

CRM

Cardiac Rhythm Management

Cumulative Survival Probability

Pacemakers, ICDs, Leads

Product Performance Report January 2011



BIOTRONIK
excellence for life

Product Performance Report

January 2011

Cardiac Rhythm Management

Pacemakers

ICDs

Leads

Contents

1.	Quality Excellence	4
2.	Terms and Definitions	6
3.	Methodology for Pacemaker and ICD Survival Estimates	10
3.1	Cumulative Survival Probability	10
3.2	Data Acquisition	11
3.3	Returned Product Analysis	12
4.	Product Performance Graphs and Data	14
5.	Performance of BIOTRONIK Pacemakers	16
5.1	Single Chamber Pacemakers	18
5.2	Dual Chamber Pacemakers	24
5.3	CRT Pacemakers	30
6.	Performance of BIOTRONIK ICDs	32
6.1	Single Chamber ICDs	34
6.2	Dual Chamber ICDs	38
6.3	CRT ICDs	44
7.	X-Ray Identifiers for Pacemakers and ICDs	48
8.	Methodology for Lead Survival Estimates	50
8.1	Cumulative Lead Survival Probability	50
8.2	Lead Data Acquisition	51
8.3	Returned Product Analysis	52
8.4	Lead Complications	53
9.	Lead Product Performance Graphs and Data	54
10.	Performance of BIOTRONIK Leads	56
10.1	Pacing Leads	60
10.2	ICD Leads	75
11.	Contacting BIOTRONIK	84

1. Quality Excellence

BIOTRONIK has a long history of superior quality in product design and performance. For over 40 years, the name BIOTRONIK has been synonymous with excellent workmanship and superior patient safety. Our quality concept follows an integrated approach and extends from preventative risk measures during a product's development phase through all the steps of the manufacturing and design process.

BIOTRONIK's quality assurance system guarantees strict adherence to internal quality standards as well as compliance with international standards and guidelines. Regular reviews of our product performance and manufacturing evaluations contribute significantly to the achievement of extraordinary quality. Our customers, patients, and physicians can rely on the highest degree of safety built into our products. We always welcome suggestions from users about how we can improve the quality of our products.

This Product Performance Report is an integral component of BIOTRONIK's commitment to provide detailed, accurate information regarding long term reliability. The Product Performance Report exemplifies BIOTRONIK's policy of transparent and timely communication with our customers.

As a means to obtain continuous improvement of the designs, BIOTRONIK carefully analyzes returned products and incorporates all findings into our quality assurance system. This Product Performance Report was prepared in accordance with International Standard ISO 5841-2:2000 (E) and is in compliance with the recommendations from the U.S. Heart Rhythm Society Task Force on Device Performance Policies and Guidelines. As an active member of AdvaMed and their Pacemaker/ICD Working Group, BIOTRONIK has worked extensively with the CRM industry to ensure comparable product performance data is reported by all manufacturers. The data provided in BIOTRONIK's Product Performance Report incorporates the requirements and definitions as defined in AdvaMed's Requirements for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators, except as noted herein.

In BIOTRONIK's continuous efforts to provide accurate and transparent information and to ensure that a conservative estimate for device performance is reported, the Survival Probability calculations presented herein also consider reported pacemaker and ICD battery depletions as well as lead complications without the device having been returned for analysis.



Because a significant portion of this report is based on analyses of returned products, BIOTRONIK urges all physicians to return explanted devices and to notify us when a product is explanted or no longer in use for any reason.

BIOTRONIK aims to continually improve and enhance the scope of this report while integrating the latest information and data concerning the performance of our products. Please contact our U.S. Compliance Department (888) 345-0374 or Worldwide CRM Technical Service Department at +49-30-68905-1133 (Germany) with any comments, suggestions or questions. Your feedback is highly appreciated and will be used to further develop this report.

BIOTRONIK, January 2011

Arnold Kaspar
Vice President of Quality Management
BIOTRONIK SE & Co. KG

2. Terms and Definitions

The following terms and definitions are used for pacemakers and Implantable Cardioverter Defibrillators (ICDs) as well as pacing and ICD leads throughout this Product Performance Report. These definitions form the basis for this Product Performance Report by clearly articulating the status of each device return and product analysis classification.

Elective Replacement Indicator

All active implantable devices that are powered by an internal battery need to be replaced when their battery is depleted. BIOTRONIK pacemakers and ICDs have an Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI) feature that notifies the health care provider when the device's battery is nearing the end of its useful life. Display of ERI is BIOTRONIK's recommendation to the user that the battery's present state will require device replacement in the near future. For further details please refer to the corresponding manual.

Battery Depletion

Battery depletions are classified as either normal (expected) or premature. Premature battery depletions are defined as device malfunctions, while normal battery depletions are not device malfunctions. Batteries of returned devices are considered to have depleted normally when

(a) a device is returned with no associated complaint and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time that meets or exceeds the nominal (50 percentile) predicted longevity at default (labeled) settings, or (b) a device is returned and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time exceeding 75 % of the expected longevity using the longevity calculation tool available at time of product introduction, calculated using the device's actual use conditions and settings. For consistency with previous Product Performance Reports, for ICDs released prior to Lumax and pacemakers released prior to Philos II,

batteries of returned devices are considered to have depleted normally if they have reached their elective replacement indicator and testing indicates that the battery and associated circuitry are within specifications.

Out of Specification

Any component or software related event that causes the device's characteristics to not meet pre-defined performance specifications and requirements while implanted and in service. Returned product analysis that determines a device to be out of specification is considered a device malfunction. Normal battery depletions are not considered device malfunctions. BIOTRONIK defines the requirements and performance specifications for each product.

Device Malfunctions

Any component or software related event that causes the device's characteristics to be out of specification while implanted and in service are considered device malfunctions. Because it is impossible to verify that a device has malfunctioned without analyzing it, only returned devices can be classified as malfunctions for this report. Each returned lead, ICD and pacemaker is analyzed to determine if it has malfunctioned. If the analysis determines that a pacemaker or ICD failed to meet its specifications while implanted and in service, it is further classified as either a malfunction with compromised therapy or as a malfunction without compromised therapy.

Devices damaged during implant, revision or after explant, damaged due to external causes (i.e., electrocautery) or to failure to follow instructions, warnings or contraindications in its associated technical manual are not considered malfunctions. Devices damaged due to interaction with other implanted devices (i.e., leads) are also not considered as malfunctions for the purposes of this Product Performance Report.

Malfunctions with Compromised Therapy

The condition when a pacemaker or ICD is found to have malfunctioned in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service. Therapy is considered to have been compromised if critical patient-protective pacing or defibrillation therapy is not available.

Examples include: sudden loss of battery voltage; accelerated current drain such that a depleted battery was not detected before loss of therapy; sudden malfunction during a tachycardia or fibrillation event resulting in aborted delivery of therapy; intermittent malfunction where therapy is sporadically unavailable.

Malfunctions without Compromised Therapy

The condition when a pacemaker or ICD is found to have malfunctioned in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service. Therapy is not compromised as long as critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies are available as determined through device analysis.

Qualifying Lead Complications

A lead performance issue where a complaint, associated with at least one of the clinical manifestations listed below, is reported and where the non-returned lead is:

- Verified by medical records to have been implanted and in-service, and
- Implanted greater than 30 days, and
- Reported to have been removed from service, or
- Modified to remedy the malfunction, or
- Left in service based on medical judgment.

In accordance with the latest AdvaMed guidelines, such clinical observations are classified in the following categories:

- Failure to Capture
- Failure to Sense
- Oversensing
- Abnormal Pacing Impedance
- Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance
- Insulation Breach
- Conductor Fracture
- Lead Dislodgement
- Extracardiac Stimulation
- Cardiac Perforation
- Other

Survival Probability Estimates

The probability that a device remains operational during a discrete time interval is defined as survival probability. Survival probability, as presented in this report, is related to device survival only and not survival of the patient. The survival probability estimates in this report are based on BIOTRONIK's analysis of returned products as well as events that are reported to BIOTRONIK (e.g., battery depletions or lead complications).

Cumulative Survival Probability Estimates

The survival probability over a device's service time is the Cumulative Survival Probability. It is calculated from all discrete survival probabilities of previous time intervals. This characteristic is calculated separately for malfunction-free survival and all-cause survival (including normal battery depletions). Specific populations that are subject to a safety advisory notification are excluded and shown separately.

2. Terms and Definitions

Implanted Devices

Only devices remaining implanted for at least one calendar day after the implantation date are considered as implanted. Devices that are removed from the patient on the same calendar day as the implant procedure do not contribute to the survival statistics.

Active Implants

The number of devices that remain operational within a discrete observation interval are active implants. Units are removed from this cohort due to patient death or explant for any reason.

Underreporting

A device status may change without being accounted for in the product performance database due to a lack of information being provided to BIOTRONIK. Underreporting adjustments deemed to be necessary are detailed in this report.

Safety Advisory Notifications

Any action taken by the manufacturer to inform clinicians concerning a device performance issue that may cause the device to not meet its predefined specifications is referred to as a Safety Advisory Notification.

3. Methodology for Pacemaker and ICD Survival Estimates

3.1 Cumulative Survival Probability

This report has been prepared in accordance with ISO 5841-2:2000 (E) applying actuarial analysis for the calculation of survival probabilities. Survival estimates given in this report are considered to be generally representative for worldwide performance of BIOTRONIK devices.

The Cumulative Survival Probability is an estimate based on the percentage of pacemakers and ICDs that remain implanted and operational at various points of the product's service time in absence of concurrent events such as morbidity and voluntary explants for various reasons (e.g., device upgrade). The device survival estimate over time is displayed in cumulative curves (Kaplan-Meier). The product's performance is evaluated in discrete one-month intervals. The survival probability for each month is given by the number of devices that remain implanted and operational through this month divided by the number of devices that entered the interval. The Cumulative Survival Probability for any period is given by multiplying all survival probabilities of previous months.

At the time of implantation, the Cumulative Survival Probability is 100 %. Even though they are analyzed as part of our quality system monitoring, devices that are found to be out of specification prior to or during the implantation procedure are removed from the statistics as they do not contribute to a patient's risk of being subject to a device malfunction or replacement during the device's service time. Because this report is provided to describe product performance based on returned product analyses, the pacemaker and ICD data does not include information regarding medical complications such as erosion, infection or diaphragmatic stimulation.

In general, during the initial phase of the service time, devices which are out of specification are the primary contribution to reduction of survival probability. As the product lifecycle lengthens, normal battery depletion assumes a greater impact on the survival curve and becomes the dominating factor.

In order to make these two effects distinguishable, the Cumulative Survival Probability curves are shown separately for devices that are confirmed to have malfunctioned only, and for total (all-cause) cumulative survival. In case of a device being subject to a safety advisory notification that significantly impacts the survival probability, this factor is displayed separately.

3.2 Data Acquisition

This report is based on the observation of BIOTRONIK's U.S. products through review of our device registration and tracking systems and analyses of returned products from all sources. Because the ability to perform decedent searches of patients with BIOTRONIK devices via the U.S. Social Security Administration, the use of U.S. data more accurately represents the active patient population for reporting purposes. In addition, device tracking regulations and vigilance reporting regulations vary throughout the world; therefore use of the U.S. data is most appropriate for accurate and consistent reporting of product performance.

In order to be included in the population under observation, a device must be registered and implanted for at least one calendar day. The cut-off date for the data included in this report is July 1, 2010. The number of U.S. devices that are implanted and remain active as well as the total number of products distributed worldwide are provided for each product family in this report. Information is provided for separate product families, in that devices with nearly identical hardware and therapy functions are combined. For example, Lexos VR and VR-T (with Home Monitoring) ICDs are combined into a single family, Lexos Single Chamber ICDs.

Survival estimates are calculated for product families having accumulated at least 1,000 cumulative implant months. Because 1,000 implant months may take some time to accumulate, there may be a gap between U.S. market release and the start of graphical representation of survival probability. Products no longer being distributed with less than 500 active implants may be excluded from this report.

