinary quality. Our customers, patients, and physicians can rely on the highest degree of safety built into our products. We always welcome suggestions from users about how we can improve the quality of our products.

This Product Performance Report is an integral component of BIOTRONIK's commitment to provide detailed, accurate information regarding long term reliability. The Product Performance Report exemplifies BIOTRONIK's policy of transparent and timely communication with our customers.

As a means to obtain continuous improvement of the designs, BIOTRONIK carefully analyzes returned products and incorporates all findings into our quality assurance system. This Product Performance Report was prepared in accordance with International Standard ISO 5841-2:2000 (E) and is in compliance with the recommendations from the U.S. Heart Rhythm Society Task Force on Device Performance Policies and Guidelines. As an active member of AdvaMed and their Pacemaker/ICD Working Group, BIOTRONIK has worked extensively with the CRM industry to ensure comparable product performance data is reported by all manufacturers. The data provided in BIOTRONIK's Product Performance Report incorporates the requirements and definitions as defined in AdvaMed's Requirements for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators, except as noted herein.

In BIOTRONIK's continuous efforts to provide accurate and transparent information and to ensure that a conservative estimate for device performance is reported, the Survival Probability calculations presented herein also consider reported pacemaker and ICD battery depletions as well as lead complications without the device having been returned for analysis.



Because a significant portion of this report is based on analyses of returned products, BIOTRONIK urges all physicians to return explanted devices and to notify us when a product is explanted or no longer in use for any reason.

BIOTRONIK aims to continually improve and enhance the scope of this report while integrating the latest information and data concerning the performance of our products. Please contact our U.S. Compliance Department (888) 345-0374 or Worldwide CRM Technical Service Department at +49-30-68905-2200 (Germany) with any comments, suggestions or questions. Your feedback is highly appreciated and will be used to further develop this report.

BIOTRONIK, January 2010

Arnold Kaspar  
Vice President of Quality Management  
BIOTRONIK SE & Co. KG

# 2. Terms and Definitions

The following terms and definitions are used for pacemakers and Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillators (ICDs) as well as pacing and ICD leads throughout this Product Performance Report. These definitions form the basis for this Product Performance Report by clearly articulating the status of each device return and product analysis classification.

## **Elective Replacement Indicator**

All active implantable devices that are powered by an internal battery need to be replaced when their battery is depleted. BIOTRONIK pacemakers and ICDs have an Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI) feature that notifies the health care provider when the device's battery is nearing the end of its useful life. Display of ERI is BIOTRONIK's recommendation to the user that the battery's present state will require device replacement in the near future. For further details please refer to the corresponding manual.

## **Battery Depletion**

Battery depletions are classified as either normal (expected) or premature. Premature battery depletions are defined as device malfunctions, while normal battery depletions are not device malfunctions. Batteries of returned devices are considered to have depleted normally when (a) a device is returned with no associated complaint and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time that meets or exceeds the nominal (50 percentile) predicted longevity at default (labeled) settings, or (b) a device is returned and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time exceeding 75% of the expected longevity using the longevity calculation tool available at time of product introduction, calculated using the device's actual use conditions and settings. For consistency with previous

Product Performance Reports, for ICDs released prior to Lumax and pacemakers released prior to Philos II, batteries of returned devices are considered to have depleted normally if they have reached their elective replacement indicator and testing indicates that the battery and associated circuitry are within specifications.

## **Out of Specification**

Any component or software related event that causes the device's characteristics to not meet pre-defined performance specifications and requirements while implanted and in service. Returned product analysis that determines a device to be out of specification is considered a device malfunction. Normal battery depletions are not considered device malfunctions. BIOTRONIK defines the requirements and performance specifications for each product.

## **Device Malfunctions**

Any component or software related event that causes the device's characteristics to be out of specification while implanted and in service are considered device malfunctions. Because it is impossible to verify that a device has malfunctioned without analyzing it, only returned devices can be classified as malfunctions for this report. Each returned lead, ICD and pacemaker is analyzed to determine if it has malfunctioned. If the analysis determines that a pacemaker or ICD failed to meet its specifications while implanted and in service, it is further classified as either a malfunction with compromised therapy or as a malfunction without compromised therapy.

Devices damaged during implant, revision or after explant, damaged due to external causes (i.e., electrocautery) or to failure to follow instructions, warnings or contraindications in its associated technical manual are not considered



malfunctions. Devices damaged due to interaction with other implanted devices (i.e., leads) are also not considered as malfunctions for the purposes of this Product Performance Report.

#### **Malfunctions with Compromised Therapy**

The condition when a pacemaker or ICD is found to have malfunctioned in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service. Therapy is considered to have been compromised if critical patient-protective pacing or defibrillation therapy is not available.

Examples include: sudden loss of battery voltage; accelerated current drain such that a depleted battery was not detected before loss of therapy; sudden malfunction during a tachycardia or fibrillation event resulting in aborted delivery of therapy; intermittent malfunction where therapy is sporadically unavailable.

#### **Malfunctions without Compromised Therapy**

The condition when a pacemaker or ICD is found to have malfunctioned in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service. Therapy is not compromised as long as critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies are available as determined through device analysis.

#### **Qualifying Lead Complications**

A lead performance issue where a complaint, associated with at least one of the clinical manifestations listed below, is reported and where the non-returned lead is:

- Verified by medical records to have been implanted and in-service, and
- Implanted greater than 30 days, and
- Reported to have been removed from service,

- Modified to remedy the malfunction, or
- Left in service based on medical judgment.

In accordance with the latest AdvaMed guidelines, such clinical observations are classified in the following categories:

- Failure to Capture
- Failure to Sense
- Oversensing
- Abnormal Pacing Impedance
- Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance
- Insulation Breach
- Conductor Fracture
- Lead Dislodgement
- Extracardiac Stimulation
- Cardiac Perforation
- Other

#### **Survival Probability Estimates**

The probability that a device remains operational during a discrete time interval is defined as survival probability. Survival probability, as presented in this report, is related to device survival only and not survival of the patient. The survival probability estimates in this report are based on BIOTRONIK's analysis of returned products as well as events that are reported to BIOTRONIK (e.g., battery depletions or lead complications).

#### **Cumulative Survival Probability Estimates**

The survival probability over a device's service time is the Cumulative Survival Probability. It is calculated from all discrete survival probabilities of previous time intervals. This characteristic is calculated separately for malfunction-free survival and all-cause survival (including normal battery depletions). Specific populations that are subject to a safety advisory notification are excluded and shown separately.

# 2. Terms and Definitions

## **Implanted Devices**

Only devices remaining implanted for at least one calendar day after the implantation date are considered as implanted. Devices that are removed from the patient on the same calendar day as the implant procedure do not contribute to the survival statistics.

## **Active Implants**

The number of devices that remain operational within a discrete observation interval are active implants. Units are removed from this cohort due to patient death or explant for any reason.

## **Underreporting**

A device status may change without being accounted for in the product performance database due to a lack of information being provided to BIOTRONIK. Underreporting adjustments deemed to be necessary are detailed in this report.

## **Safety Advisory Notifications**

Any action taken by the manufacturer to inform clinicians concerning a device performance issue that may cause the device to not meet its predefined specifications is referred to as a Safety Advisory Notification.



# 3. Methodology for Pacemaker and ICD Survival Estimates

## 3.1 Cumulative Survival Probability

This report has been prepared in accordance with ISO 5841-2:2000 (E) applying actuarial analysis for the calculation of survival probabilities. Survival estimates given in this report are considered to be generally representative for worldwide performance of BIOTRONIK devices.

The Cumulative Survival Probability is an estimate based on the percentage of pacemakers and ICDs that remain implanted and operational at various points of the product's service time in absence of concurrent events such as morbidity and voluntary explants for various reasons (e.g., device upgrade). The device survival estimate over time is displayed in cumulative curves (Kaplan-Meier). The product's performance is evaluated in discrete one-month intervals. The survival probability for each month is given by the number of devices that remain implanted and operational through this month divided by the number of devices that entered the interval. The Cumulative Survival Probability for any period is given by multiplying all survival probabilities of previous months.

At the time of implantation, the Cumulative Survival Probability is 100%. Even though they are analyzed as part of our quality system monitoring, devices that are found to be out of specification prior to or during the implantation procedure are removed from the statistics as they do not contribute to a patient's risk of being subject to a device malfunction or replacement during the device's service time. Because this report is provided to describe product performance based on returned product analyses, the pacemaker and ICD data does not include information regarding medical complications such as erosion, infection or diaphragmatic stimulation.

In general, during the initial phase of the service time, devices which are out of specification are the primary contribution to reduction of survival probability. As the product lifecycle lengthens, normal battery depletion assumes a greater impact on the survival curve and becomes the dominating factor.

In order to make these two effects distinguishable, the Cumulative Survival Probability curves are shown separately for devices that are confirmed to have malfunctioned only, and for total (all-cause) cumulative survival. In case of a device being subject to a safety advisory notification that significantly impacts the survival probability, this factor is displayed separately.

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## 3.2 Data Acquisition

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This report is based on the observation of BIOTRONIK's U.S. products through review of our device registration and tracking systems and analyses of returned products from all sources. Because the ability to perform decedent searches of patients with BIOTRONIK devices via the U.S. Social Security Administration, the use of U.S. data more accurately represents the active patient population for reporting purposes. In addition, device tracking regulations and vigilance reporting regulations vary throughout the world; therefore use of the U.S. data is most appropriate for accurate and consistent reporting of product performance.

In order to be included in the population under observation, a device must be registered and implanted for at least one calendar day. The cut-off date for the data included in this report is July 1, 2009. The number of U.S. devices that are implanted and remain active as well as the total number of products distributed worldwide are provided for each product family in this report. Information is provided for separate product families, in that devices with nearly identical hardware and therapy functions are combined. For example, Lexos VR and VR-T (with Home Monitoring) ICDs are combined into a single family, Lexos Single Chamber ICDs.

Survival estimates are calculated for product families having accumulated at least 1,000 cumulative implant months. Because 1,000 implant months may take some time to accumulate, there may be a gap between U.S. market release and the start of graphical representation of survival probability. Products no longer being distributed with less than 500 active implants may be excluded from this report.

ISO 5841-2 describes a method for adjusting the device survival probability to compensate for underreported malfunctions and unrelated patient deaths. The factor for underreporting of malfunctions is unknown as currently no systematic data is available that reveals this factor. Consequently, this factor remains unaccounted for in this report. Patient mortality is adjusted only if published rates for comparable patient populations differ significantly from the data provided by our registration and tracking systems.

# 3. Methodology for Pacemaker and ICD Survival Estimates

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## 3.3 Returned Product Analysis

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Information on malfunctioning for the pacemaker and ICD portions of this report is taken exclusively from the analysis of returned products. The outcome of this analysis is the basis for the final classification of the device's cause of explanation. Only analyzed products with confirmed device malfunctions are utilized in the calculation of malfunction-free survival probability.

Every pacemaker and ICD returned to BIOTRONIK is analyzed per internal procedures and classified as functioning normally, normal battery depletion, or malfunctioning (including premature battery depletion) while implanted and in service. These device classifications are the basis for BIOTRONIK's cumulative survival estimates on pacemakers and ICDs.

As a significant portion of pacemakers and ICDs with normal battery depletion are not returned for analysis, BIOTRONIK also considers unconfirmed pacemaker and ICD battery depletions (reported, but device not returned) in the total survival estimates to ensure that a conservative estimate for device performance is reported.



# 4. Product Performance Graphs and Data

The product performance information is shown in each section in alphabetical order and by product type.

For each product, the report provides:

- Product versions that contribute to the evaluation
- U.S. and CE market release dates
- Worldwide quantity of products that have been distributed
- U.S. registered implants (number of products included in this report)
- Estimated active U.S. implants
- Number of normal battery depletions
- Number of confirmed malfunctions

The survival plots provide:

## 1. Total Survival

The combined Cumulative Survival Probability for all causes that result in device removal or a system out of operation, excluding removals for clinical reasons unrelated to the device's performance (i.e., infections).

## 2. Malfunction-Free Survival

The Cumulative Survival Probability free of component or software malfunctions excluding normal battery depletions, but including premature battery depletions. Normal battery depletions only have an impact on the total cumulative survival.

Products or subgroups of products may become subject to safety advisory notifications that can significantly impact the overall product performance. However, as these subgroups are clearly defined they are separated from the nonadvisory devices. The impact of the advisory notification is then shown in a separate graph for total cumulative survival and for malfunction-free survival of the device population affected by the advisory notification.

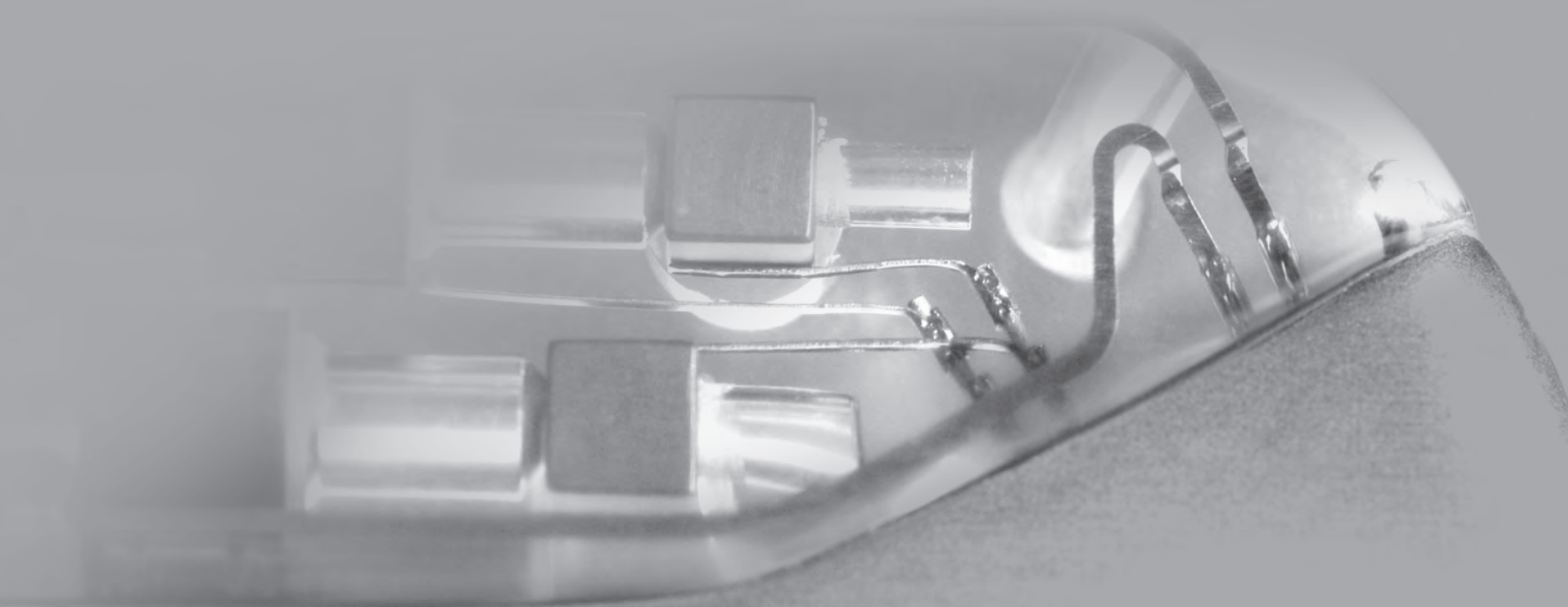
The cumulative survival data and the 95% confidence intervals according to the Greenwood's<sup>1</sup> formula are shown in numerical form for the observed population.