ISO 5841-2 describes a method for adjusting the device survival probability to compensate for underreported malfunctions and unrelated patient deaths. The factor for underreporting of malfunctions is unknown as currently no systematic data is available that reveals this factor. Consequently, this factor remains unaccounted for in this report. Patient mortality is adjusted only if published rates for comparable patient populations differ significantly from the data provided by our registration and tracking systems.

3. Methodology for Pacemaker and ICD Survival Estimates

3.3 Returned Product Analysis

Information on malfunctioning for the pacemaker and ICD portions of this report is taken exclusively from the analysis of returned products. The outcome of this analysis is the basis for the final classification of the device's cause of explantation. Only analyzed products with confirmed device malfunctions are utilized in the calculation of malfunction-free survival probability.

Every pacemaker and ICD returned to BIOTRONIK is analyzed per internal procedures and classified as functioning normally, normal battery depletion, or malfunctioning (including premature battery depletion) while implanted and in service. These device classifications are the basis for BIOTRONIK's cumulative survival estimates on pacemakers and ICDs.

As a significant portion of pacemakers and ICDs with normal battery depletion are not returned for analysis, BIOTRONIK also considers unconfirmed pacemaker and ICD battery depletions (reported, but device not returned) in the total survival estimates to ensure that a conservative estimate for device performance is reported.

4. Product Performance Graphs and Data

The product performance information is shown in each section in alphabetical order and by product type.

For each product, the report provides:

- Product versions that contribute to the evaluation
- U.S. and CE market release dates
- Worldwide quantity of products that have been distributed
- U.S. registered implants (number of products included in this report)
- Estimated active U.S. implants
- Number of normal battery depletions
- Number of confirmed malfunctions

The survival plots provide:

1. Total Survival

The combined Cumulative Survival Probability for all causes that result in device removal or a system out of operation, excluding removals for clinical reasons unrelated to the device's performance (i.e., infections).

2. Malfunction-Free Survival

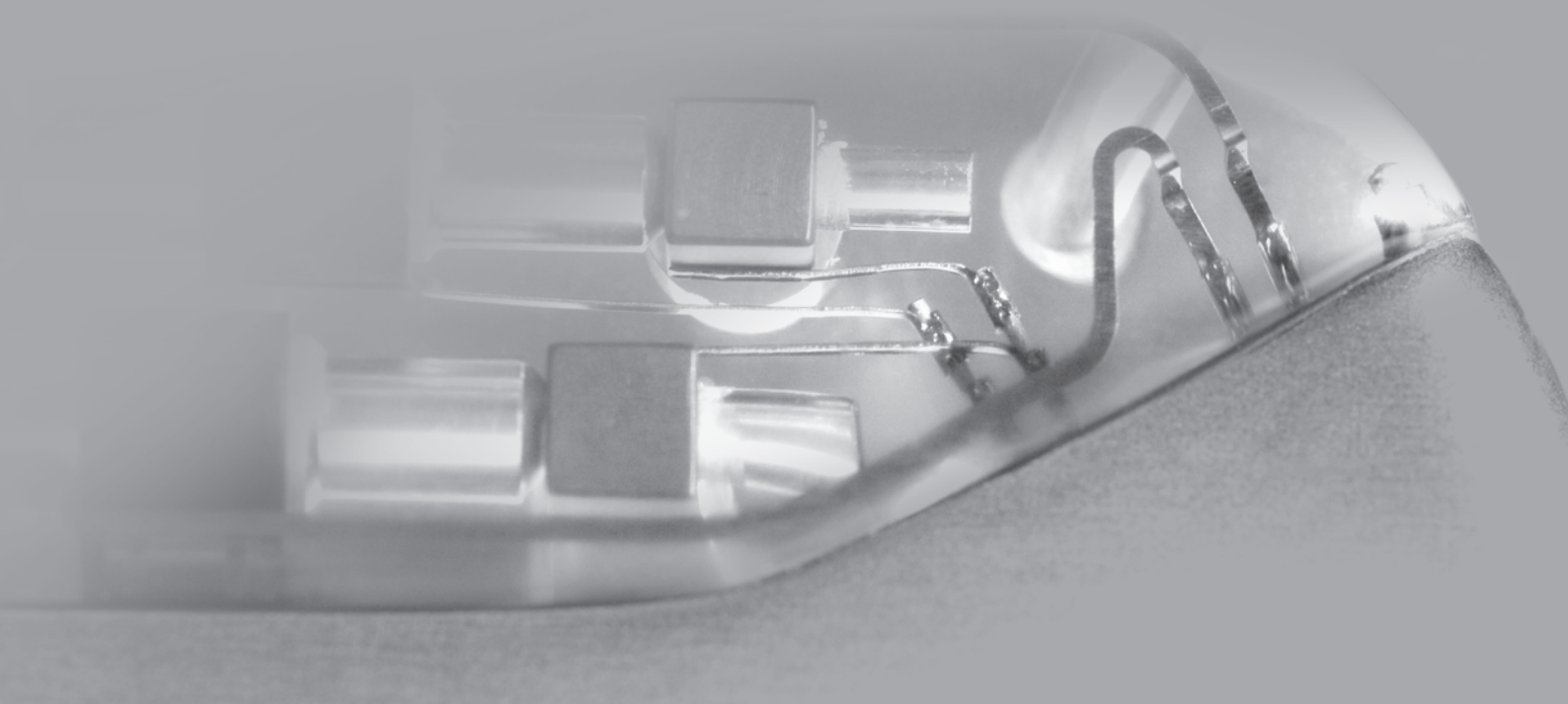
The Cumulative Survival Probability free of component or software malfunctions excluding normal battery depletions, but including premature battery depletions. Normal battery depletions only have an impact on the total cumulative survival.

Products or subgroups of products may become subject to safety advisory notifications that can significantly impact the overall product performance. However, as these subgroups are clearly defined they are separated from the nonadvisory devices. The impact of the advisory notification is then shown in a separate graph for total cumulative survival and for malfunction-free survival of the device population affected by the advisory notification.

The cumulative survival data and the 95% confidence intervals according to the Greenwood's¹ formula are shown in numerical form for the observed population.

¹ Greenwood, M. The Natural Duration of Cancer. Reports on Public Health and Medical Subjects 33, London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1-26, 1926.

5. Performance of BIOTRONIK Pacemakers



5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

5.3 CRT Pacemakers

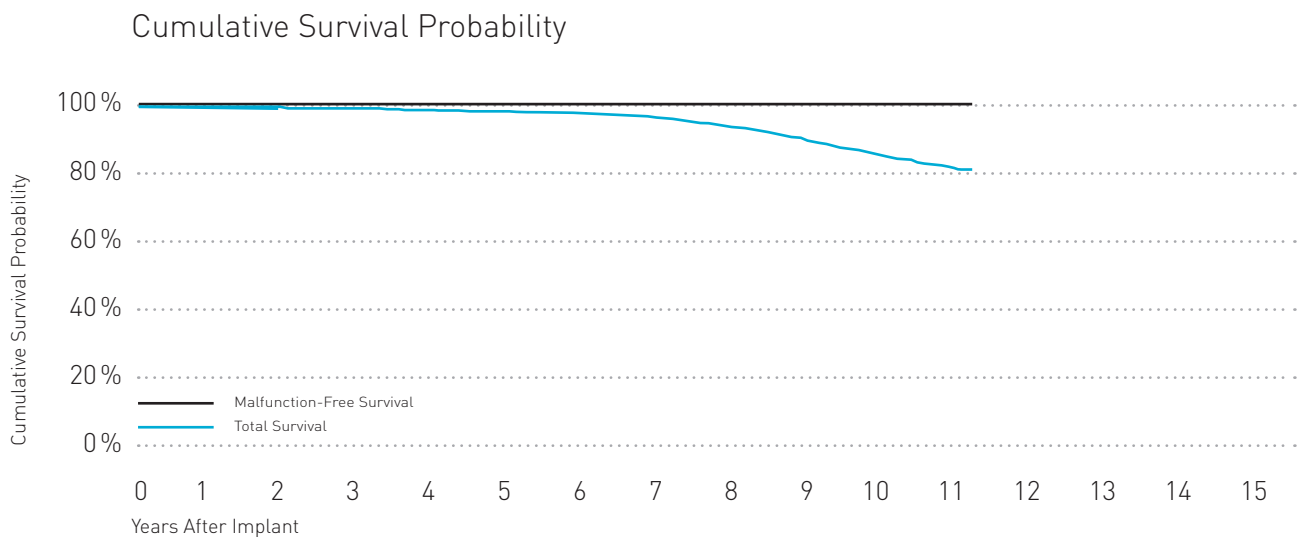
5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

Actros

Product Details

Product Versions	Actros S, Actros SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1998
CE Market Release	Apr 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	128,000
Registered U.S. Implants	6,740
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,500

Normal Battery Depletions	274
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	2



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.4	98.9	97.4	94.7	90.7	86.1	82.2
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.6	±0.9	±1.2	±1.7	±2.2
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

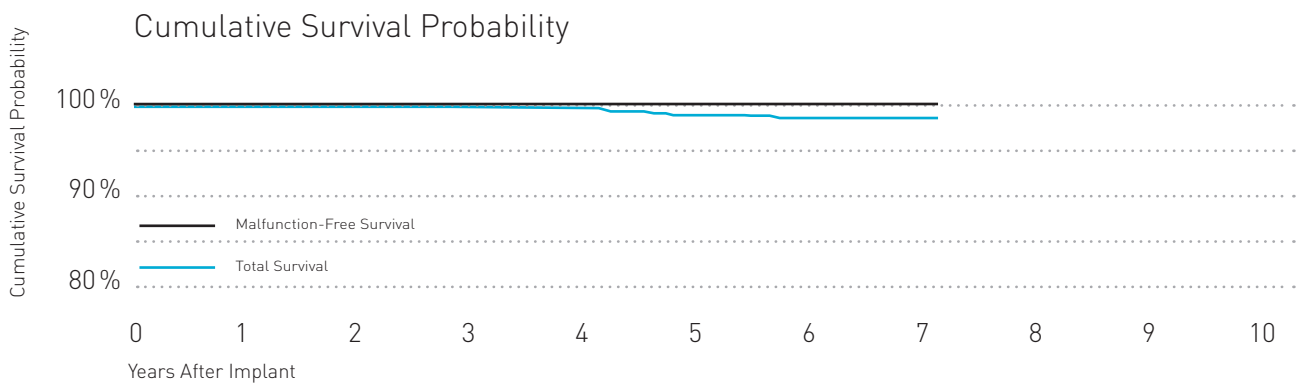
5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

Axios

Product Details

Product Versions	Axios S, Axios SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2001
CE Market Release	Oct 2001
Worldwide Distributed Devices	127,000
Registered U.S. Implants	1,360
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	561

Normal Battery Depletions	8
Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	1



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.3	98.9	98.9	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.2	±0.2	±0.7	±0.8	±0.8	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)									-	-	-	-

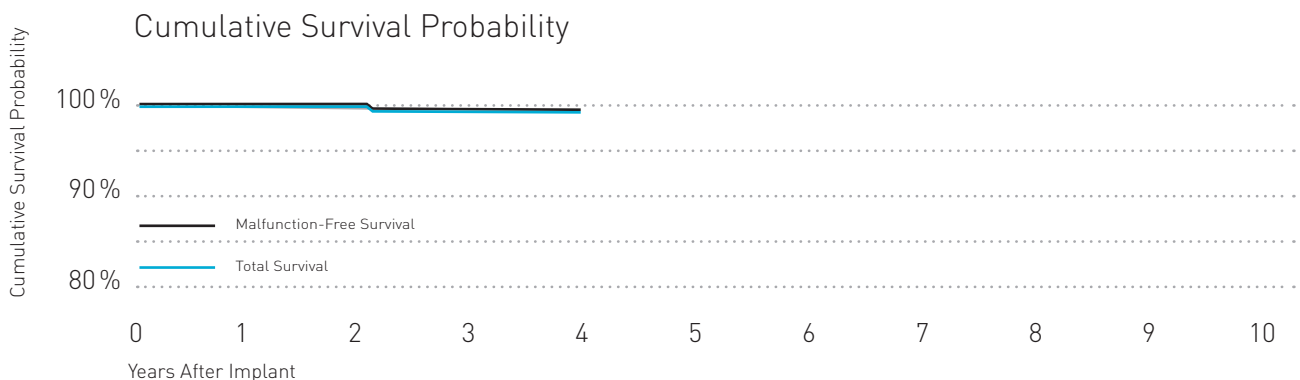
5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