<sup>1</sup> Greenwood, M. The Natural Duration of Cancer. Reports on Public Health and Medical Subjects 33, London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1-26, 1926.





# 5. Performance of BIOTRONIK Pacemakers



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5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

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5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

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5.3 CRT Pacemakers

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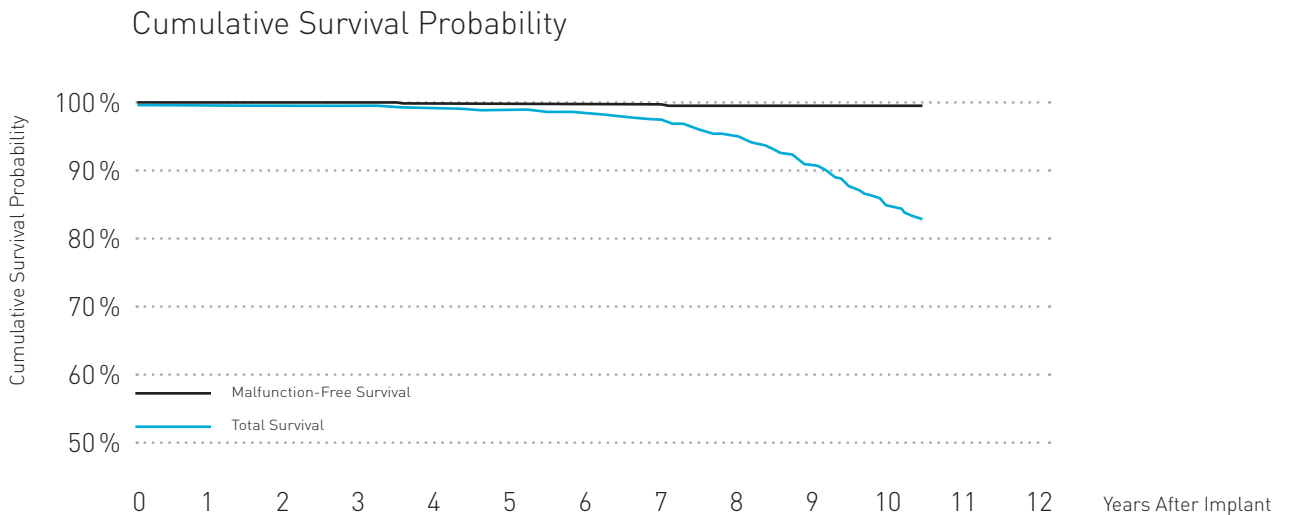
## 5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

# Actros

### Product Details

Product Versions	Actros S, Actros SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1998
CE Market Release	Apr 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	128,000
Registered U.S. Implants	6,730
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,700

Normal Battery Depletions	216
Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	3



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.4	99.0	97.5	94.9	90.9	84.8
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.5	±0.9	±1.3	±2.2
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.3

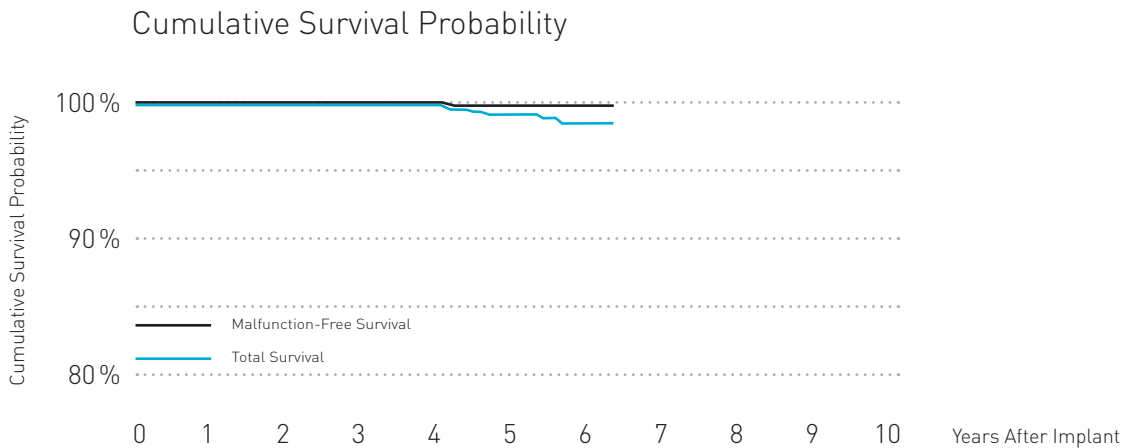
## 5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

# Axios

### Product Details

Product Versions	Axios S, Axios SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2001
CE Market Release	Oct 2001
Worldwide Distributed Devices	115,000
Registered U.S. Implants	1,360
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	583

Normal Battery Depletions	6
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.4	98.9	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)						±0.6	±0.9	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)								-	-	-	-

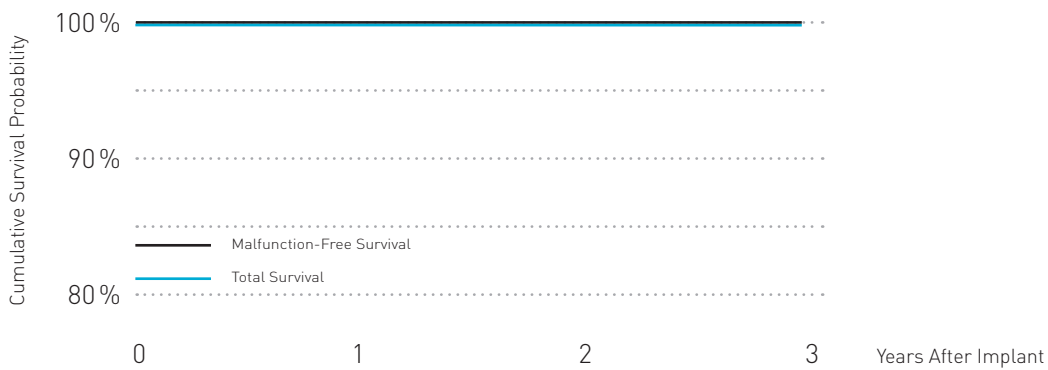
## 5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

# Cylos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Cylos VR
NBG Code(s)	WVIR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2006
CE Market Release	Nov 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	14,200
Registered U.S. Implants	3,980
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3,540
Normal Battery Depletions	1
Confirmed Malfunctions	1
Therapy Compromised	1
Therapy Available	0

### Cumulative Survival Probability



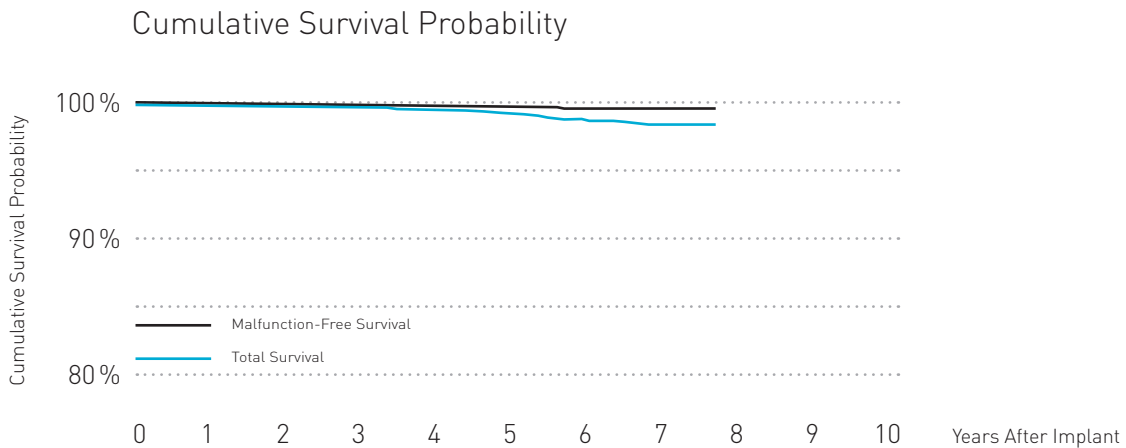
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

# Philos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Philos S, Philos SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2000
CE Market Release	Aug 2000
Worldwide Distributed Devices	94,900
Registered U.S. Implants	5,510
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,860
Normal Battery Depletions	21
Confirmed Malfunctions	7
Therapy Compromised	0
Therapy Available	7



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.3	98.9	98.6	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.6	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-

## 5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

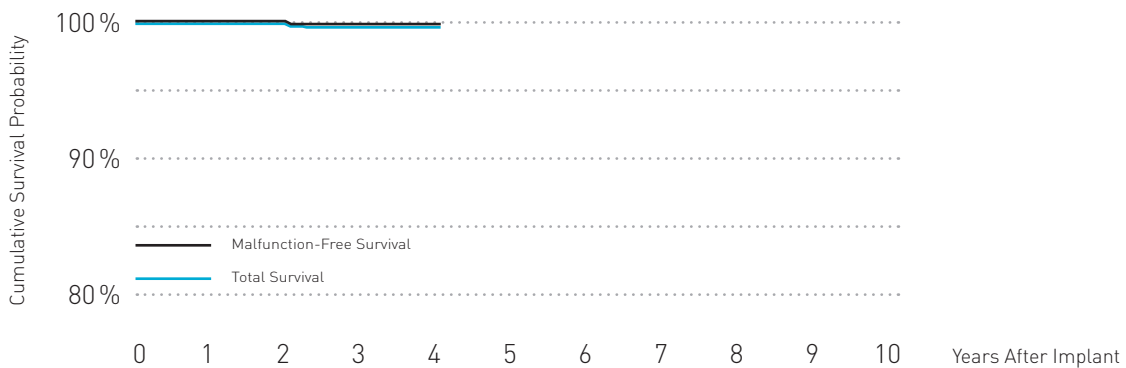
# Philos II and Talos

### Product Details

Product Versions*	Philos II S, Philos II SR, Talos S, Talos SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004/May 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	84,900
Registered U.S. Implants	3,870
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3,180
Normal Battery Depletions	2
Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	0

\* While Talos SR and Talos S are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

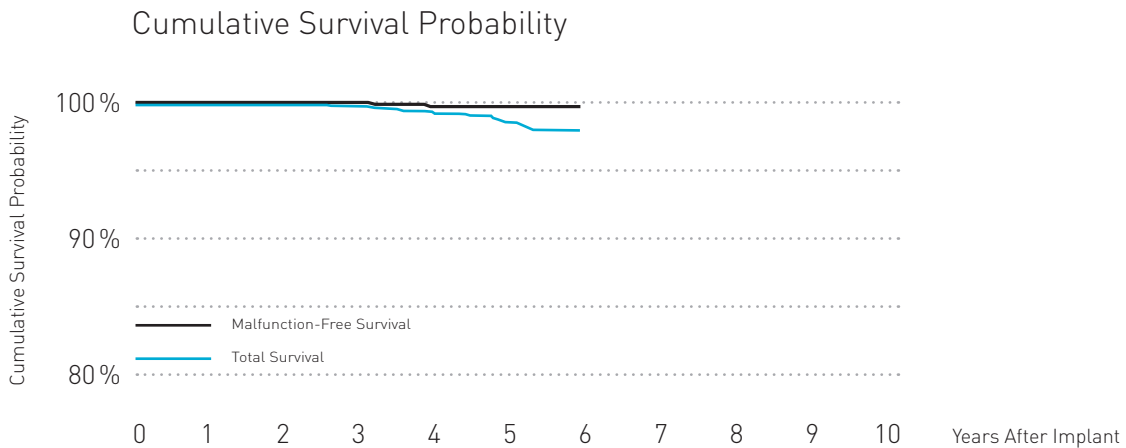


## 5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

# Protos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Protos VR/CLS
NBG Code(s)	WVIR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2003
CE Market Release	Jul 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,730
Registered U.S. Implants	3,250
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,940
Normal Battery Depletions	18
Confirmed Malfunctions	5
· Therapy Compromised	2
· Therapy Available	3



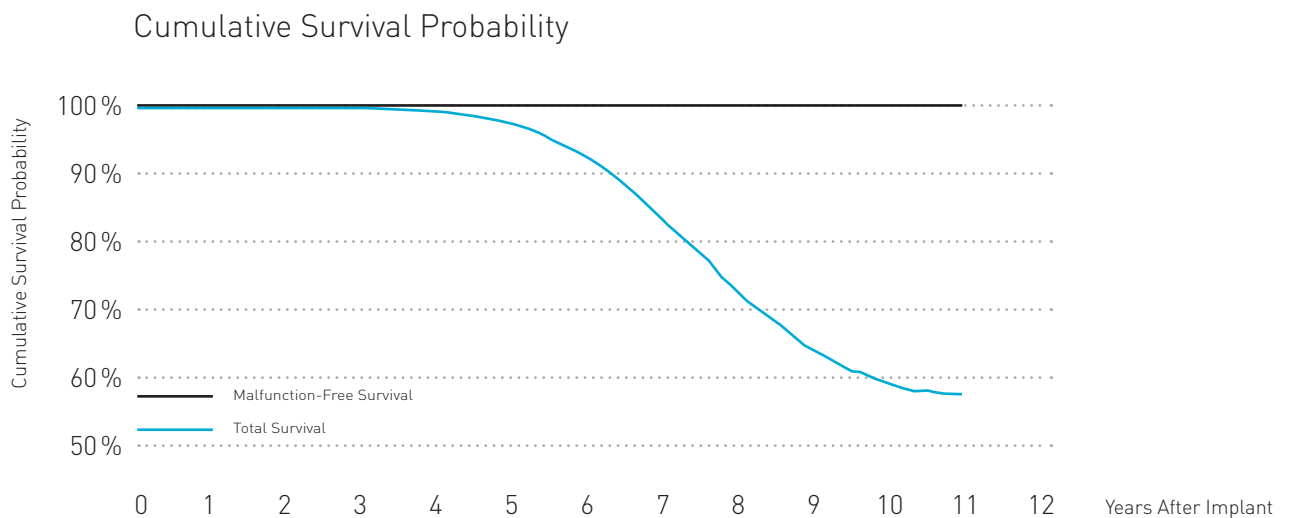
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	98.7	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	±0.6	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.7	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-

## 5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

# Actros

### Product Details

Product Versions	Actros D, Actros DR, Actros SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1998
CE Market Release	Apr 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	110,000
Registered U.S. Implants	13,700
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3,090
Normal Battery Depletions	2,275
Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Therapy Compromised	3
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	97.5	92.3	82.8	71.9	63.6	59.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.6	±0.9	±1.1	±1.3	±1.5
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0

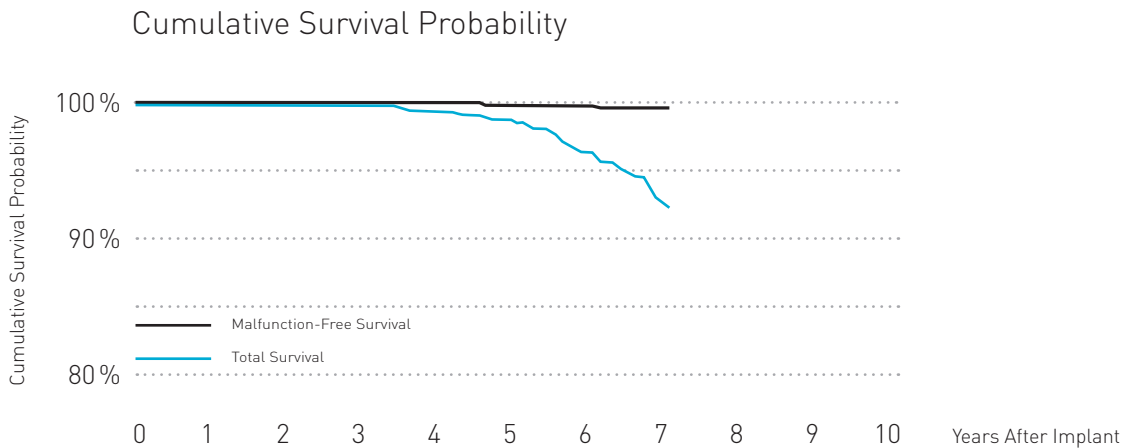
## 5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

# Axios

### Product Details

Product Versions	Axios D, Axios DR, Axios SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2001
CE Market Release	Oct 2001
Worldwide Distributed Devices	103,000
Registered U.S. Implants	2,720
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,430

Normal Battery Depletions	61
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	2



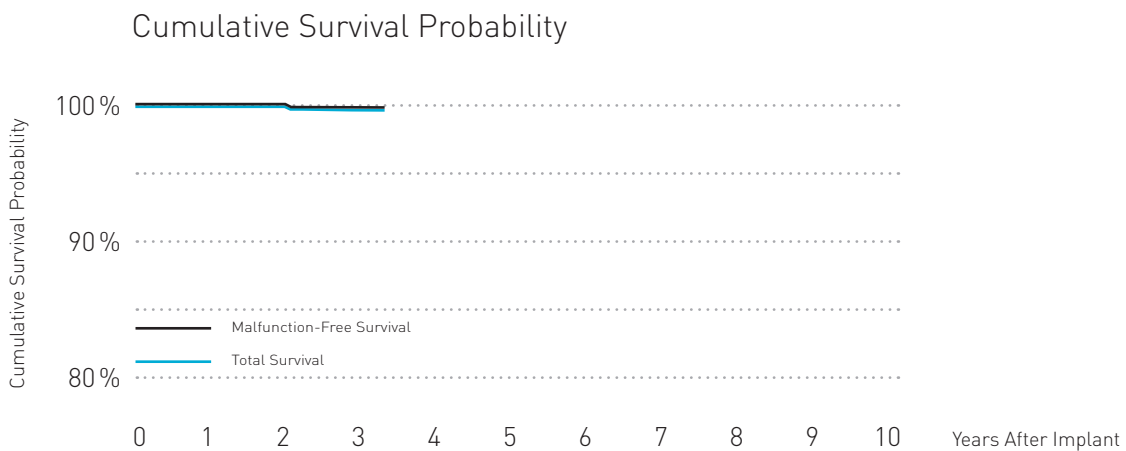
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.5	98.8	96.4	92.3	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±1.0	±2.1	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)						±0.1	±0.1	±0.3	-	-	-

## 5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

# Cylos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Cylos DR, Cylos DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2006
CE Market Release	Nov 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	48,600
Registered U.S. Implants	19,200
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	17,900
Normal Battery Depletions	5
Confirmed Malfunctions	6
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	6



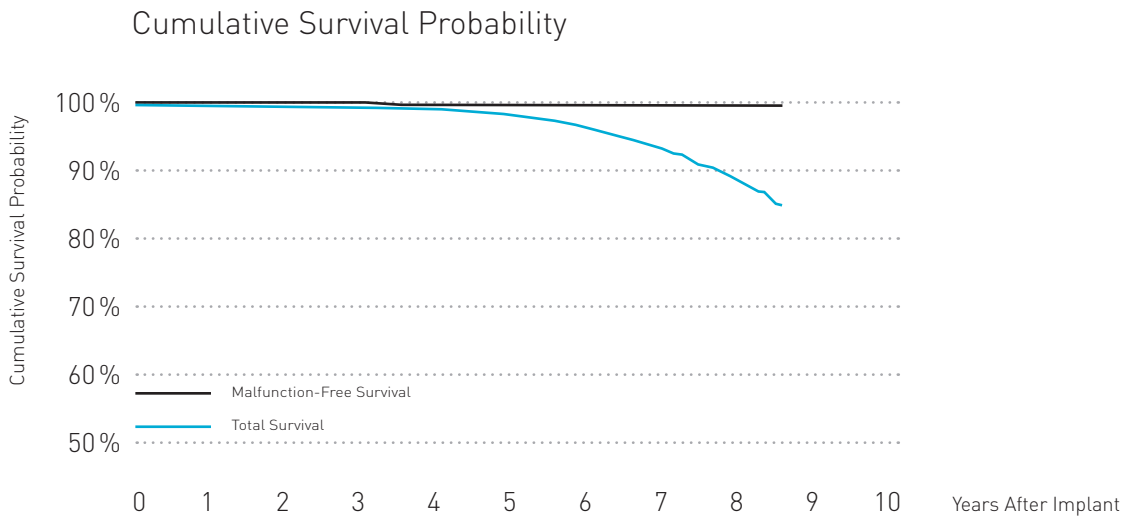
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

# Philos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Philos D, Philos DR, Philos DR-T, Philos SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2000
CE Market Release	Aug 2000
Worldwide Distributed Devices	157,000
Registered U.S. Implants	20,000
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	11,500
Normal Battery Depletions	659
Confirmed Malfunctions	22
· Therapy Compromised	4
· Therapy Available	18



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	98.2	96.4	93.0	88.3	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	±0.6	±1.0	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-

## 5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

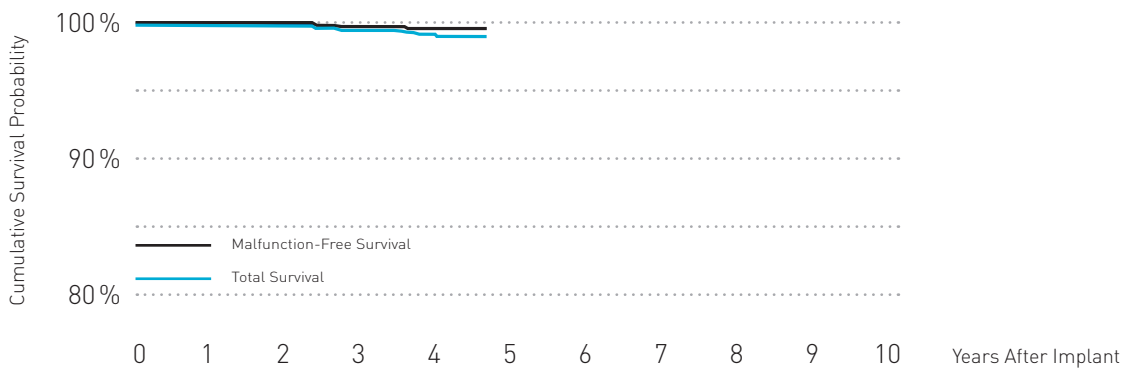
# Philos II and Talos

### Product Details

Product Versions*	Philos II D, Philos II DR(-T), Philos II SLR, Talos D, Talos DR, Talos SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004/May 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	182,000
Registered U.S. Implants	17,400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	15,100
Normal Battery Depletions	26
Confirmed Malfunctions	10
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	10

\* While Philos II SLR, Talos D, Talos DR and Talos SLR are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products

### Cumulative Survival Probability



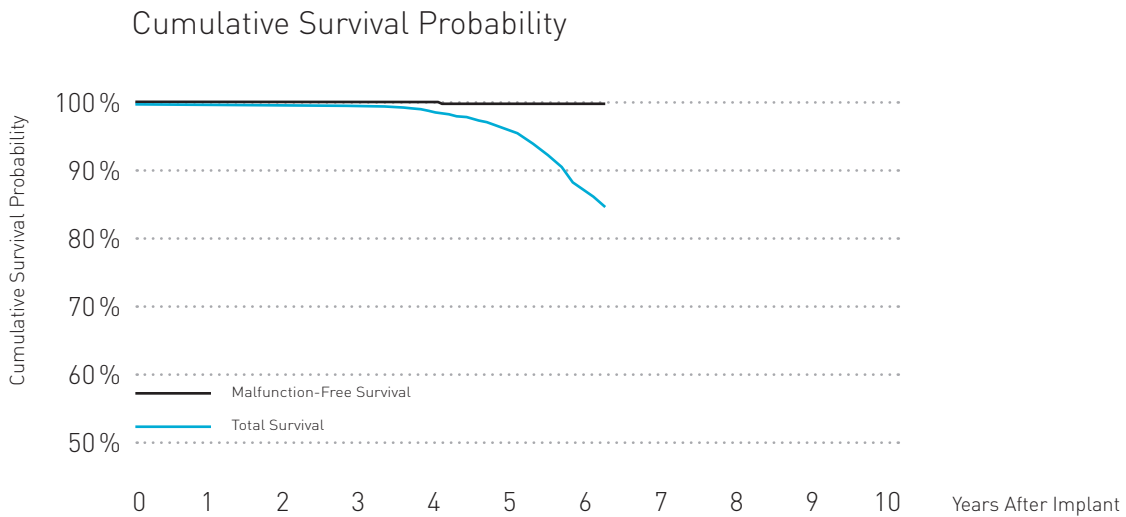
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

# Protos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Protos DR/CLS
NBG Code(s)	DDDR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2003
CE Market Release	Jul 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	27,500
Registered U.S. Implants	10,800
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	7,120
Normal Battery Depletions	407
Confirmed Malfunctions	6
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	5



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.6	98.7	95.6	86.5	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.5	±1.4	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-

## 5.3 CRT Pacemakers

# Stratos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Stratos LV, Stratos LV-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRV
U.S. Market Release	May 2008
CE Market Release	Nov 2002
Worldwide Distributed Devices	10,900
Registered U.S. Implants	252
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	230
Normal Battery Depletions	3
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





# 6. Performance of BIOTRONIK ICDs



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6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

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6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

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6.3 CRT ICDs

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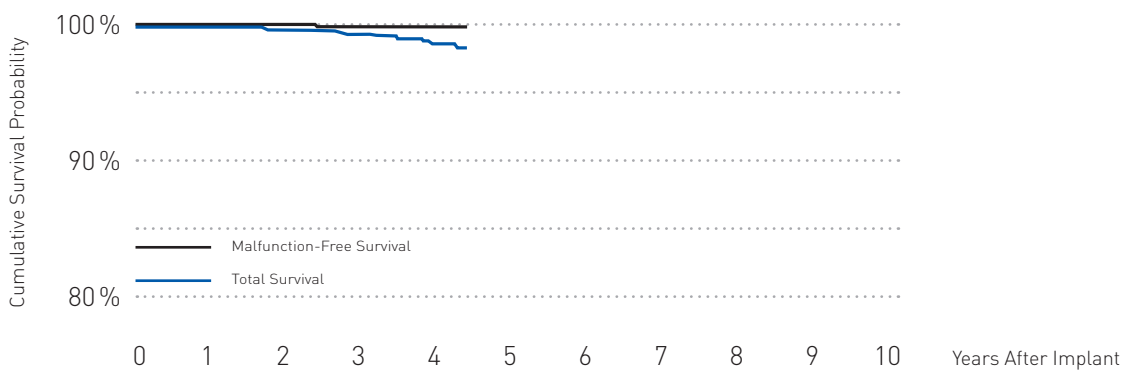
## 6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

# Lexos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Lexos VR, Lexos VR-T
NBG Code(s)	WIRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2004
CE Market Release	Oct 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	15,500
Registered U.S. Implants	1,250
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	880
Normal Battery Depletions	15
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.4	98.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)						-	-	-	-	-	-

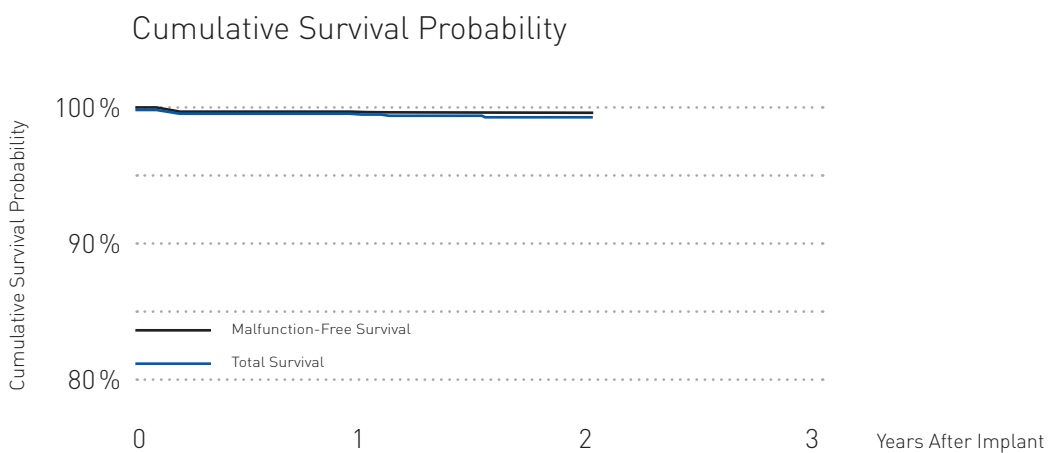
## 6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