Cylos and Cylos 990

Product Details

Product Versions*	Cylos VR, Cylos 990 VR
NBG Code(s)	WIR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2006
CE Market Release	Nov 2005/Mar 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	16,900
Registered U.S. Implants	5,540
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4,870
Normal Battery Depletions	1
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	1

* While Cylos 990 VR is not distributed in the U.S., the performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

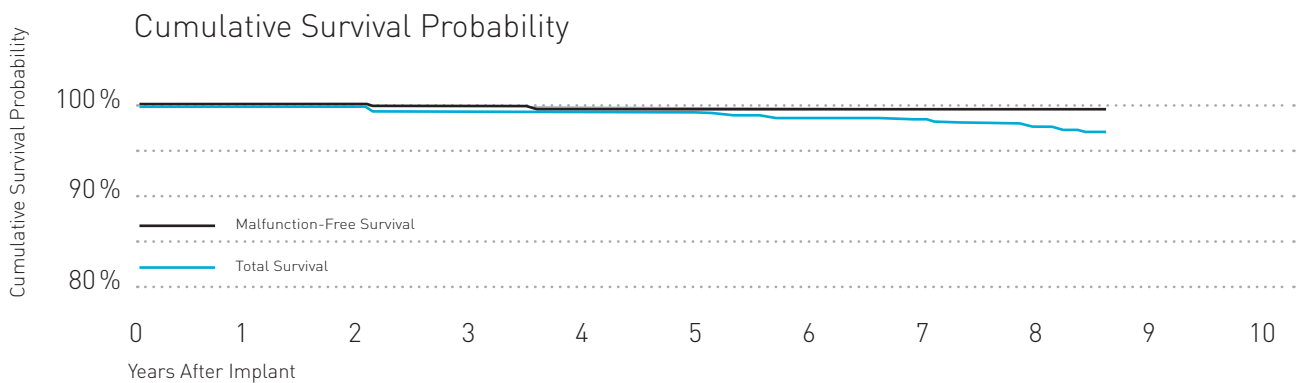
5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

Philos

Product Details

Product Versions	Philos S, Philos SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2000
CE Market Release	Aug 2000
Worldwide Distributed Devices	104,000
Registered U.S. Implants	5,680
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,880

Normal Battery Depletions	32
Confirmed Malfunctions	7
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	7



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.4	99.0	98.6	97.9	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.5	±0.8	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-

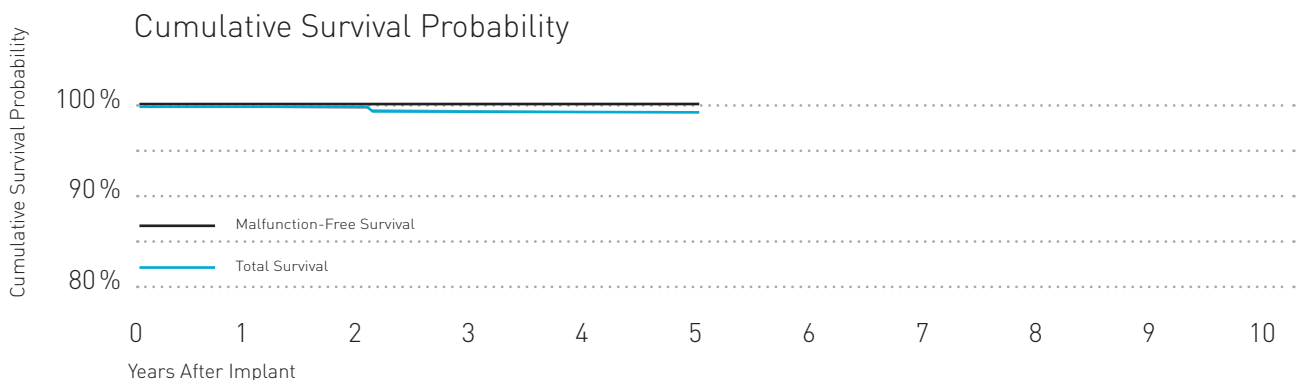
5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

Philos II and Talos

Product Details

Product Versions*	Philos II S, Philos II SR, Talos S, Talos SR
NBG Code(s)	SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004/May 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	117,000
Registered U.S. Implants	4,800
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3,940
Normal Battery Depletions	3
Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	0

* While Talos SR and Talos S are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

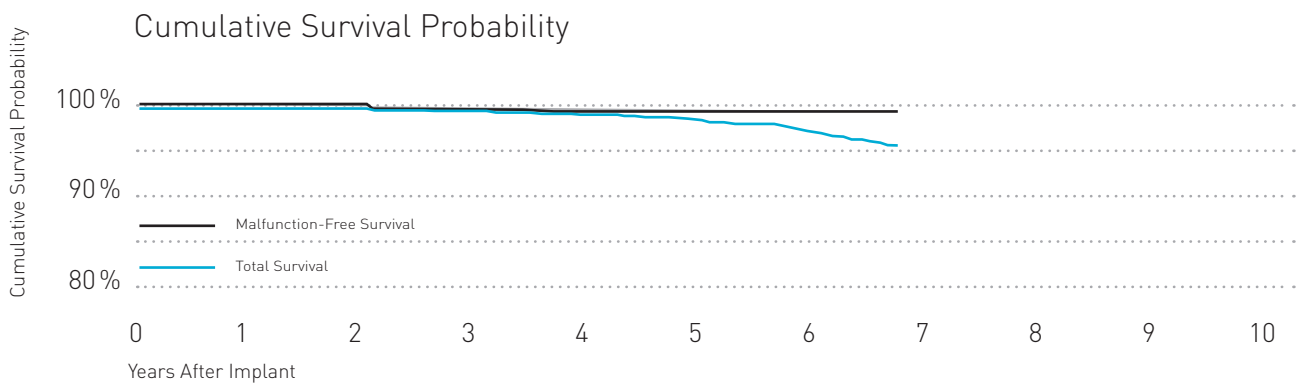
5.1 Single Chamber Pacemakers

Protos

Product Details

Product Versions	Protos VR/CLS
NBG Code(s)	WIR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2003
CE Market Release	Jul 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,790
Registered U.S. Implants	3,250
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,800

Normal Battery Depletions	35
Confirmed Malfunctions	6
· Therapy Compromised	2
· Therapy Available	4



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.4	98.7	97.4	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.9	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.7	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-

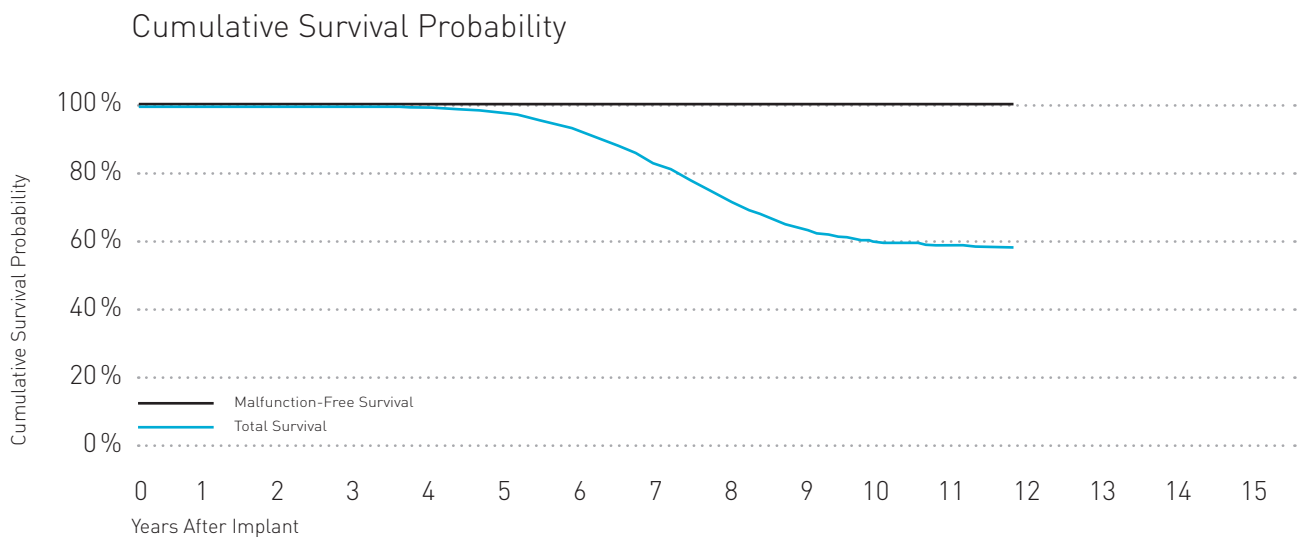
5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

Actros

Product Details

Product Versions	Actros D, Actros DR, Actros SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1998
CE Market Release	Apr 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	110,000
Registered U.S. Implants	13,700
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,750

Normal Battery Depletions	2,386
Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Therapy Compromised	3
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	97.5	92.3	82.7	71.6	63.6	60.2	59.2
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.6	±0.9	±1.1	±1.2	±1.3	±1.3
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0

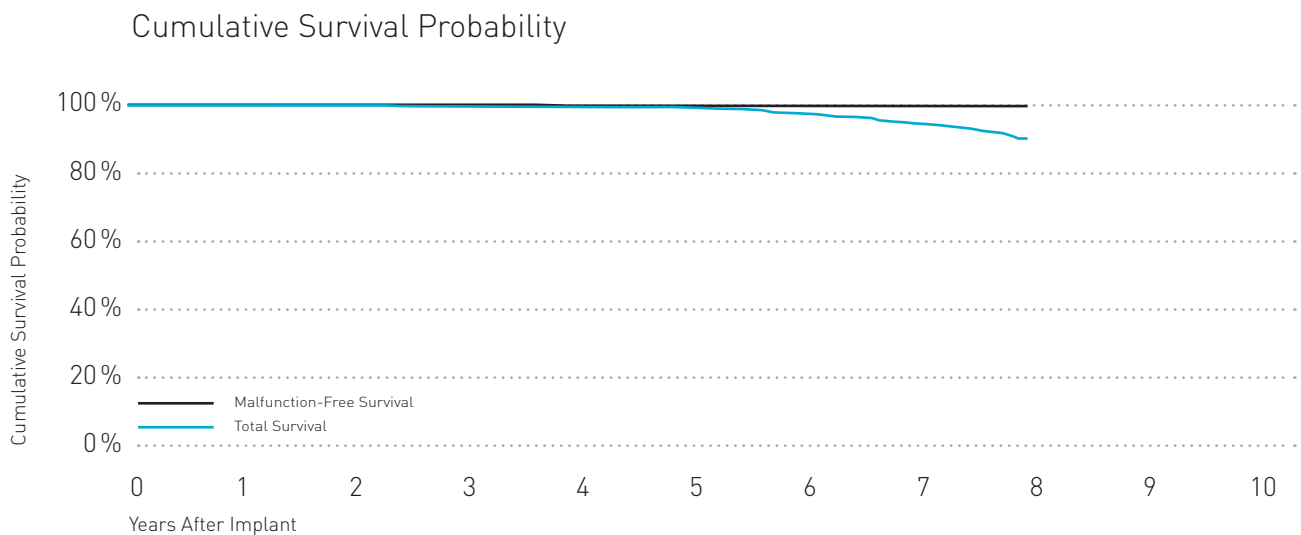
5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

Axios

Product Details

Product Versions	Axios D, Axios DR, Axios SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2001
CE Market Release	Oct 2001
Worldwide Distributed Devices	107,000
Registered U.S. Implants	2,730
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,320

Normal Battery Depletions	96
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	2



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.5	98.8	96.9	93.8	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.9	±1.4	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)						±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-