# Lumax 340

### Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 340 VR-T
NBG Code(s)	WIRD
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	7,570
Registered U.S. Implants	2,720
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,540

Normal Battery Depletions	4
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	1



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

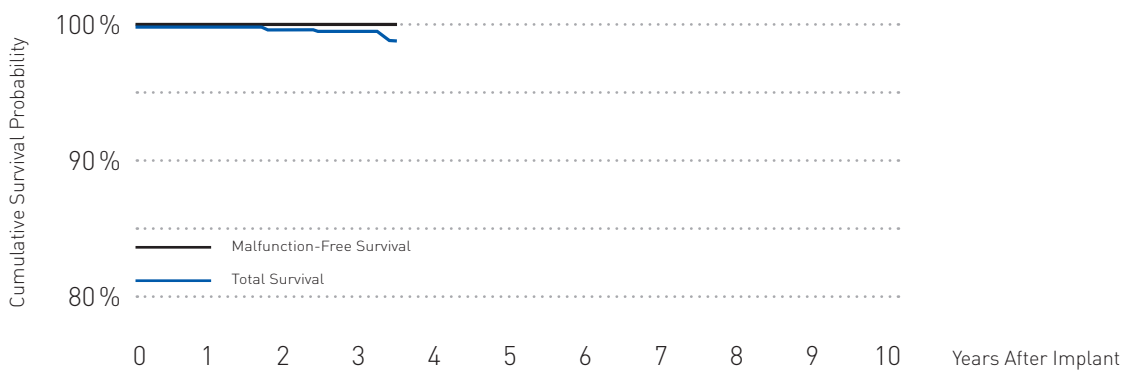
# Lumos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Lumos VR-T
NBG Code(s)	WIRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	6,510
Registered U.S. Implants	1,770
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,480

Normal Battery Depletions	6
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)					-	-	-	-	-	-	-

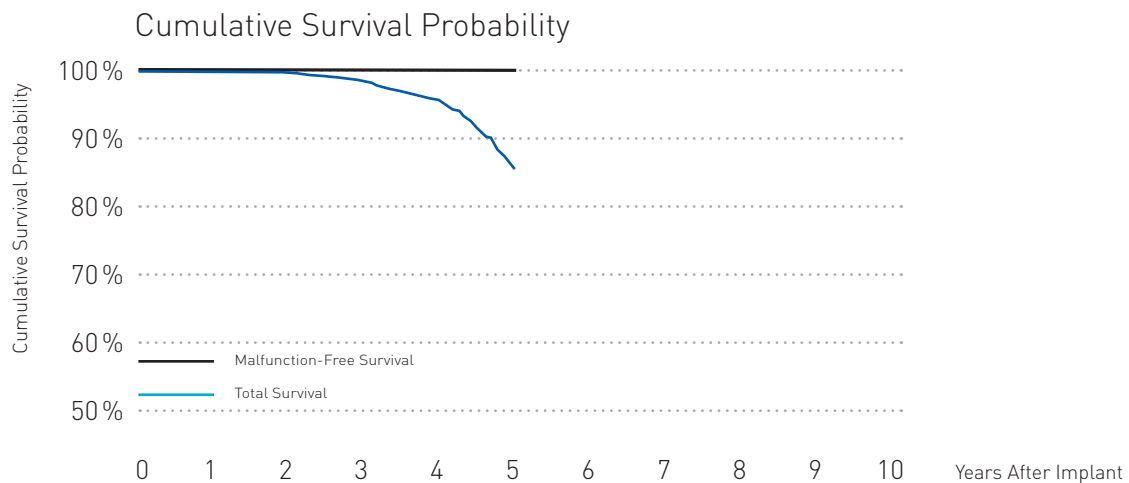
## 6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

# Lexos

### Product Details

Product Versions*	Lexos DR, Lexos DR-T, Lexos A+, Lexos A+/T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD, VDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2004
CE Market Release	Oct 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	10,900
Registered U.S. Implants	2,580
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,640
Normal Battery Depletions	135
Confirmed Malfunctions	4
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	3

\* While Lexos A+ and Lexos A+/T are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.6	98.3	95.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

# Lumax 300

### Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 300 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	2,250
Registered U.S. Implants	259
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	237

Normal Battery Depletions	0
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



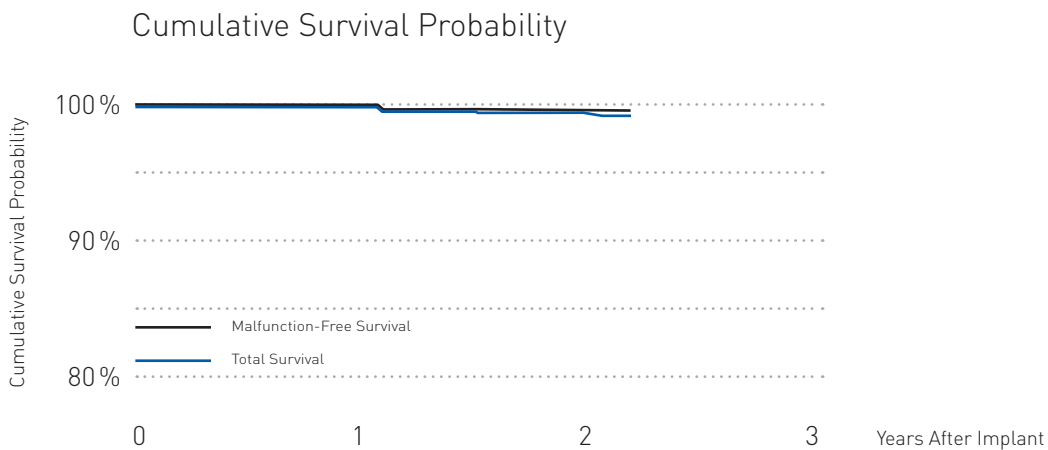
## 6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

# Lumax 340

### Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 340 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	11,600
Registered U.S. Implants	5,820
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	5,490

Normal Battery Depletions	6
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	1



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

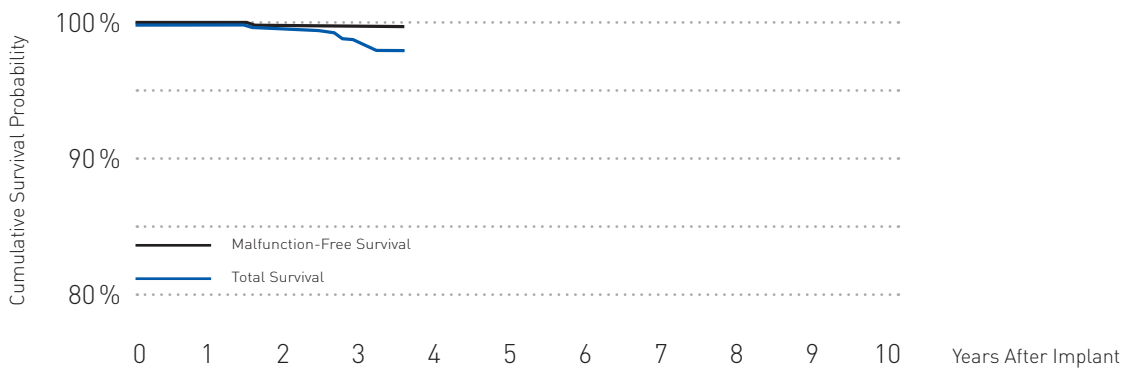
# Lumos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Lumos DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	5,650
Registered U.S. Implants	2,220
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,800

Normal Battery Depletions	17
Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	2

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.6	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

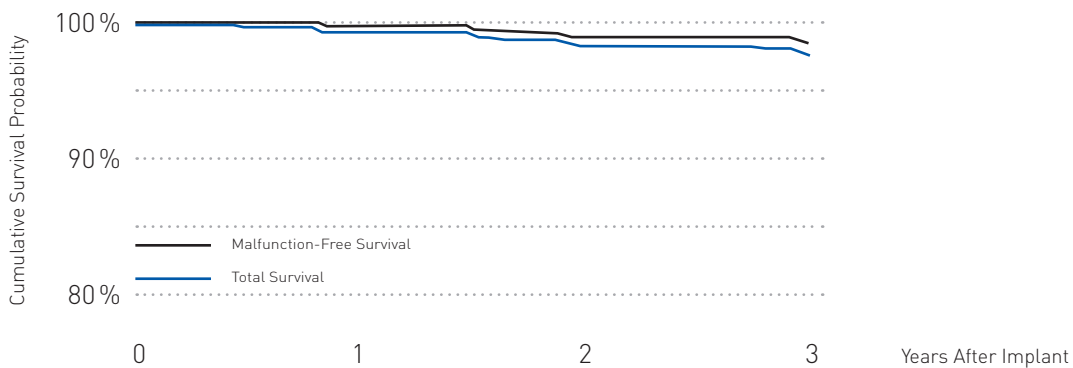
# Xelos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Xelos DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	36
U.S. Market Release	May 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	1,140
Registered U.S. Implants	536
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	401

Normal Battery Depletions	7
Confirmed Malfunctions	9
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	8

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.6	98.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

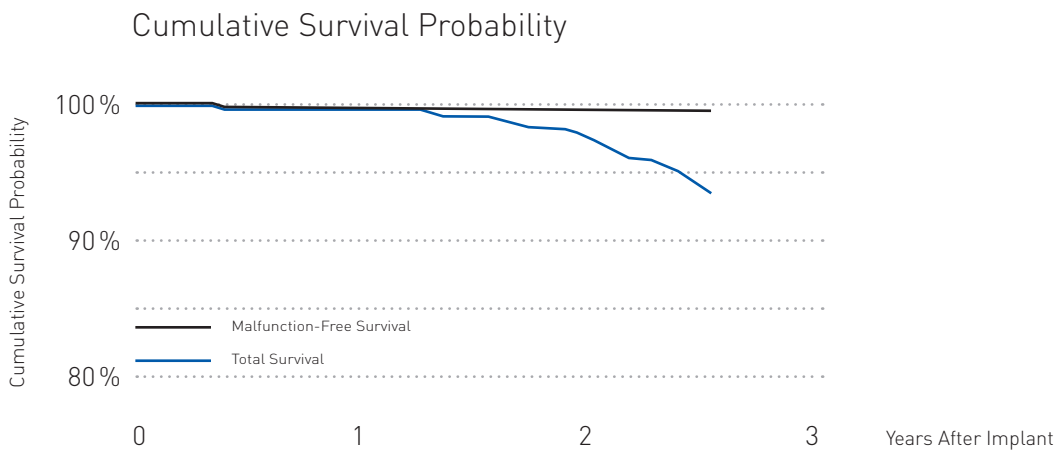
## 6.3 CRT ICDs

# Kronos

### Product Details

Product Versions	Kronos LV-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Aug 2006
CE Market Release	Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	2,940
Registered U.S. Implants	431
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	309

Normal Battery Depletions	22
Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	1



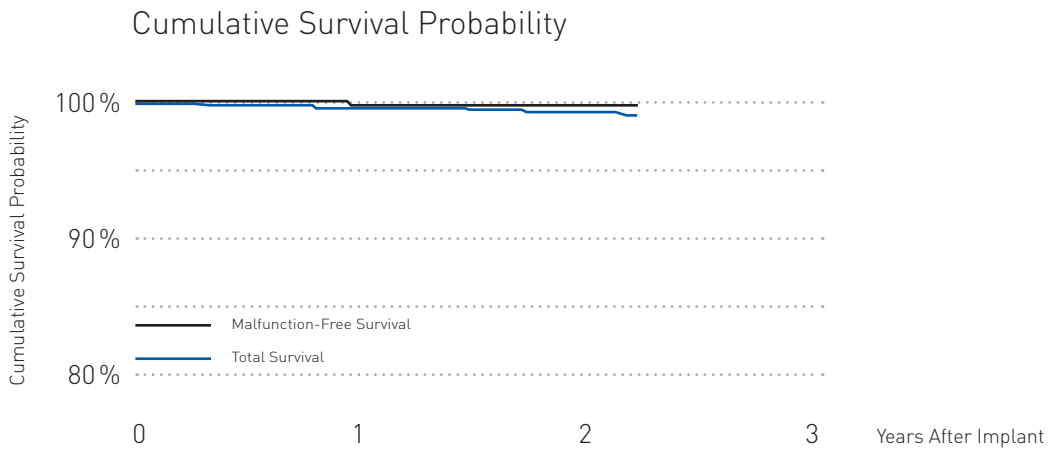
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	97.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±1.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 6.3 CRT ICDs

# Lumax 340

### Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 340 HF-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Dec 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,100
Registered U.S. Implants	3,930
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3,630
Normal Battery Depletions	8
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	2



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# 7. X-Ray Identifiers for Pacemakers and ICDs

<b>Pacemaker/ICD Product Versions</b>	<b>X-Ray ID</b>
Actros DR, Actros D, Actros SLR, Actros SR, Actros S	LC
Axios DR, Axios D, Axios SLR, Axios SR, Axios S	ER
Cylos DR, Cylos DR-T	RZ
Kronos LV-T	FL
Lexos DR, Lexos DR-T, Lexos A+, Lexos A+/T, Lexos VR, Lexos VR-T	KV
Lumax 300 DR-T, Lumax 340 DR-T, Lumax 340 HF-T, Lumax 340 VR-T	HR
Lumos DR-T, Lumos VR-T	LT
Philos DR, Philos D, Philos SLR, Philos SR, Philos S	LE
Philos DR-T	WV
Philos II DR, Philos II D, Philos II S, Philos II SLR, Philos II SR	ET
Philos II DR-T	KP
Stratos LV, Stratos LV-T	SV
Talos DR, Talos D, Talos SLR, Talos SR, Talos S	PV
Protos DR/CLS, Protos VR/CLS	EZ
Xelos DR-T	CT



# 8. Methodology for Lead Survival Estimates

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## 8.1 Cumulative Lead Survival Probability

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This report has been prepared in accordance with ISO 5841-2:2000 (E) applying actuarial analysis for the calculation of lead survival probabilities. Lead survival estimates given in this report are considered to be generally representative for worldwide performance of BIOTRONIK's pacing and ICD leads.