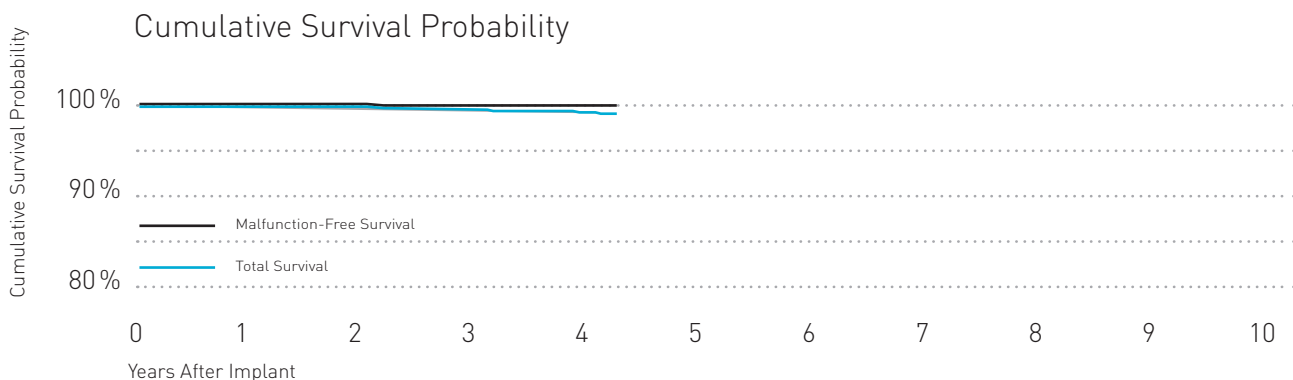
5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

Cylos and Cylos 990

Product Details

Product Versions*	Cylos DR, Cylos DR-T, Cylos 990 DR, Cylos 990 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2006
CE Market Release	Nov 2005/Mar 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	60,700
Registered U.S. Implants	27,800
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	25,800
Normal Battery Depletions	11
Confirmed Malfunctions	14
· Therapy Compromised	3
· Therapy Available	11

* While Cylos 990 DR and Cylos 990 DR-T are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

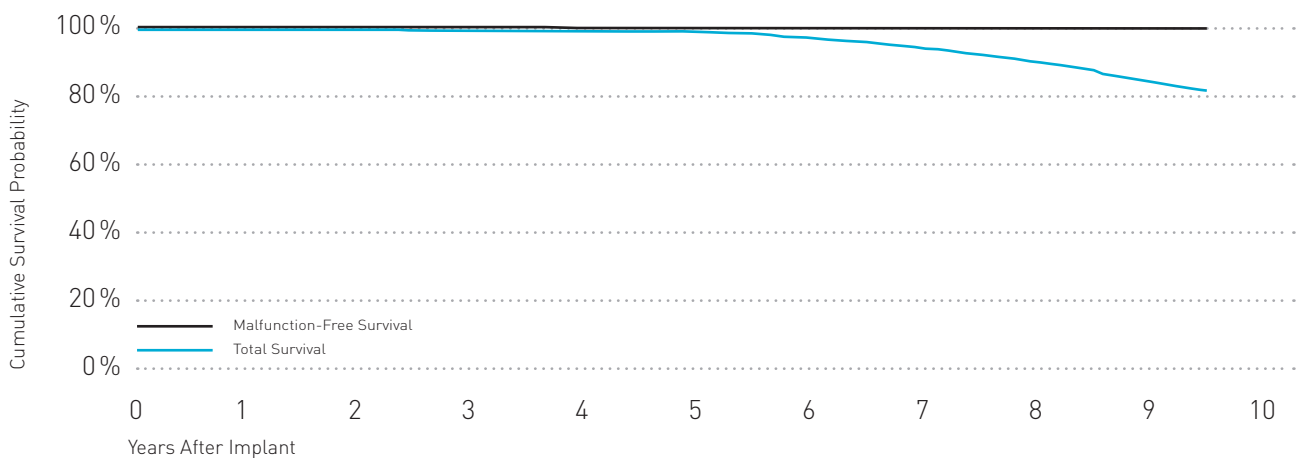
Philos

Product Details

Product Versions	Philos D, Philos DR, Philos DR-T, Philos SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2000
CE Market Release	Aug 2000
Worldwide Distributed Devices	168,000
Registered U.S. Implants	20,500
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	11,000

Normal Battery Depletions	919
Confirmed Malfunctions	27
· Therapy Compromised	5
· Therapy Available	22

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	98.2	96.5	93.4	89.5	84.3	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.7	±1.1	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-

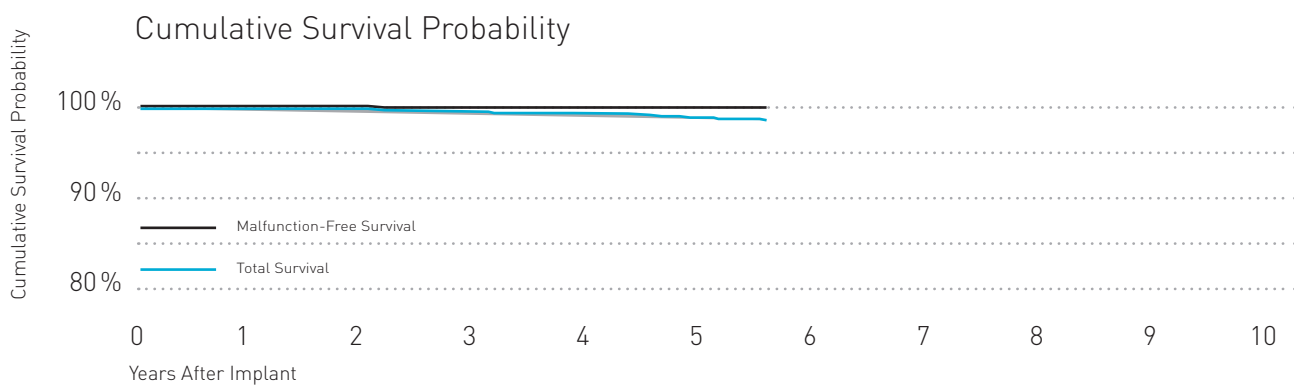
5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

Philos II and Talos

Product Details

Product Versions*	Philos II D, Philos II DR(-T), Philos II SLR, Talos D, Talos DR, Talos SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004/May 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	234,000
Registered U.S. Implants	21,400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	18,500
Normal Battery Depletions	44
Confirmed Malfunctions	15
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	15

* While Philos II SLR, Talos D, Talos DR and Talos SLR are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.5	99.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

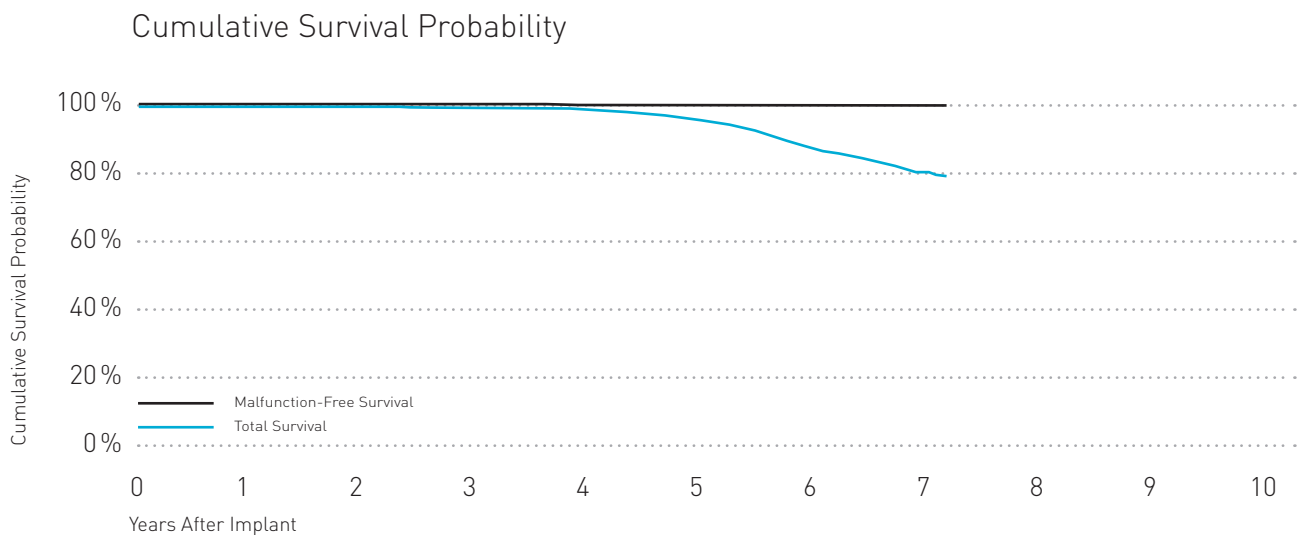
5.2 Dual Chamber Pacemakers

Protos

Product Details

Product Versions	Protos DR/CLS
NBG Code(s)	DDDR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2003
CE Market Release	Jul 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	27,800
Registered U.S. Implants	10,800
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	6,050

Normal Battery Depletions	756
Confirmed Malfunctions	9
· Therapy Compromised	2
· Therapy Available	7



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.6	98.7	95.9	87.4	80.6	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	±0.9	±1.6	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-

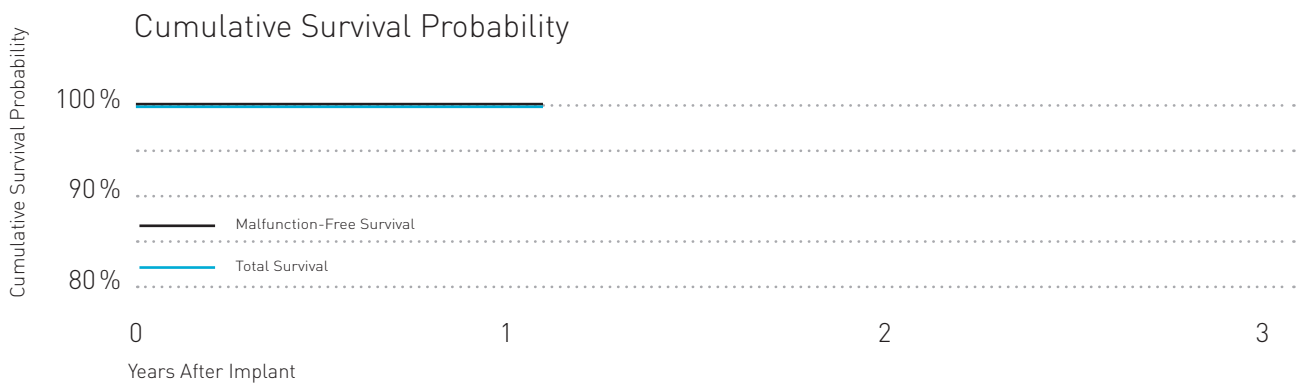
5.3 CRT Pacemakers

Stratos

Product Details

Product Versions	Stratos LV, Stratos LV-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRV
U.S. Market Release	May 2008
CE Market Release	Nov 2002
Worldwide Distributed Devices	13,700
Registered U.S. Implants	520
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	470

Normal Battery Depletions	5
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