The Cumulative Survival Probability for leads is an estimate based on the percentage of devices that remain implanted and in service at various points of the product's service time in the absence of concurrent events such as morbidity. The lead survival estimate over time is displayed in cumulative survival curves (Kaplan-Meier). The product's performance is evaluated in discrete one-month intervals. The survival probability for each month is given by the number of leads that remain implanted and active through this month divided by the number of leads that were actively implanted at the start of the interval. The Cumulative Survival Probability for any period is given by multiplying all survival probabilities of previous months.

At the time of implantation, the cumulative lead survival probability is 100%. Even though they are analyzed as part of our quality system monitoring, leads that are found to be out of specification prior to or during the implantation procedure are removed from the statistics as they do not contribute to a patient's risk of being subject to a device malfunction or replacement during the device's service time.

Because this report is provided to communicate information regarding product performance, it does not include data regarding medical complications such as erosion, infection or diaphragmatic stimulation.

Compared to pacemakers and ICDs, a considerable portion of leads with observed or suspected failures are not explanted and returned for laboratory analysis. This is primarily because it is much more difficult and risky to the patient to remove chronically implanted leads. In order to report a conservative measure of lead performance, unconfirmed reports of lead complications are therefore also included in the calculation of a lead's survival probability. In order to be classified as a qualifying lead complication and thus contributing to the survival probability calculation the same way as a confirmed malfunction, the reported anomaly must have occurred at least 30 days post-implant. Otherwise, factors not related to the lead would likely be the root cause of the observed anomaly, (i.e., patient-specific conditions or implant techniques).

In order to minimize the effect of underreporting of lead malfunctions, BIOTRONIK is currently analyzing the usefulness of including long-term, post-market studies of our pacing and ICD leads to establish improved measurements of lead performance.



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## 8.2 Lead Data Acquisition

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The following sections of this report provide performance data on BIOTRONIK's pacing and ICD leads and are based on the observation of BIOTRONIK's U.S. products through review of our device registration and tracking systems, and through the analyses of both, returned leads as well as reports of lead complications of non-returned leads.

In order to be included in the population under observation, a lead must be registered and implanted for at least one calendar day. The cut-off date for the data included in this report is July 1, 2009. The sample size of U.S. leads that are implanted and remain active as well as the total number of products distributed worldwide are provided for each lead family in this report.

Survival estimates are calculated for lead families having accumulated at least 1,000 cumulative implant months. Products no longer being distributed with less than 500 active implants may be excluded from this report.

ISO 5841-2 (E) describes a method for adjusting the device survival probability for under-reported malfunctions and unrelated patient deaths that result in an overestimation of the device's survival probability. The factor for U.S. underreporting of malfunctions of pacing and ICD leads is unknown as currently no systematic data is available that reveals this factor. Consequently, this factor remains unaccounted for in this report. Patient mortality is adjusted only if published rates for comparable patient populations differ significantly from the data provided by our registration and tracking systems.

# 8. Methodology for Lead Survival Estimates

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## 8.3 Returned Product Analysis

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Information for the lead sections of this report is taken from the analysis of returned products. The outcome of this analysis is the basis for the final classification of the cause for explanation of the lead. Additionally, reports of lead complications not confirmed by laboratory analysis are taken into consideration. Both, leads with confirmed malfunctions as well as unconfirmed observations of lead complications decrease a lead's total survival probability.

Every lead and lead segment returned to BIOTRONIK is analyzed per our internal procedures and classified as within specification, damaged by external causes, or out of specification (malfunction) while implanted and in service.

Those leads found to be out of specification, are divided into the following categories as proposed by AdvaMed:

- Conductor Fracture – Conductor break with complete or intermittent loss of continuity that could interrupt current flow (e.g. fractured conductors)
- Crimps, Welds and Bonds – Any interruption in the conductor or lead body associated with a point of connection
- Insulation Breach – Any lead insulation breach
- Other – Includes specific proprietary lead mechanical attributes

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## 8.4 Lead Complications

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A considerable portion of leads with observed or suspected failures are not explanted and returned for laboratory analysis. In order to report a conservative measure of lead performance, unconfirmed reports of lead complications are therefore also included in the calculation of a lead's survival probability. A clinical observation is considered a qualifying lead complication if a complaint, associated with at least one of the clinical manifestations listed below, is reported and where the non-returned lead is:

- Verified by medical records to have been implanted and in-service, and
- Implanted greater than 30 days, and
- Reported to have been removed from service, or
- Modified to remedy the malfunction, or
- Left in service based on medical judgment.

In accordance with the latest AdvaMed guidelines, such clinical observations are classified in the following categories:

- Failure to Capture – Intermittent or complete failure to achieve cardiac stimulation at programmed output delivered outside of the cardiac refractory period. Sudden and significant increase in the pacing threshold value at which 2:1 safety margin can no longer be achieved
- Failure to Sense – Intermittent or complete loss of sensing or failure to detect intended intrinsic cardiac signals during non-refractory periods at programmed sensitivity settings
- Oversensing – Misinterpretation of cardiac or non-cardiac events as cardiac depolarization
- Abnormal Pacing Impedance – Pacing impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is  $< 200 \Omega$  or  $> 3000 \Omega$
- Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance – Defibrillation impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is  $< 20 \Omega$  or  $> 200 \Omega$ . Including high or low shock impedance when attempting to deliver a shock
- Insulation Breach – A disruption or break in lead insulation observed visually, electrically, or radiographically
- Conductor Fracture – A mechanical break within the lead conductor observed visually, electrically, or radiographically
- Lead Dislodgement – Radiographic, electrical or electrocardiographic evidence of electrode displacement from the original implant site or electrode displacement that adversely affects pacing and/or lead performance
- Extracardiac Stimulation – Clinical observation of inadvertent nerve/muscle stimulation other than cardiac muscle
- Cardiac Perforation – Penetration of the lead tip through the myocardium, clinically suspected and confirmed by chest x-ray, fluoroscopy, echocardiogram, or visual observation, which results in clinical symptoms, typically degradation of pacing/ICD lead electrical performance, chest pain, and tamponade
- Other – Specific proprietary attributes of a lead such as sensors which affect a lead's ability to perform as designed or remain in service

# 9. Lead Product Performance Graphs and Data

The lead performance information is shown in each section in alphabetical order and by product name.

For each lead, the report provides:

- Product versions that contribute to the evaluation
- Types of leads
- CE and U.S. market release dates
- Worldwide quantity of products that have been distributed
- U.S. registered implants (number of products included in this report)
- Estimated active U.S. implants
- Number of qualifying complications
- Number of confirmed malfunctions

The survival plots provide:

## **Total Survival**

The Cumulative Survival Probability free of component malfunction or observations of an anomaly. Removals for clinical reasons unrelated to the device's performance (i.e., infections) are excluded.

Products or subgroups of products may become subject to advisory notifications that can significantly impact the overall product performance. To date, BIOTRONIK has never had a pacing or ICD lead safety advisory notification, therefore no summary of advisories is provided.

The cumulative survival data and the 95% confidence intervals according to the Greenwood's formula<sup>2</sup> are shown in numerical form for the observed population.

<sup>2</sup> Greenwood, M. The Natural Duration of Cancer. Reports on Public Health and Medical Subjects 33, London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1-26, 1926



# 10. Performance of BIOTRONIK Leads



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10.1 Pacing Leads

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10.2 ICD Leads

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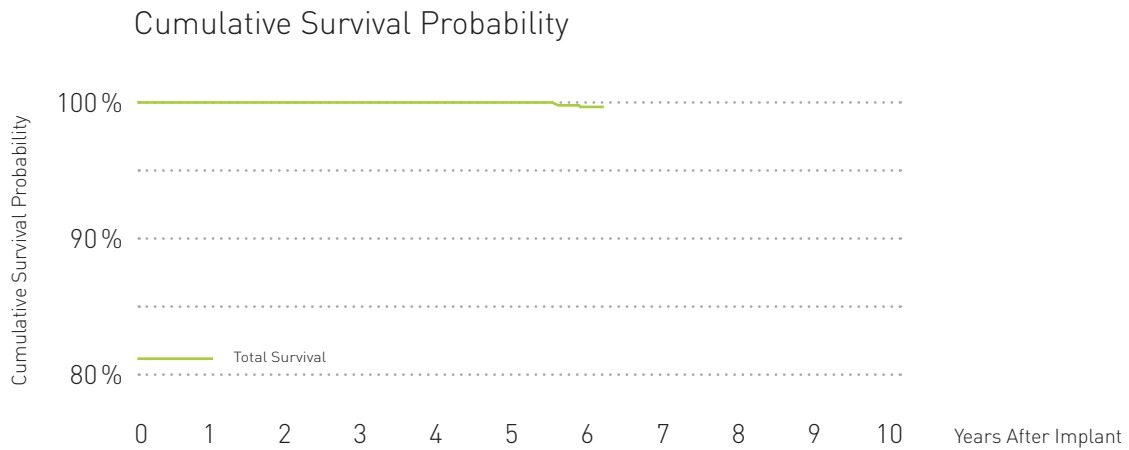
# 10.1 Pacing Leads

## Arox

### Product Details

Product Versions	Arox 53-BP, Arox 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2002
CE Market Release	Jan 2002
Worldwide Distributed Devices	33,000
Registered U.S. Implants	8,260
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	5,890

Qualifying Complications	3	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	1		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance . . . . .	2		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.7	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)						±0.1	±0.3	-	-	-	-



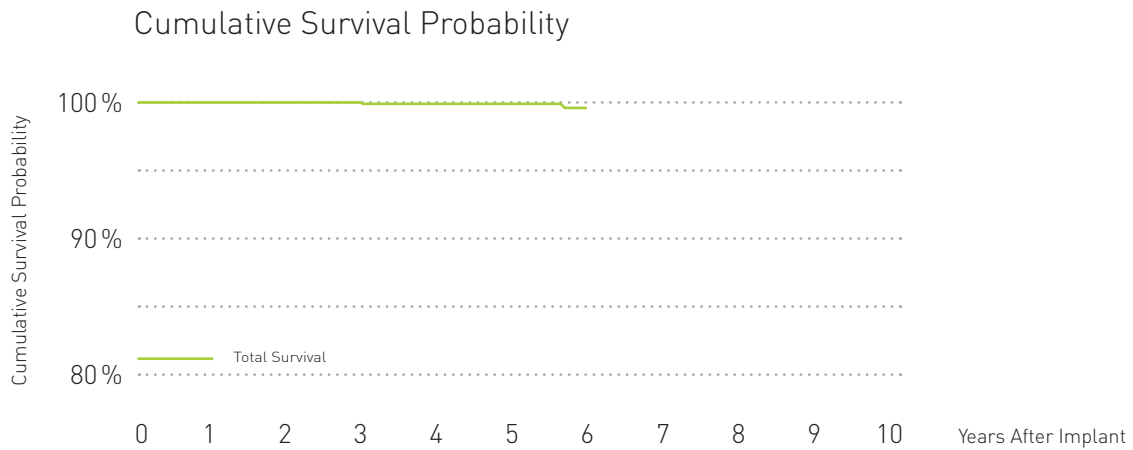
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Arox J

### Product Details

Product Versions	Arox 45-JBP, Arox 53-JBP		
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation		
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2002		
CE Market Release	Jan 2002		
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8,130		
Registered U.S. Implants	3,240		
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,500		

Qualifying Complications	3	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement	2		
· Failure to Capture	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-

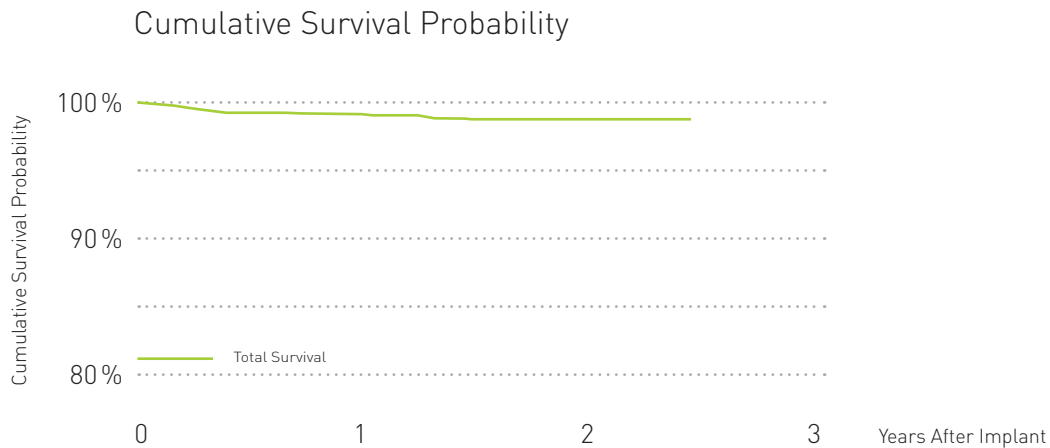
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Corox

### Product Details

Product Versions	Corox OTW 75-UP Steroid, 85-UP Steroid
Lead Type	unipolar, helix fixation
U.S. Market Release	Aug 2006
CE Market Release	Apr 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8,570
Registered U.S. Implants	1,420
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,180

Qualifying Complications	16	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	2		
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	8		
· Insulation Breach . . . . .	1		
· Extracardiac Stimulation . . . . .	5		