6. Performance of BIOTRONIK ICDs



6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

6.3 CRT ICDs

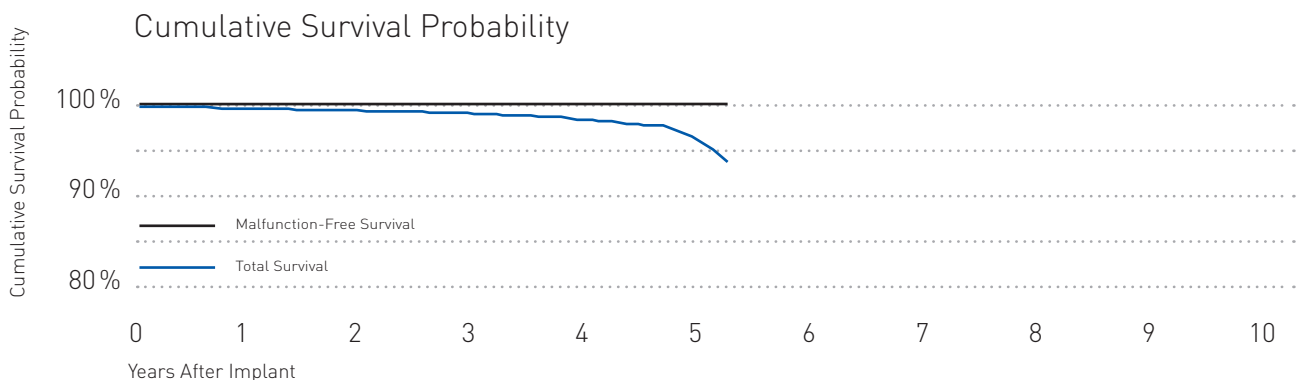
6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

Lexos

Product Details

Product Versions	Lexos VR, Lexos VR-T
NBG Code(s)	WIRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2004
CE Market Release	Oct 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	16,800
Registered U.S. Implants	1,250
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	782

Normal Battery Depletions	40
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.4	98.8	96.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.7	±1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)							-	-	-	-	-	-

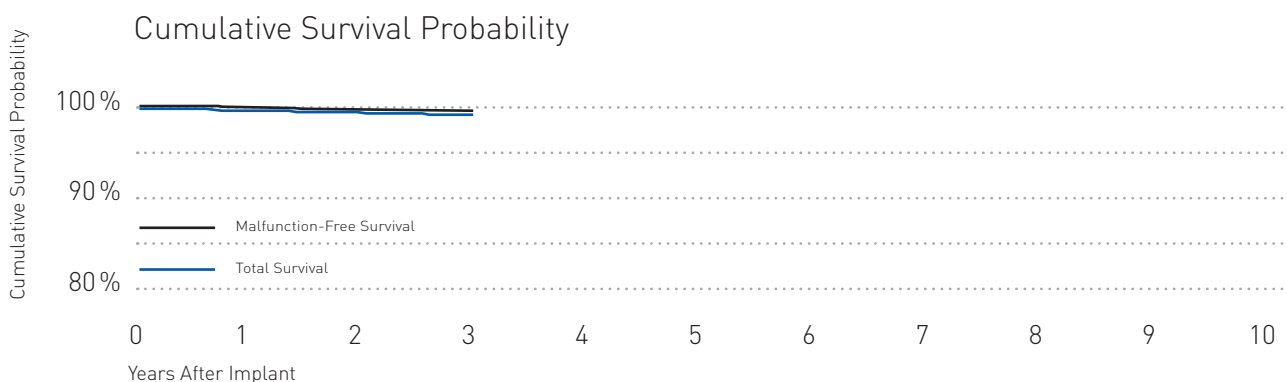
6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

Lumax 340

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 340 VR-T
NBG Code(s)	VVE-VVIR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	10,600
Registered U.S. Implants	3,390
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3,070

Normal Battery Depletions	6
Confirmed Malfunctions	4
· Therapy Compromised	3
· Therapy Available	1



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

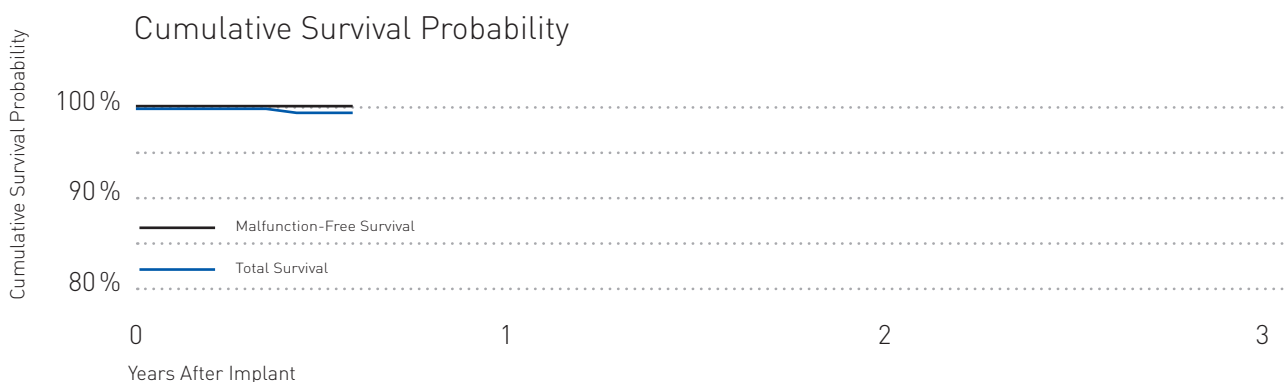
6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

Lumax 540

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 540 VR-T
NBG Code(s)	VVE-WVIR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	May 2009
CE Market Release	Jun 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	4,990
Registered U.S. Implants	857
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	828

Normal Battery Depletions	0
Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

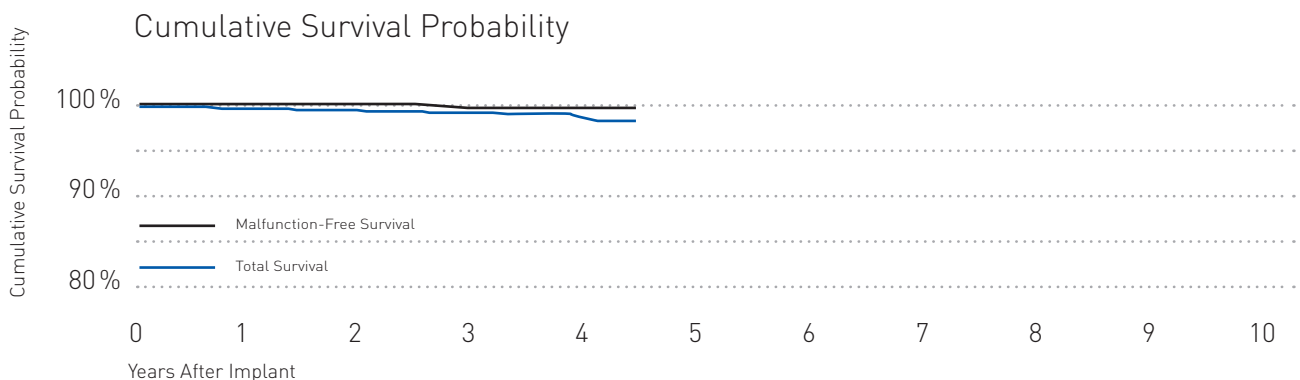
6.1 Single Chamber ICDs

Lumos

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumos VR-T
NBG Code(s)	VVE-VVIR
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	7,520
Registered U.S. Implants	1,780
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,400

Normal Battery Depletions	12
Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	1



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.6	98.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

Lexos

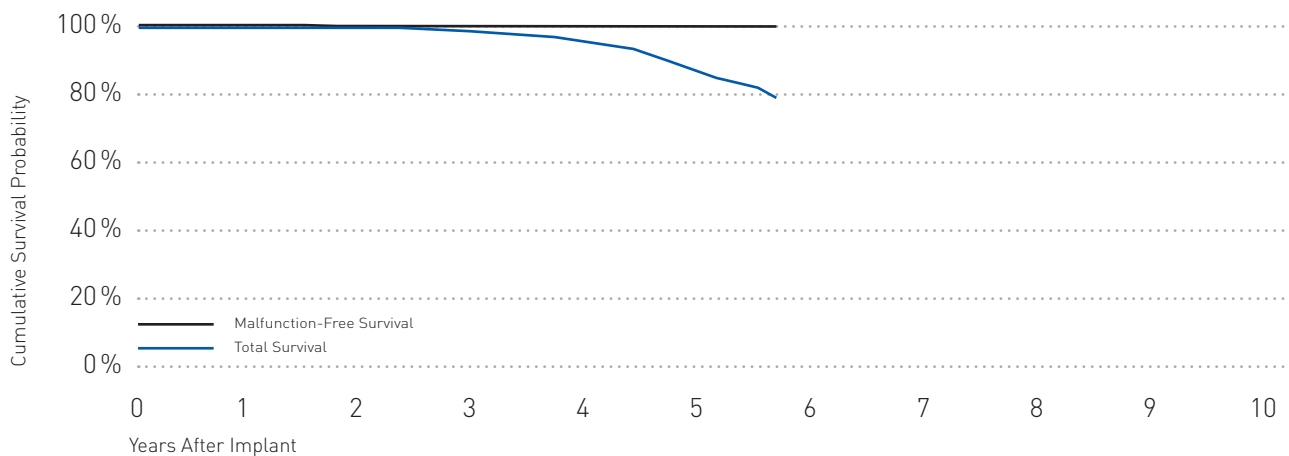
Product Details

Product Versions*	Lexos DR, Lexos DR-T, Lexos A+, Lexos A+/T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD, VDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2004
CE Market Release	Oct 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	11,700
Registered U.S. Implants	2,590
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,210

Normal Battery Depletions	249
Confirmed Malfunctions	4
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	3

* While Lexos A+ and Lexos A+/T are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.6	98.3	95.4	86.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.9	±1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-

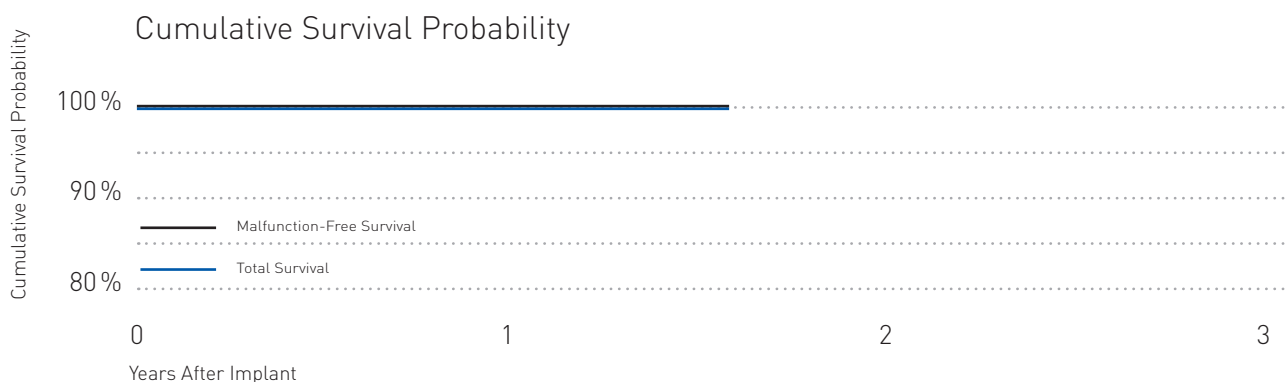
6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

Lumax 300

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 300 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	3,420
Registered U.S. Implants	314
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	284

Normal Battery Depletions	0
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

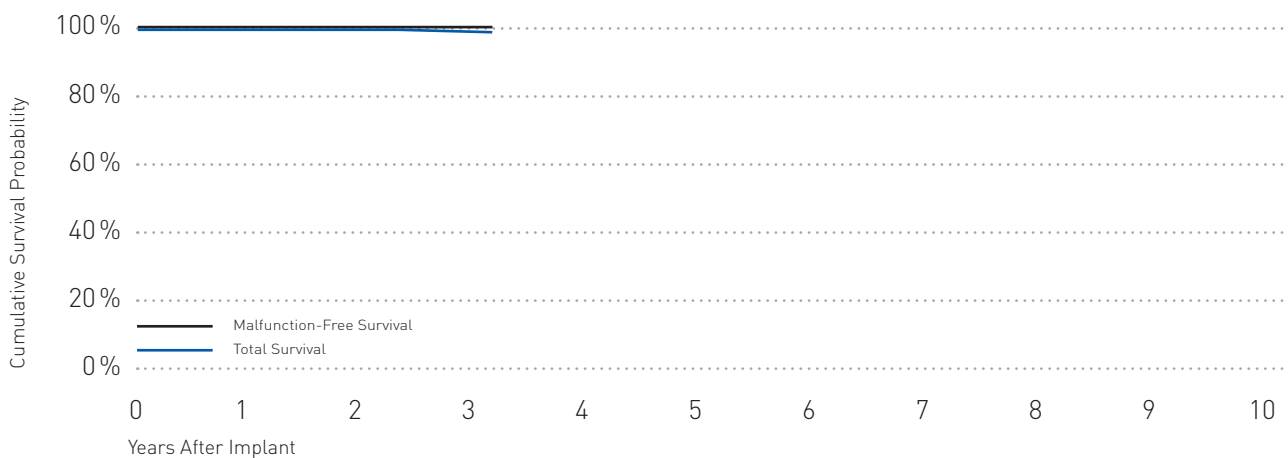
Lumax 340

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 340 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	15,300
Registered U.S. Implants	7,050
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	6,420

Normal Battery Depletions	12
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	1

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.7	99.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

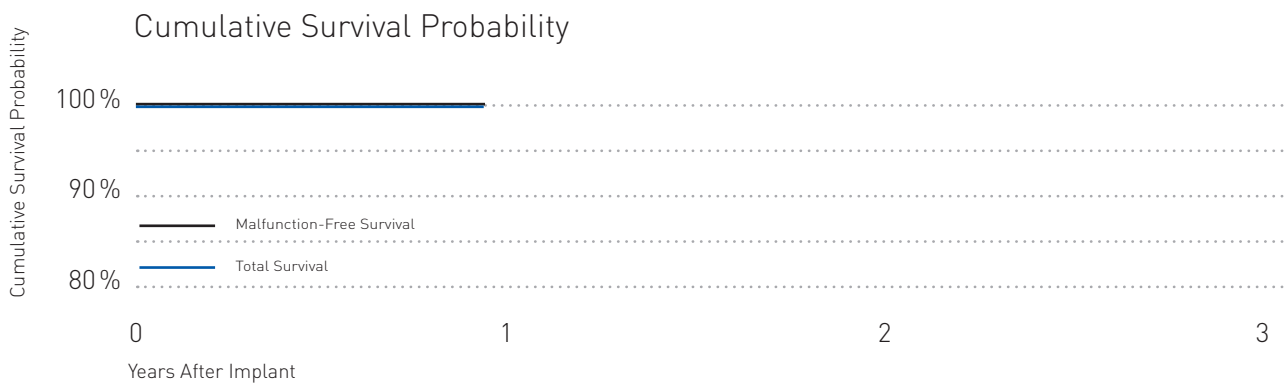
6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

Lumax 540

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 540 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	May 2009
CE Market Release	Jun 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	7,960
Registered U.S. Implants	2,960
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,870

Normal Battery Depletions	0
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

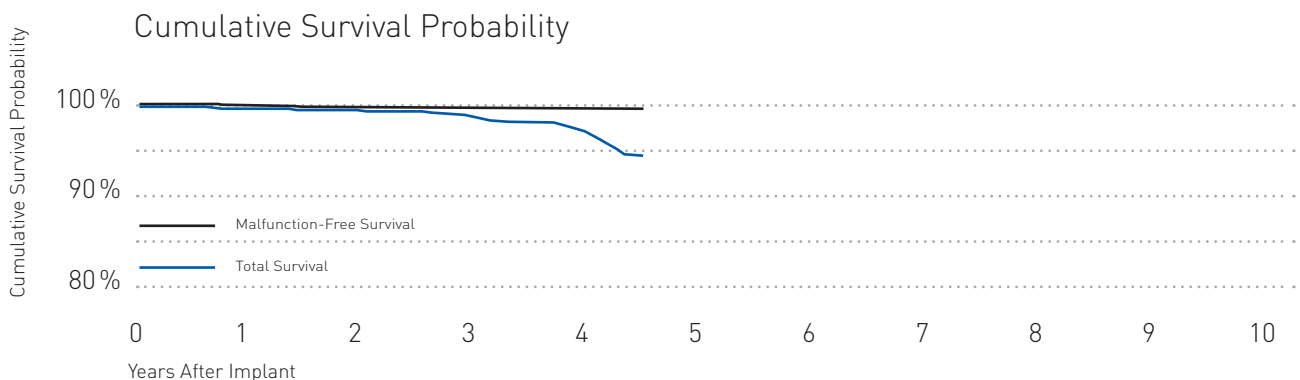
6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

Lumos

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumos DR-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	6,060
Registered U.S. Implants	2,240
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,640

Normal Battery Depletions	48
Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	2



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.6	98.8	96.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.5	±0.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

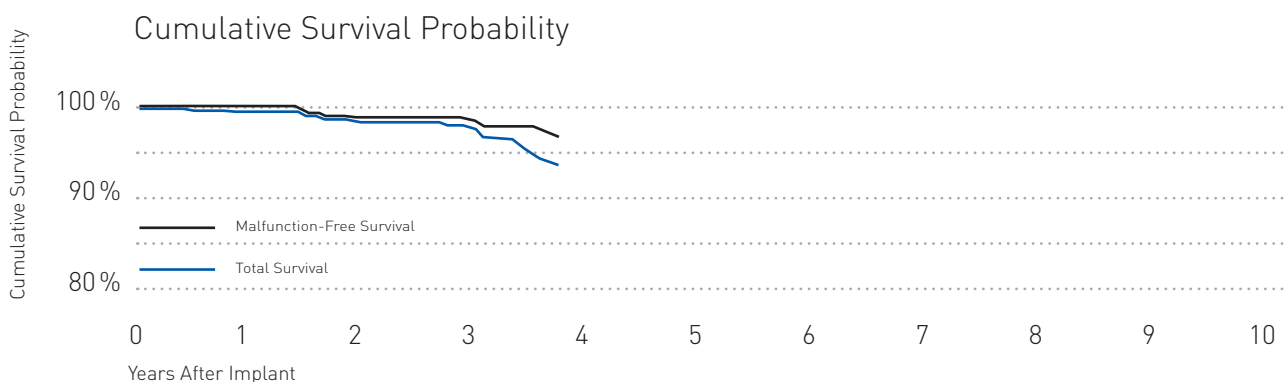
6.2 Dual Chamber ICDs

Xelos

Product Details

Product Versions	Xelos DR-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	36
U.S. Market Release	May 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	1,140
Registered U.S. Implants	536
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	332

Normal Battery Depletions	30
Confirmed Malfunctions	13
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	12



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.6	98.5	97.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±1.0	±1.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.1	98.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.8	±1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

6.3 CRT ICDs

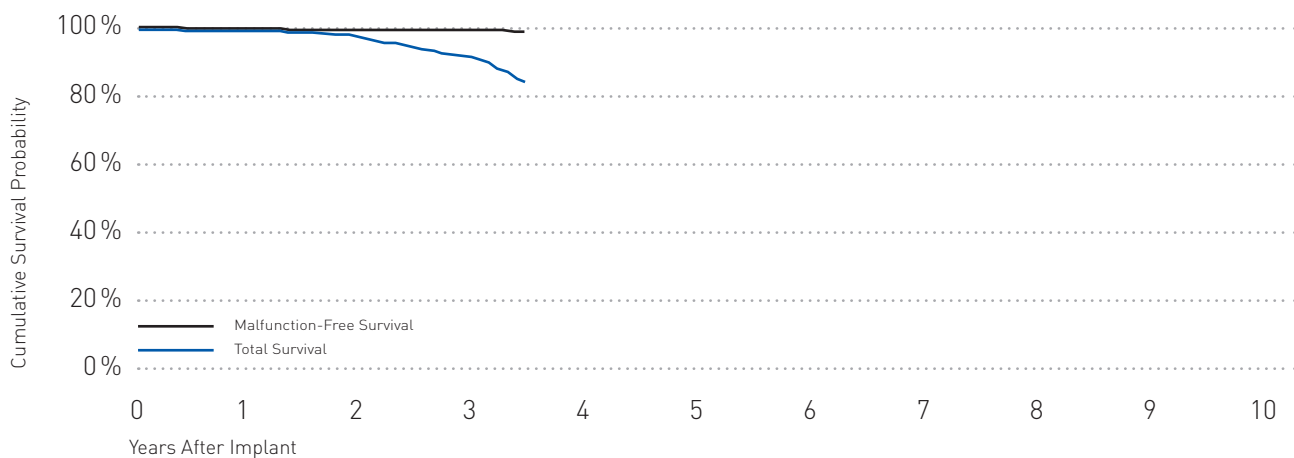
Kronos

Product Details

Product Versions	Kronos LV-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDRV
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Aug 2006
CE Market Release	Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	2,940
Registered U.S. Implants	432
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	215

Normal Battery Depletions	51
Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	2

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	97.6	90.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±1.4	±2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.5	±0.5	±0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

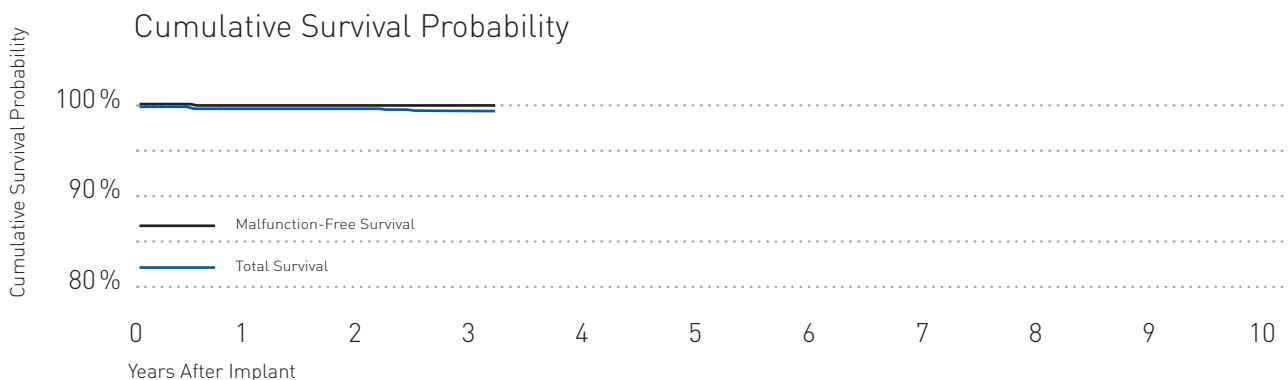
6.3 CRT ICDs

Lumax 340

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 340 HF-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDRV
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Dec 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	12,200
Registered U.S. Implants	4,720
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4,170

Normal Battery Depletions	16
Confirmed Malfunctions	4
· Therapy Compromised	1
· Therapy Available	3



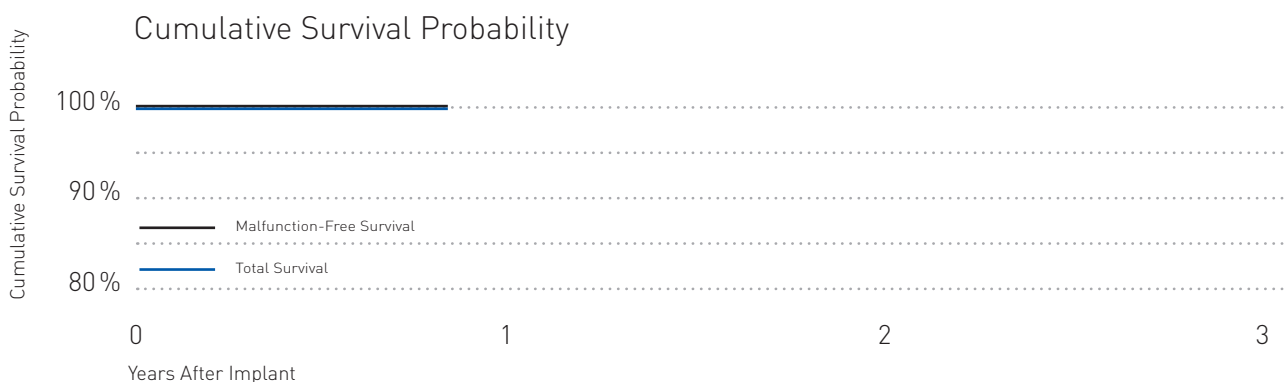
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.6	99.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Lumax 540