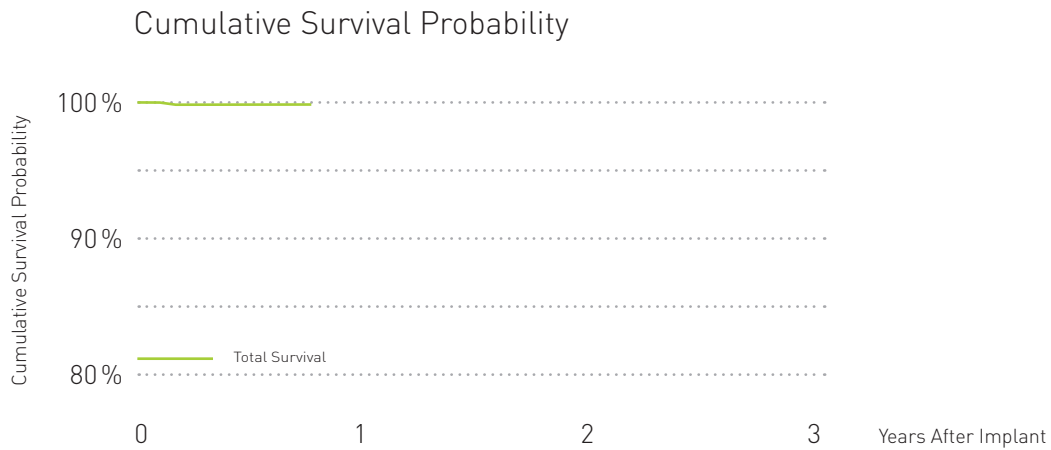
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.1	98.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# 10.1 Pacing Leads

## Corox

### Product Details

Product Versions	Corox OTW-S 75-BP, 85-BP		
Lead Type	bipolar, thread fixation		
U.S. Market Release	May 2008		
CE Market Release	Dec 2006		
Worldwide Distributed Devices	4,240		
Registered U.S. Implants	1,080		
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,050		
Qualifying Complications	1	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
Lead Dislodgement	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

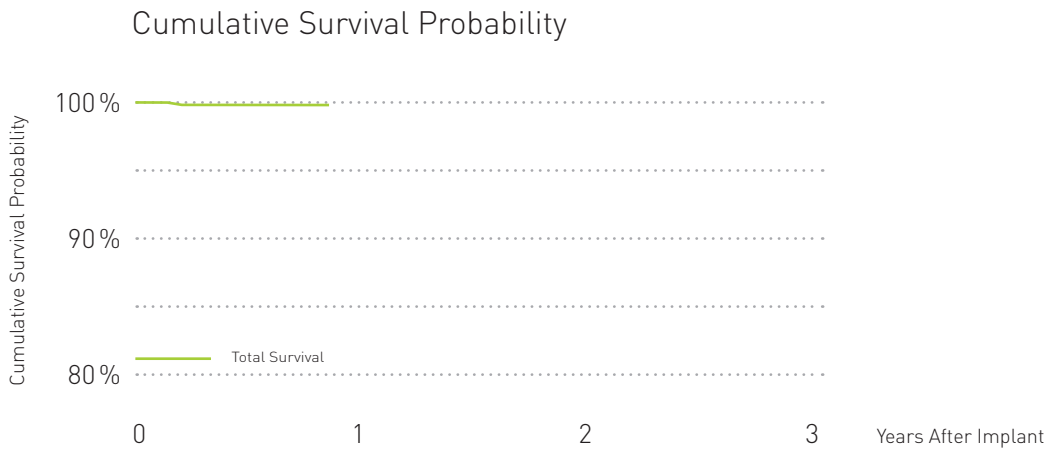
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Corox

### Product Details

Product Versions	Corox OTW 75-BP Steroid, 85-BP Steroid		
Lead Type	bipolar, helix fixation		
U.S. Market Release	May 2008		
CE Market Release	Dec 2006		
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,170		
Registered U.S. Implants	982		
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	941		

Qualifying Complications	1	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 10.1 Pacing Leads

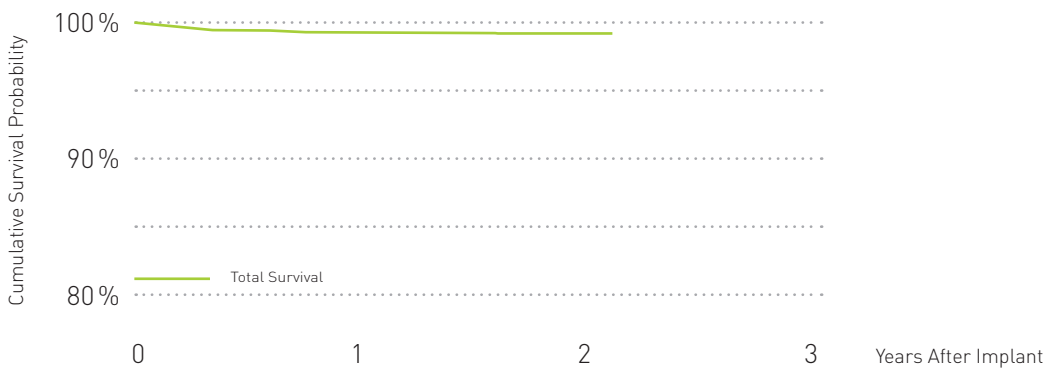
# Dextrus

### Product Details

Product Versions	Dextrus Model 4135, 4136, 4137
Lead Type	straight, active fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Apr 2007
CE Market Release	May 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	110,000
Registered U.S. Implants	78,800
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	70,100

Qualifying Complications	390	Confirmed Malfunctions	4
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	170	· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	3
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	97	· Insulation Breach . . . . .	1
· Oversensing . . . . .	51		
· Failure to Sense . . . . .	41		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance . . . .	17		
· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	4		
· Extracardiac Stimulation . . . . .	3		
· Cardiac Perforation . . . . .	7		

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.4	99.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 10.1 Pacing Leads

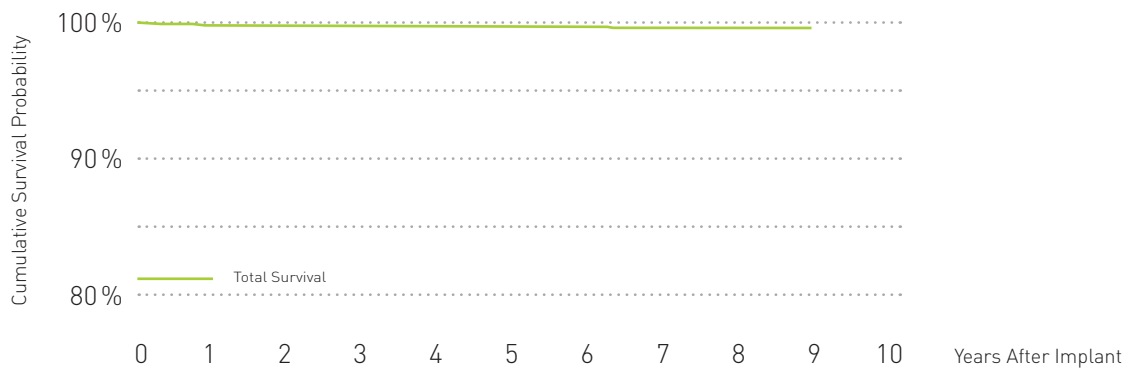
# Elox

### Product Details

Product Versions	Elox 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	May 2000
CE Market Release	May 2000
Worldwide Distributed Devices	36,000
Registered U.S. Implants	11,000
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	5,370

Qualifying Complications	26	Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	2	· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	1
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	2	· Insulation Breach . . . . .	1
· Oversensing . . . . .	8		
· Failure to Sense . . . . .	10		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance . . . . .	1		
· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	1		
· Insulation Breach . . . . .	1		
· Extracardiac Stimulation . . . . .	1		

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.6	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-

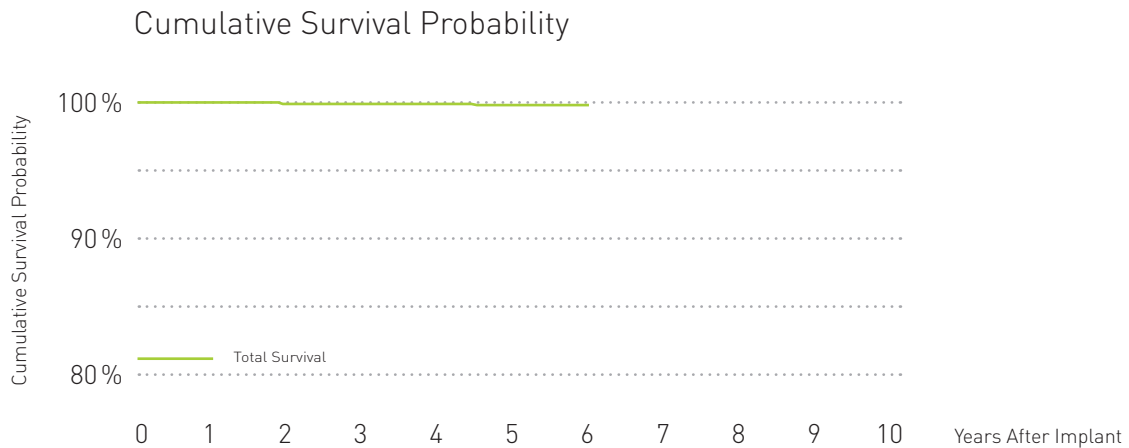
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Elox P

### Product Details

Product Versions	Elox P 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	May 2003
CE Market Release	Feb 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	21,900
Registered U.S. Implants	3,020
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,910

Qualifying Complications	3	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement	2		
· Failure to Capture	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-

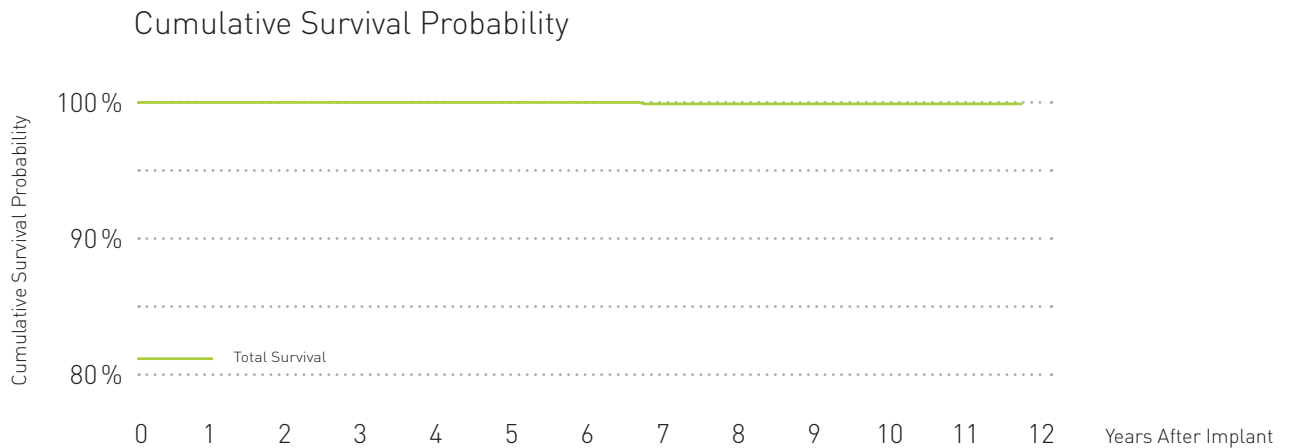
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Polyrox

### Product Details

Product Versions	Polyrox 60-UP, 53-BP, 53/15-BP, 60-BP, 60/15-BP		
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation		
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1997		
CE Market Release	Jul 1996		
Worldwide Distributed Devices	325,000		
Registered U.S. Implants	15,100		
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	6,310		

Qualifying Complications	3	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Failure to Capture	2	· Insulation Breach	1
· Conductor Fracture	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)					±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1



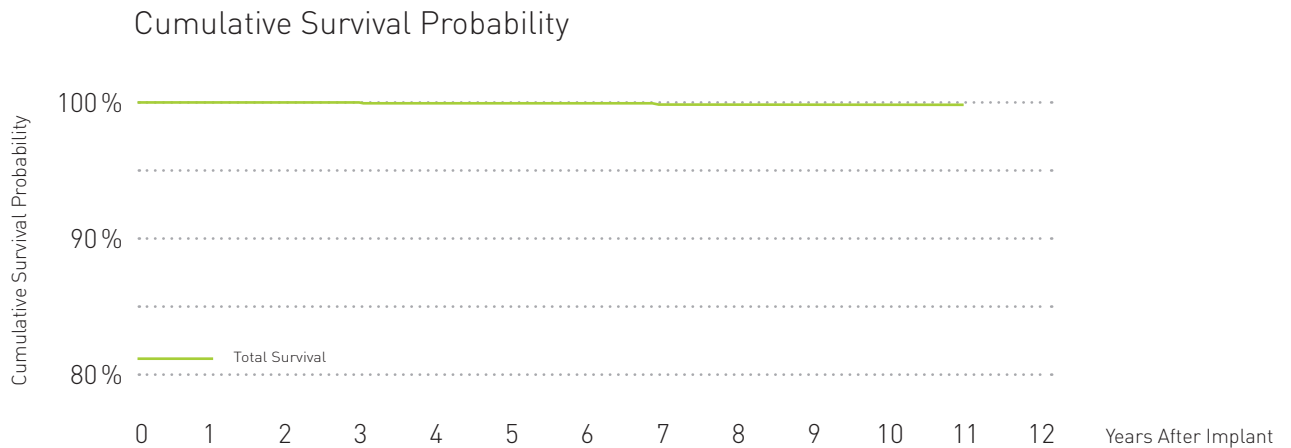
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Polyrox J

### Product Details

Product Versions	Polyrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP, 53-JUP
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1997
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	45,700
Registered U.S. Implants	3,730
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,640

Qualifying Complications	3	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	1		
· Failure to Sense . . . . .	2		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

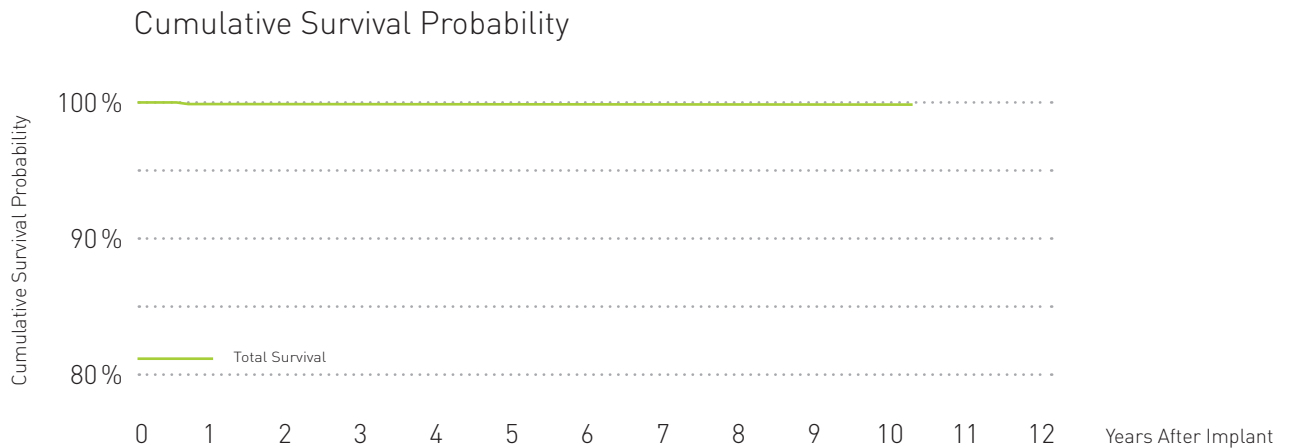
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Retrox J

### Product Details

Product Versions	Retrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP
Lead Type	J-shape, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	Aug 1998
CE Market Release	Mar 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	14,000
Registered U.S. Implants	4,240
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,820

Qualifying Complications	7	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Failure to Capture	3		
· Oversensing	2		
· Failure to Sense	2		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

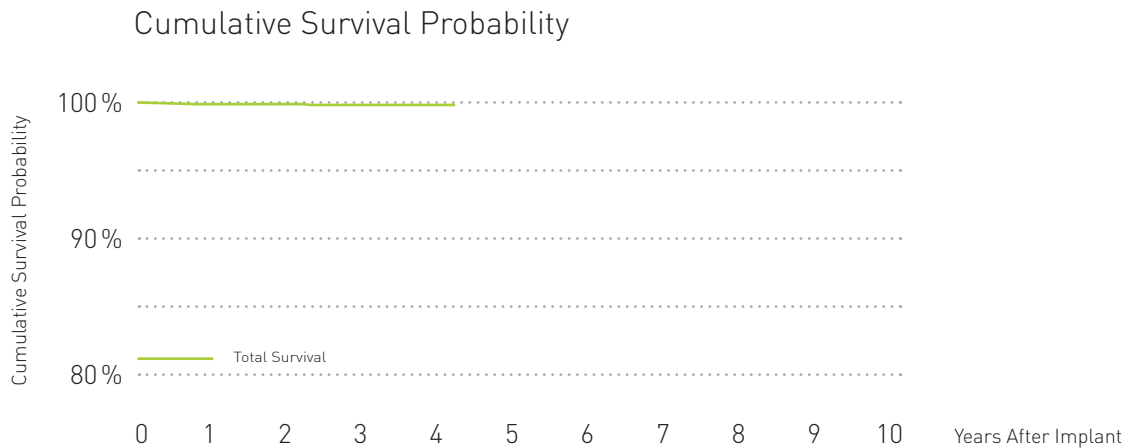
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Selox JT

### Product Details

Product Versions	Selox JT 45, JT 53
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2004
CE Market Release	Nov 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	52,900
Registered U.S. Implants	6,540
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	5,870

Qualifying Complications	7	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement	2		
· Failure to Capture	3		
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Conductor Fracture	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 10.1 Pacing Leads

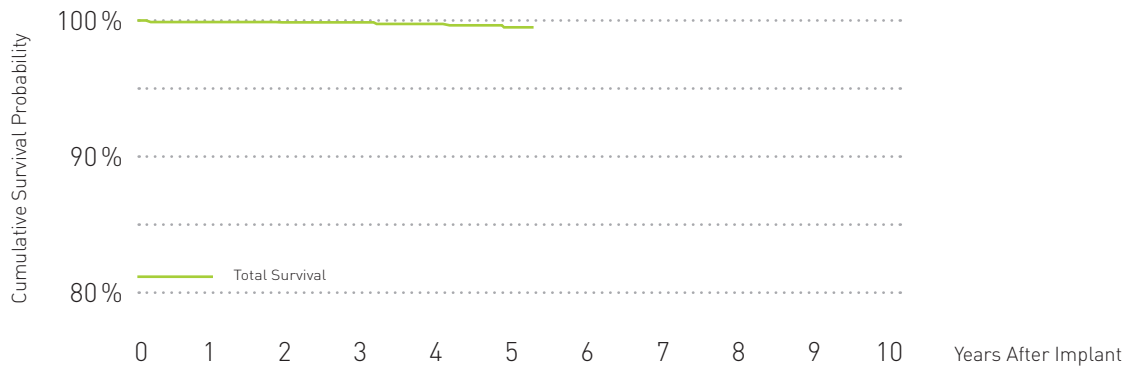
# Selox SR

### Product Details

Product Versions	Selox SR 45, SR 53, SR 60
Lead Type	straight, active fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Mar 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	118,000
Registered U.S. Implants	14,300
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	10,500

Qualifying Complications	28	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	11	· Insulation Breach . . . . .	1
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	14		
· Oversensing . . . . .	1		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance . . . . .	1		
· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	1		

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-

## 10.1 Pacing Leads

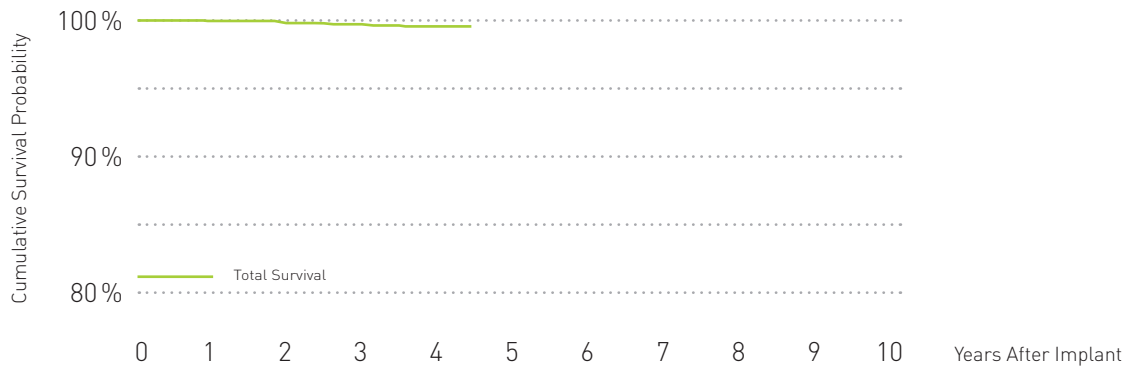
# Selox ST

### Product Details

Product Versions	Selox ST 53, ST 60
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2004
CE Market Release	Nov 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	177,000
Registered U.S. Implants	13,300
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	11,500

Qualifying Complications	22	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	2	· Crimps, Welds and Bonds . . . . .	1
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	17		
· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	3		

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Setrox S

### Product Details

Product Versions	Setrox S-45, S-53, S-60
Lead Type	straight, active fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Apr 2006
CE Market Release	Mar 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	187,000
Registered U.S. Implants	46,800
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	43,400

Qualifying Complications	54	Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Lead Dislodgement	36	· Conductor Fracture	2
· Failure to Capture	13		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Insulation Breach	3		
· Oversensing	1		

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

# 10.1 Pacing Leads

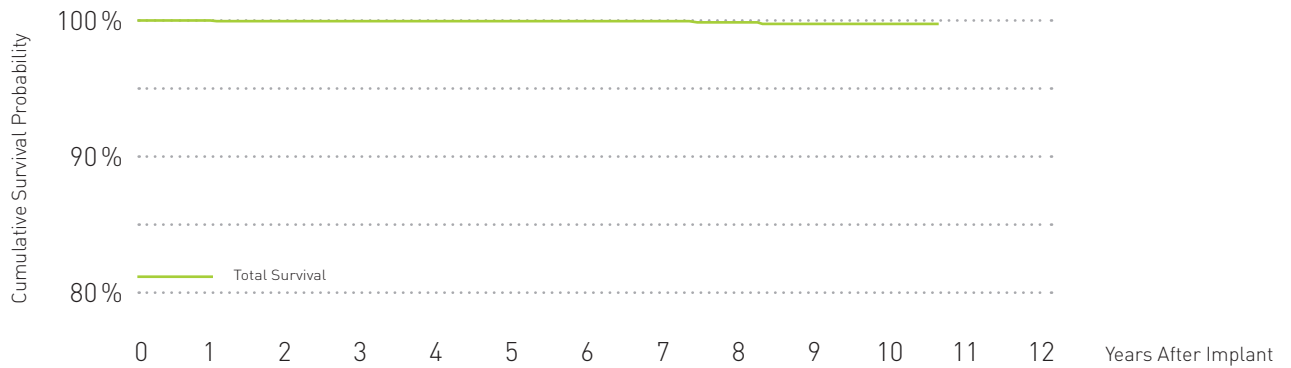
## Synox

### Product Details

Product Versions	Synox 60-UP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Sep 1998
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	156,000
Registered U.S. Implants	17,600
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	8,740

Qualifying Complications	9	Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Failure to Capture	6	· Conductor Fracture	2
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Insulation Breach	1		

### Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

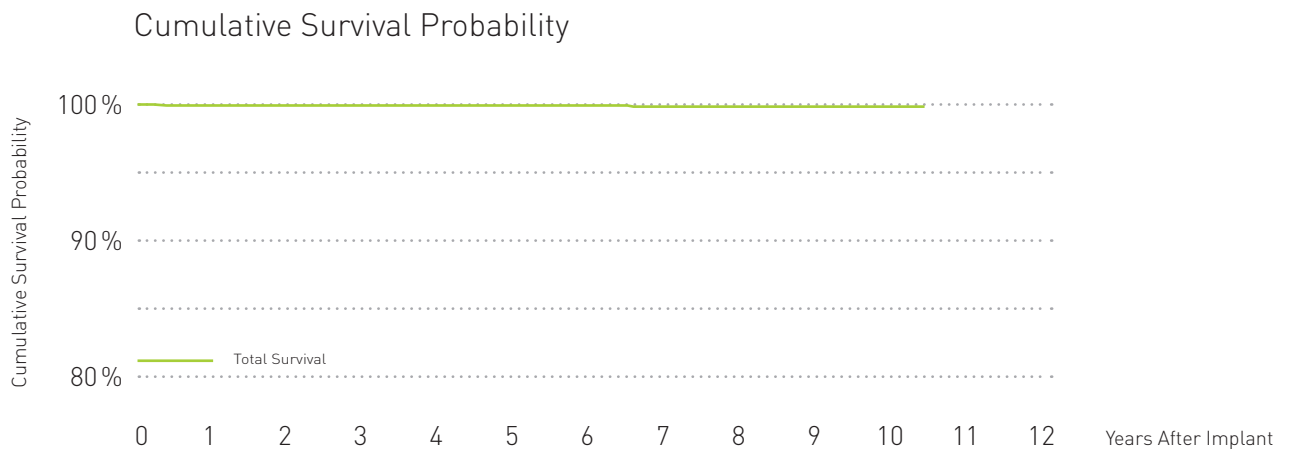
## 10.1 Pacing Leads

# Synox J

### Product Details

Product Versions	Synox 45-JBP, 53-JBP
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Sep 1998
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	70,200
Registered U.S. Implants	8,160
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4,550

Qualifying Complications	6	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Oversensing . . . . .	1	· Crimps, Welds and Bonds . . . . .	1
· Failure to Sense . . . . .	4		
· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1



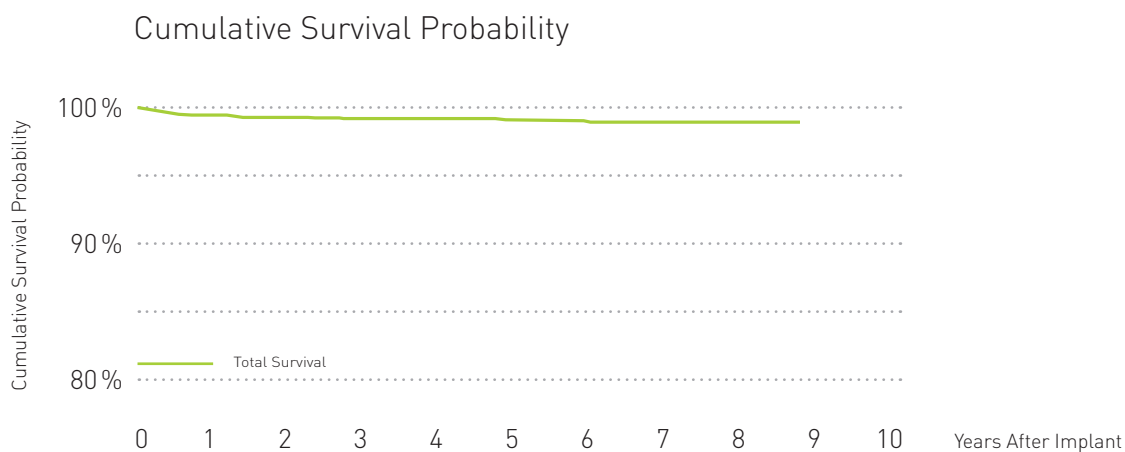
## 10.2 ICD Leads

# Kainox SL

### Product Details

Product Versions	Kainox SL 65, 75, 100
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Nov 1998
CE Market Release	Sep 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,600
Registered U.S. Implants	2,490
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,320

Qualifying Complications	18	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	1		
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	6		
· Oversensing . . . . .	9		
· Failure to Sense . . . . .	1		
· Insulation Breach . . . . .	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.5	99.4	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.1	99.1	99.1	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4	±0.4	±0.4	-	-

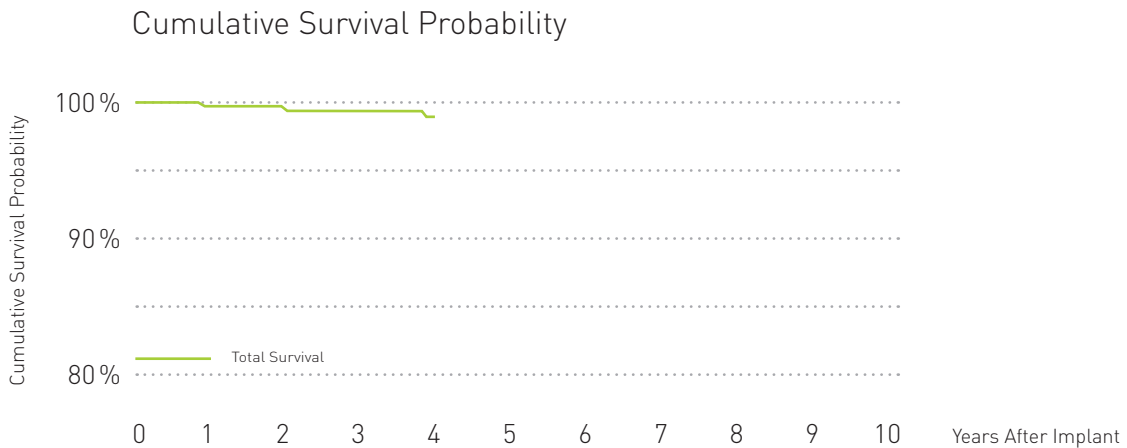
## 10.2 ICD Leads

# Kentrox RV

### Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox RV 65, -Steroid, 75, -Steroid
Lead Type	single-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Mar 2002/Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Jan 2001/Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	5,310
Registered U.S. Implants	400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	253