Product Details

Product Versions	Lumax 540 HF-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDRV
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	May 2009
CE Market Release	Jun 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	7,440
Registered U.S. Implants	2,180
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,110

Normal Battery Depletions	0
Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Therapy Compromised	0
· Therapy Available	0



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

7. X-Ray Identifiers for Pacemakers and ICDs

Pacemaker/ICD Product Versions	X-Ray ID
Actros DR, Actros D, Actros SLR, Actros SR, Actros S	LC
Axios DR, Axios D, Axios SLR, Axios SR, Axios S	ER
Cylos DR, Cylos DR-T	RZ
Cylos 990 DR-T, Cylos 990 DR, Cylos 990 SR	FV
Kronos LV-T	FL
Lexos DR, Lexos DR-T, Lexos A+, Lexos A+/T, Lexos VR, Lexos VR-T	KV
Lumax 300 DR-T, Lumax 340 DR-T, Lumax 340 HF-T, Lumax 340 VR-T	HR
Lumax 540 DR-T, Lumax 540 HF-T, Lumax 540 VR-T	H
Lumos DR-T, Lumos VR-T	LT
Philos DR, Philos D, Philos SLR, Philos SR, Philos S	LE
Philos DR-T	VV
Philos II DR, Philos II D, Philos II S, Philos II SLR, Philos II SR	ET
Philos II DR-T	KP
Stratos LV, Stratos LV-T	SV
Talos DR, Talos D, Talos SLR, Talos SR, Talos S	PV
Protos DR/CLS, Protos VR/CLS	EZ
Xelos DR-T	CT

8. Methodology for Lead Survival Estimates

8.1 Cumulative Lead Survival Probability

This report has been prepared in accordance with ISO 5841-2:2000 (E) applying actuarial analysis for the calculation of lead survival probabilities. Lead survival estimates given in this report are considered to be generally representative for worldwide performance of BIOTRONIK's pacing and ICD leads.

The Cumulative Survival Probability for leads is an estimate based on the percentage of devices that remain implanted and in service at various points of the product's service time in the absence of concurrent events such as morbidity. The lead survival estimate over time is displayed in cumulative survival curves (Kaplan-Meier). The product's performance is evaluated in discrete one-month intervals. The survival probability for each month is given by the number of leads that remain implanted and active through this month divided by the number of leads that were actively implanted at the start of the interval. The Cumulative Survival Probability for any period is given by multiplying all survival probabilities of previous months.

At the time of implantation, the cumulative lead survival probability is 100%. Even though they are analyzed as part of our quality system monitoring, leads that are found to be out of specification prior to or during the implantation procedure are removed from the statistics as they do not contribute to a patient's risk of being subject to a device malfunction or replacement during the device's service time. Because this report is provided to communicate information regarding product performance, it does not include data regarding medical complications

such as erosion, infection or diaphragmatic stimulation.

Compared to pacemakers and ICDs, a considerable portion of leads with observed or suspected failures are not explanted and returned for laboratory analysis. This is primarily because it is much more difficult and risky to the patient to remove chronically implanted leads. In order to report a conservative measure of lead performance, unconfirmed reports of lead complications are therefore also included in the calculation of a lead's survival probability. In order to be classified as a qualifying lead complication and thus contributing to the survival probability calculation the same way as a confirmed malfunction, the reported anomaly must have occurred at least 30 days post-implant. Otherwise, factors not related to the lead would likely be the root cause of the observed anomaly, (i.e., patient-specific conditions or implant techniques).

In order to minimize the effect of underreporting of lead malfunctions, BIOTRONIK is currently analyzing the usefulness of including long-term, post-market studies of our pacing and ICD leads to establish improved measurements of lead performance.

8.2 Lead Data Acquisition

The following sections of this report provide performance data on BIOTRONIK's pacing and ICD leads and are based on the observation of BIOTRONIK's U.S. products through review of our device registration and tracking systems, and through the analyses of both, returned leads as well as reports of lead complications of non-returned leads.

In order to be included in the population under observation, a lead must be registered and implanted for at least one calendar day. The cut-off date for the data included in this report is July 1, 2010. The sample size of U.S. leads that are implanted and remain active as well as the total number of products distributed worldwide are provided for each lead family in this report.

Survival estimates are calculated for lead families having accumulated at least 1,000 cumulative implant months. Products no longer being distributed with less than 500 active implants may be excluded from this report.

ISO 5841-2 (E) describes a method for adjusting the device survival probability for underreported malfunctions and unrelated patient deaths that result in an overestimation of the device's survival probability. The factor for U.S. underreporting of malfunctions of pacing and ICD leads is unknown as currently no systematic data is available that reveals this factor. Consequently, this factor remains unaccounted for in this report. Patient mortality is adjusted only if published rates for comparable patient populations differ significantly from the data provided by our registration and tracking systems.

8. Methodology for Lead Survival Estimates

8.3 Returned Product Analysis

Information for the lead sections of this report is taken from the analysis of returned products. The outcome of this analysis is the basis for the final classification of the cause for explantation of the lead. Additionally, reports of lead complications not confirmed by laboratory analysis are taken into consideration. Both, leads with confirmed malfunctions as well as unconfirmed observations of lead complications decrease a lead's total survival probability.

Every lead and lead segment returned to BIOTRONIK is analyzed per our internal procedures and classified as within specification, damaged by external causes, or out of specification (malfunction) while implanted and in service.

Those leads found to be out of specification, are divided into the following categories as proposed by AdvaMed:

- Conductor Fracture – Conductor break with complete or intermittent loss of continuity that could interrupt current flow (e.g. fractured conductors)
- Crimps, Welds and Bonds – Any interruption in the conductor or lead body associated with a point of connection
- Insulation Breach – Any lead insulation breach
- Other – Includes specific proprietary lead mechanical attributes

8.4 Lead Complications

A considerable portion of leads with observed or suspected failures are not explanted and returned for laboratory analysis. In order to report a conservative measure of lead performance, unconfirmed reports of lead complications are therefore also included in the calculation of a lead's survival probability. A clinical observation is considered a qualifying lead complication if a complaint, associated with at least one of the clinical manifestations listed below, is reported and where the non-returned lead is:

- Verified by medical records to have been implanted and in-service, and
- Implanted greater than 30 days, and
- Reported to have been removed from service,
- Modified to remedy the malfunction, or
- Left in service based on medical judgment.

In accordance with the latest AdvaMed guidelines, such clinical observations are classified in the following categories:

- Failure to Capture – Intermittent or complete failure to achieve cardiac stimulation at programmed output delivered outside of the cardiac refractory period. Sudden and significant increase in the pacing threshold value at which 2:1 safety margin can no longer be achieved
- Failure to Sense – Intermittent or complete loss of sensing or failure to detect intended intrinsic cardiac signals during non-refractory periods at programmed sensitivity settings
- Oversensing – Misinterpretation of cardiac or non-cardiac events as cardiac depolarization
- Abnormal Pacing Impedance – Pacing impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is $< 200 \Omega$ or $> 3000 \Omega$
- Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance – Defibrillation impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is $< 20 \Omega$ or $> 200 \Omega$. Including high or low shock impedance when attempting to deliver a shock
- Insulation Breach – A disruption or break in lead insulation observed visually, electrically, or radiographically
- Conductor Fracture – A mechanical break within the lead conductor observed visually, electrically, or radiographically
- Lead Dislodgement – Radiographic, electrical or electrocardiographic evidence of electrode displacement from the original implant site or electrode displacement that adversely affects pacing and/or lead performance
- Extracardiac Stimulation – Clinical observation of inadvertent nerve/muscle stimulation other than cardiac muscle
- Cardiac Perforation – Penetration of the lead tip through the myocardium, clinically suspected and confirmed by chest x-ray, fluoroscopy, echocardiogram, or visual observation, which results in clinical symptoms, typically degradation of pacing/ICD lead electrical performance, chest pain, and tamponade
- Other – Specific proprietary attributes of a lead such as sensors which affect a lead's ability to perform as designed or remain in service

9. Lead Product Performance Graphs and Data

The lead performance information is shown in each section in alphabetical order and by product name.

For each lead, the report provides:

- Product versions that contribute to the evaluation
- Types of leads
- CE and U.S. market release dates
- Worldwide quantity of products that have been distributed
- U.S. registered implants (number of products included in this report)
- Estimated active U.S. implants
- Number of qualifying complications
- Number of confirmed malfunctions

The survival plots provide:

Total Survival

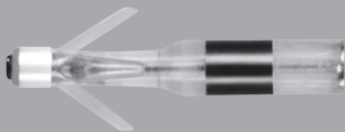
The Cumulative Survival Probability free of component malfunction or observations of an anomaly. Removals for clinical reasons unrelated to the device's performance (i.e., infections) are excluded.

Products or subgroups of products may become subject to advisory notifications that can significantly impact the overall product performance. To date, BIOTRONIK has never had a pacing or ICD lead safety advisory notification, therefore no summary of advisories is provided.

The cumulative survival data and the 95% confidence intervals according to the Greenwood's formula² are shown in numerical form for the observed population.

² Greenwood, M. The Natural Duration of Cancer. Reports on Public Health and Medical Subjects 33, London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1-26, 1926

10. Performance of BIOTRONIK Leads



10.1 Pacing Leads

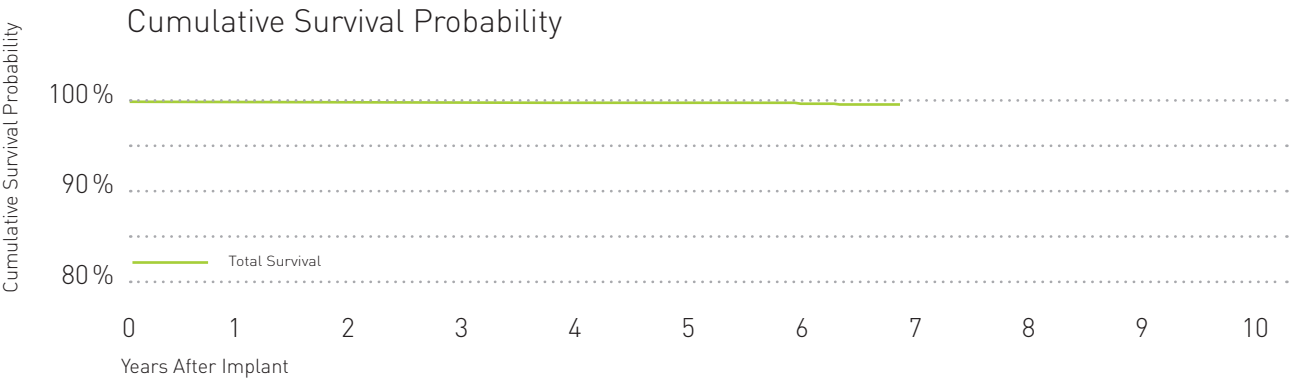
10.2 ICD Leads

10.1 Pacing Leads

Arox

Product Details

Product Versions		Arox 53-BP, Arox 60-BP	
Lead Type		straight, passive fixation	
U.S. Market Release		Sep 2002	
CE Market Release		Jan 2002	
Worldwide Distributed Devices		34,600	
Registered U.S. Implants		8,490	
Estimated Active U.S. Implants		5,920	
<hr/>			
Qualifying Complications	4	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Failure to Capture	2	· Insulation Breach	1
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2		
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Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]						±0.0	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-