Qualifying Complications	2	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Oversensing . . . . .	1	· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	1
· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.4	99.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.6	±0.6	±0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

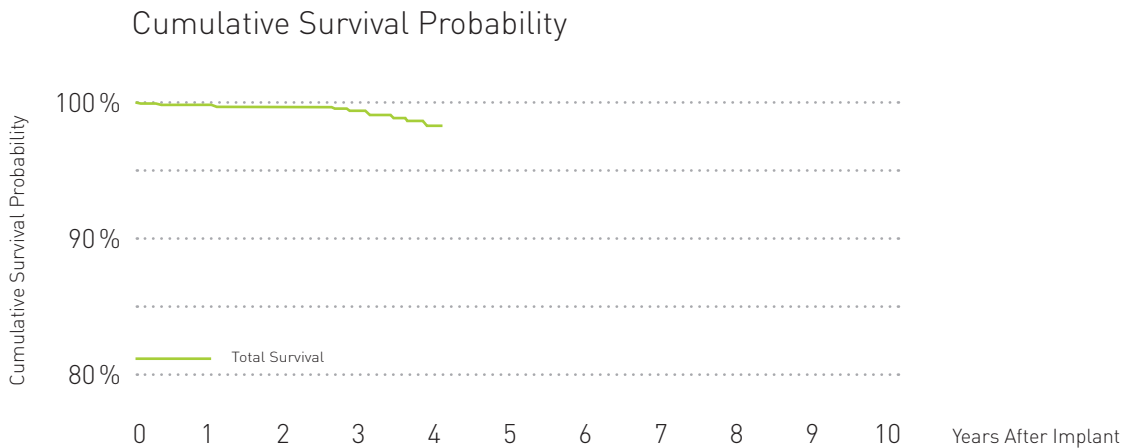
## 10.2 ICD Leads

# Kentrox SL

### Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox SL 65, 75, Kentrox SL 65, 75, 100 Steroid
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Dec 2003/Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8,360
Registered U.S. Implants	1,020
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	792

Qualifying Complications	7	Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Oversensing . . . . .	3	· Insulation Breach . . . . .	3
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance . . . . .	1		
· Insulation Breach . . . . .	3		



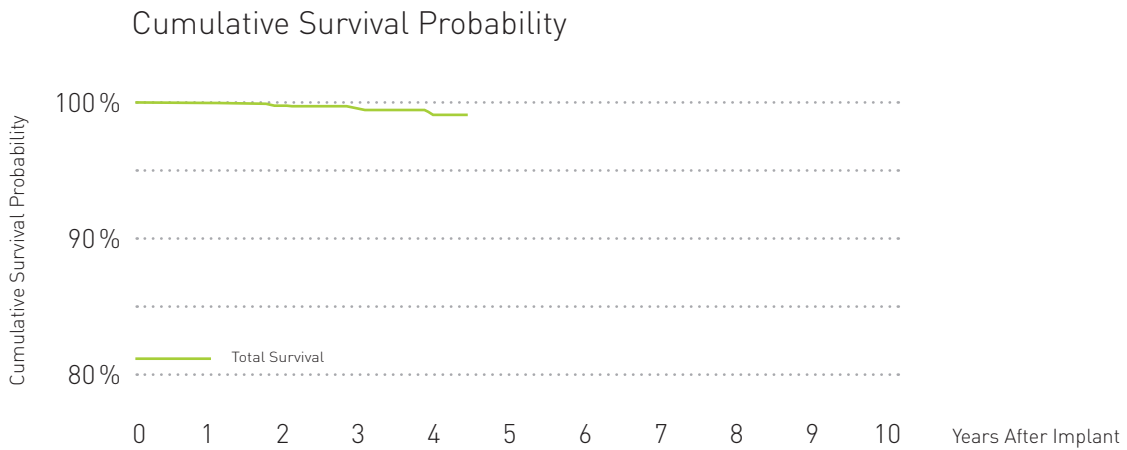
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.7	99.4	98.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.4	±0.5	±1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Kentrox SL-S

## Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox SL-S 65/16, 18 Steroid
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Jun 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8,550
Registered U.S. Implants	2,400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,870

Qualifying Complications	8	Confirmed Malfunctions	5
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	2	· Insulation Breach . . . . .	5
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	1		
· Oversensing . . . . .	4		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance . . . . .	1		



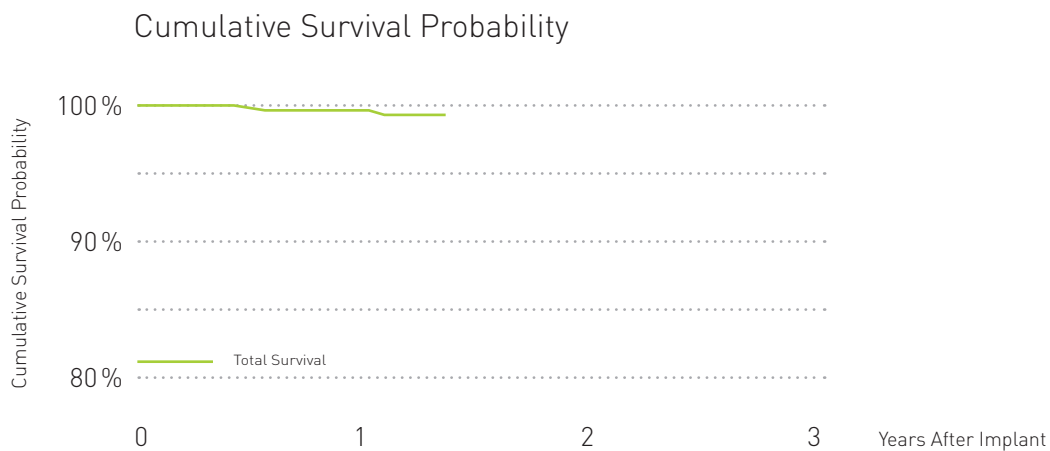
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.6	99.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 10.2 ICD Leads

# Linux S

### Product Details

Product Versions	Linux S 65, Linux S 75		
Lead Type	single-coil, active fixation		
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007		
CE Market Release	Mar 2007		
Worldwide Distributed Devices	11,200		
Registered U.S. Implants	793		
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	741		
Qualifying Complications	1	Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Oversensing . . . . .	1	· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	1
		· Insulation Breach . . . . .	1



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

## 10.2 ICD Leads

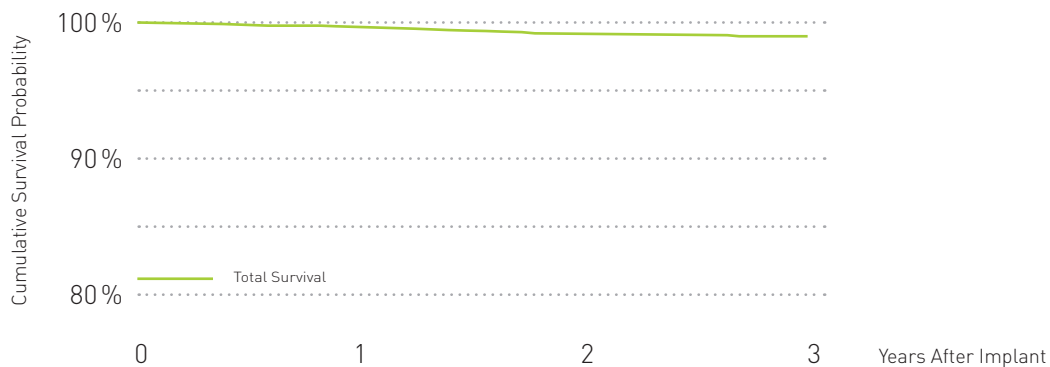
# Linux SD

### Product Details

Product Versions	Linux SD 65, 75/16,18
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	Apr 2006
CE Market Release	Aug 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	33,600
Registered U.S. Implants	11,600
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	10,800

Qualifying Complications	31	Confirmed Malfunctions	16
· Lead Dislodgement . . . . .	11	· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	4
· Failure to Capture . . . . .	2	· Insulation Breach . . . . .	12
· Oversensing . . . . .	8		
· Conductor Fracture . . . . .	5		
· Insulation Breach . . . . .	4		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance . . . . .	1		

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

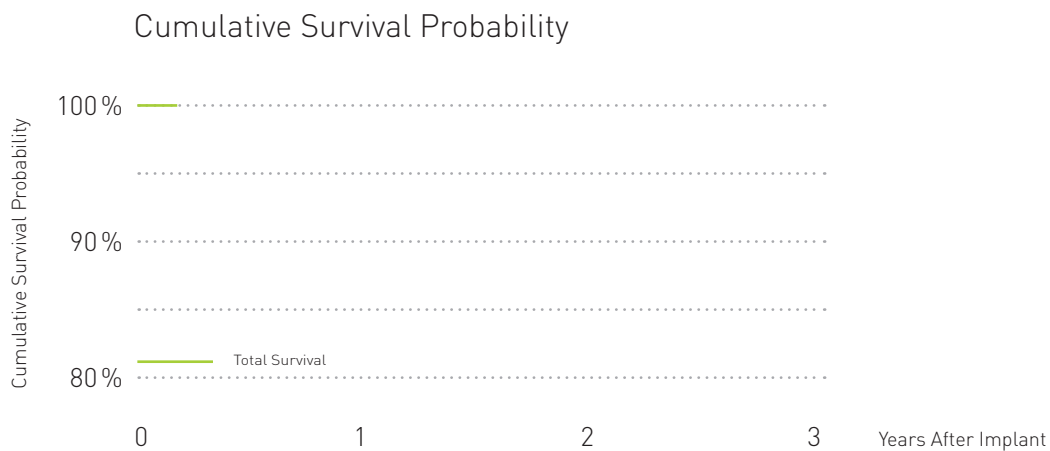
## 10.2 ICD Leads

# Linux T

### Product Details

Product Versions	Linux T 65, 75
Lead Type	single-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Mar 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	1,300
Registered U.S. Implants	238
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	230

Qualifying Complications	0	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
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Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

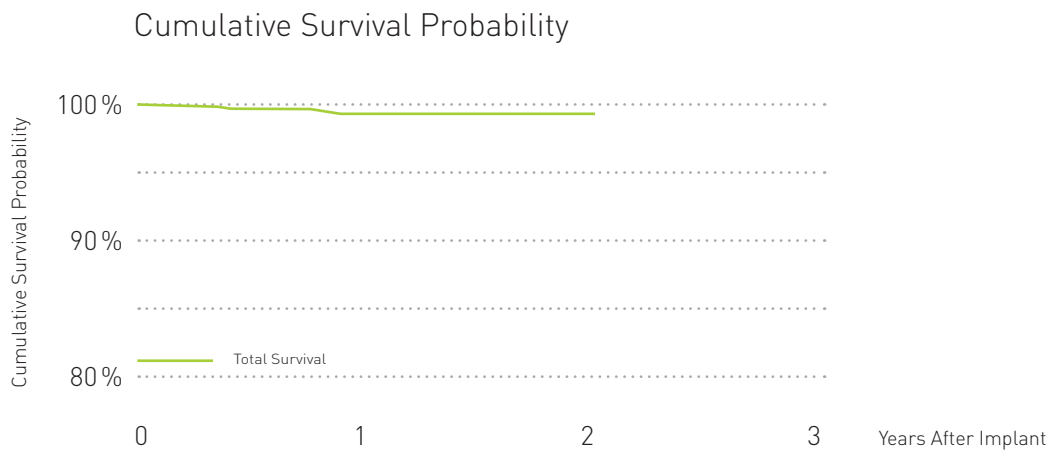
## 10.2 ICD Leads

# Linux TD

### Product Details

Product Versions	Linux TD 65, 75, 100/16,18
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2006
CE Market Release	Oct 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,930
Registered U.S. Implants	1,460
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,370

Qualifying Complications	5	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement	1	· Insulation Breach	1
· Failure to Capture	2		
· Oversensing	1		
· Insulation Breach	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.4	99.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





# 11. Contacting BIOTRONIK

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## Regarding this Report

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BIOTRONIK invites your suggestions and questions related to this Product Performance Report. Please send your comments to:

Worldwide CRM Technical Services:

**Phone** +49 (0) 30 68905-2200  
**Fax** +49 (0) 30 68905-1960  
**E-mail** PPR@biotronik.com  
**Address** BIOTRONIK SE & Co. KG  
Attn: Technical Services  
Woermannkehre 1  
12359 Berlin, Germany

Within the U.S.:

**Phone** (888) 345-0374  
**Fax** (503) 635-9936  
**E-mail** PPR@biotronik.com  
**Address** BIOTRONIK, Inc.  
Attn: Compliance Department  
6024 Jean Road  
Lake Oswego, OR 97035

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## Regarding Products

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BIOTRONIK invites customers to call the following locations with suggestions, comments or specific questions related to BIOTRONIK products:

Worldwide CRM Technical Services:

**Phone** +49 (0) 30 68905-2200  
**Fax** +49 (0) 30 68905-1960  
**E-mail** technical.services@biotronik.de  
**Address** BIOTRONIK SE & Co. KG  
Attn: Technical Services  
Woermannkehre 1  
12359 Berlin, Germany

Within the U.S.:

**Phone** (800) 284-6689  
**Fax** (800) 387-2681  
**E-mail** technical.services@biotronik.com  
**Address** BIOTRONIK, Inc.  
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## North America

USA  
Canada

## Worldwide

BIOTRONIK SE & Co. KG  
Woermannkehre 1  
12359 Berlin · Germany  
Tel +49 (0) 30 68905-0  
Fax +49 (0) 30 6852804  
[www.biotronik.com](http://www.biotronik.com)

## U.S.

BIOTRONIK, Inc.  
6024 Jean Road  
Lake Oswego, OR 97035-05369  
Tel (800) 547-0394 (24-hour)  
Fax (800) 291-0470  
[www.biotronik.com](http://www.biotronik.com)



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