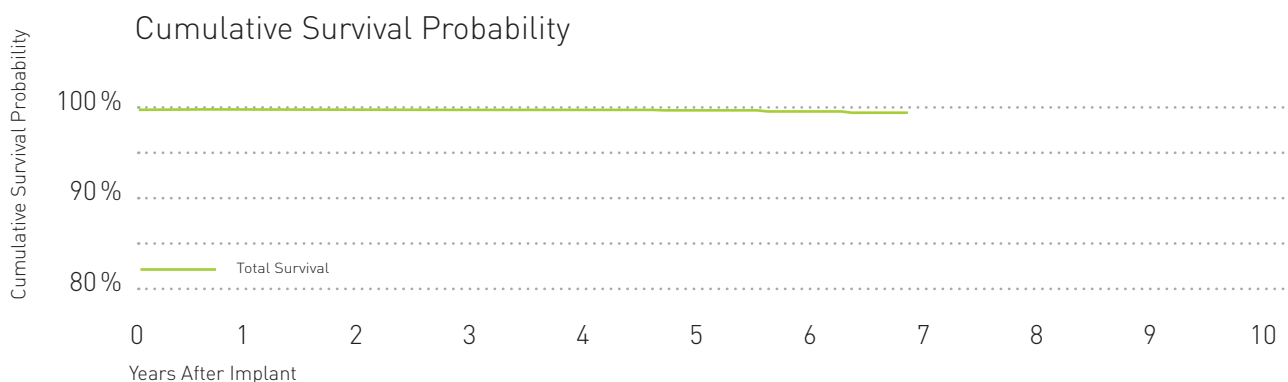
10.1 Pacing Leads

Arox J

Product Details

Product Versions	Arox 45-JBP, Arox 53-JBP
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2002
CE Market Release	Jan 2002
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8,480
Registered U.S. Implants	3,390
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,590

Qualifying Complications	5	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement	3		
· Failure to Capture	2		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	-	-	-	-	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-

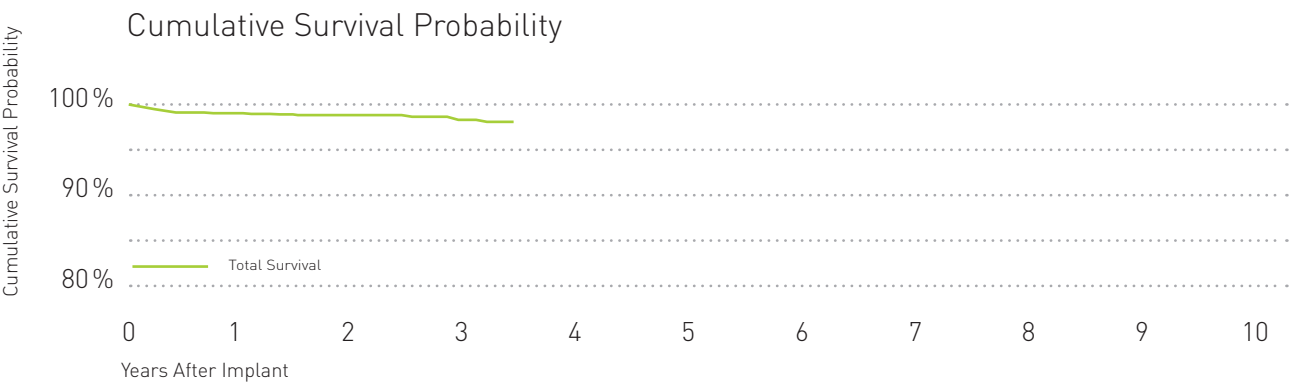
10.1 Pacing Leads

Corox

Product Details

Product Versions	Corox OTW 75-UP Steroid, 85-UP Steroid
Lead Type	unipolar, helix fixation
U.S. Market Release	Aug 2006
CE Market Release	Apr 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,210
Registered U.S. Implants	1,430
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,110

Qualifying Complications	18	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Failure to Capture	10	· Insulation Breach	1
· Extracardiac Stimulation	5		
· Lead Dislodgement	2		
· Insulation Breach	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.1	98.9	98.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.5	±0.6	±0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

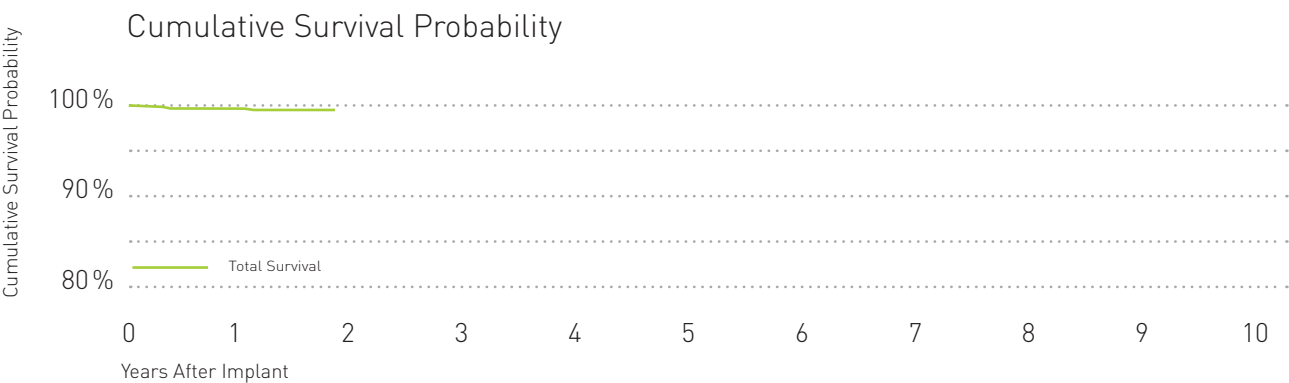
10.1 Pacing Leads

Corox

Product Details

Product Versions	Corox OTW 75-BP Steroid, 85-BP Steroid
Lead Type	bipolar, helix fixation
U.S. Market Release	May 2008
CE Market Release	Dec 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	13,500
Registered U.S. Implants	2,060
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,920

Qualifying Complications	5	Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Lead Dislodgement	3	· Conductor Fracture	1
· Failure to Capture	1	· Insulation Breach	1
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		



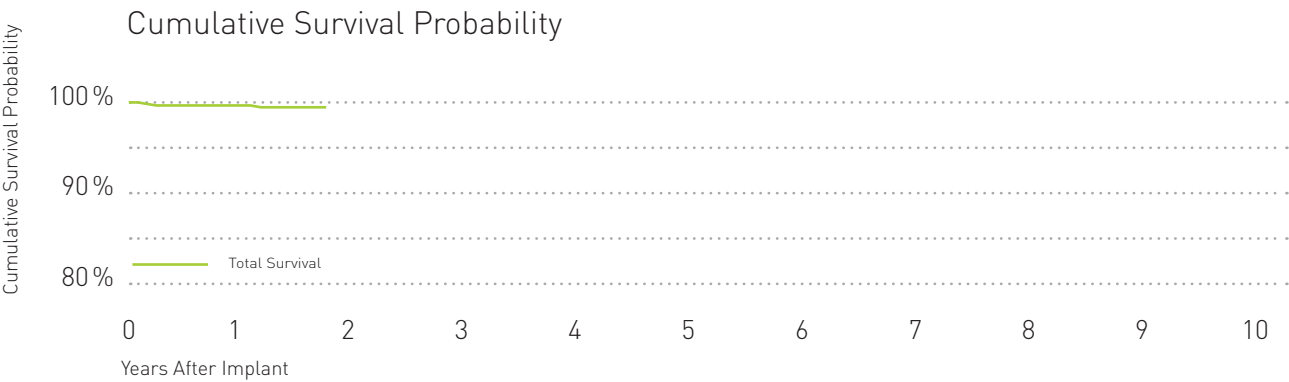
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

10.1 Pacing Leads

Corox

Product Details

Product Versions	Corox OTW-S 75-BP, 85-BP		
Lead Type	bipolar, thread fixation		
U.S. Market Release	May 2008		
CE Market Release	Dec 2006		
Worldwide Distributed Devices	6,480		
Registered U.S. Implants	2,500		
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,350		
Qualifying Complications	4	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement	3	· Conductor Fracture	1
· Insulation Breach	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

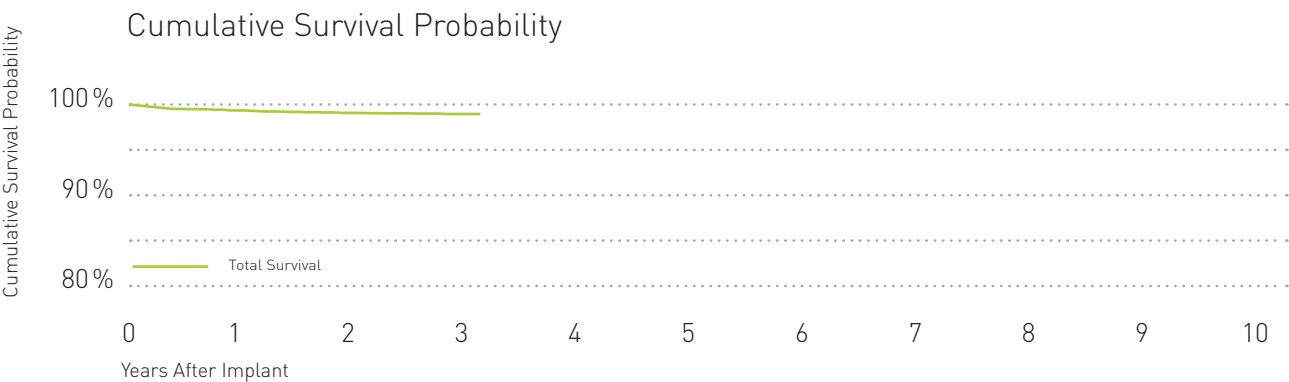
10.1 Pacing Leads

Dextrus

Product Details

Product Versions	Dextrus Model 4135, 4136, 4137
Lead Type	straight, active fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Apr 2007
CE Market Release	May 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	173,400
Registered U.S. Implants	123,000
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	105,000

Qualifying Complications	774	· Cardiac Perforation	12
· Lead Dislodgement	287	· Conductor Fracture	6
· Failure to Capture	199	· Insulation Breach.	2
· Oversensing	115		
· Failure to Sense	93	Confirmed Malfunctions	24
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	47	· Conductor Fracture	7
· Extracardiac Stimulation.	13	· Insulation Breach.	17



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.3	99.1	98.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

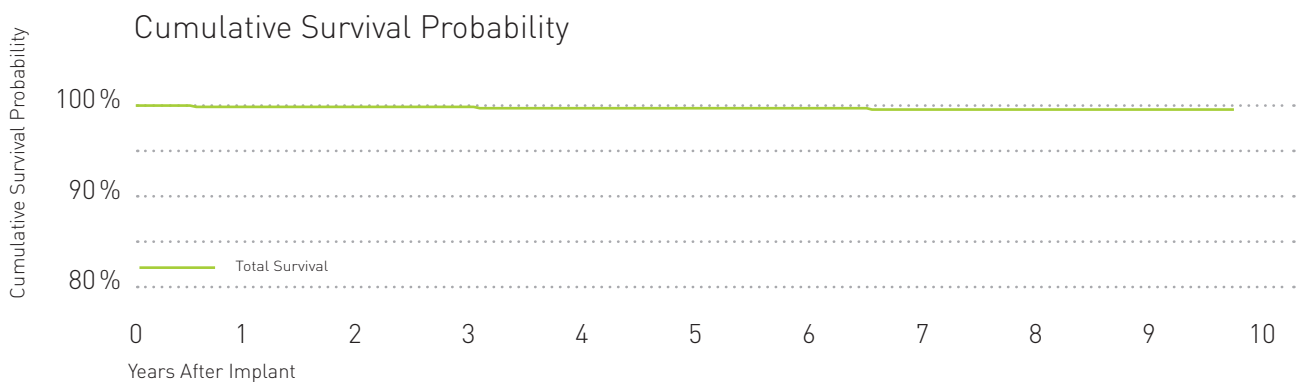
10.1 Pacing Leads

Elox

Product Details

Product Versions	Elox 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	May 2000
CE Market Release	May 2000
Worldwide Distributed Devices	36,000
Registered U.S. Implants	11,000
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	5,170

Qualifying Complications	26	Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Lead Dislodgement	2	· Conductor Fracture	1
· Failure to Capture	2	· Insulation Breach.	1
· Oversensing	8		
· Failure to Sense	10		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Conductor Fracture	1		
· Insulation Breach	1		
· Extracardiac Stimulation.	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-

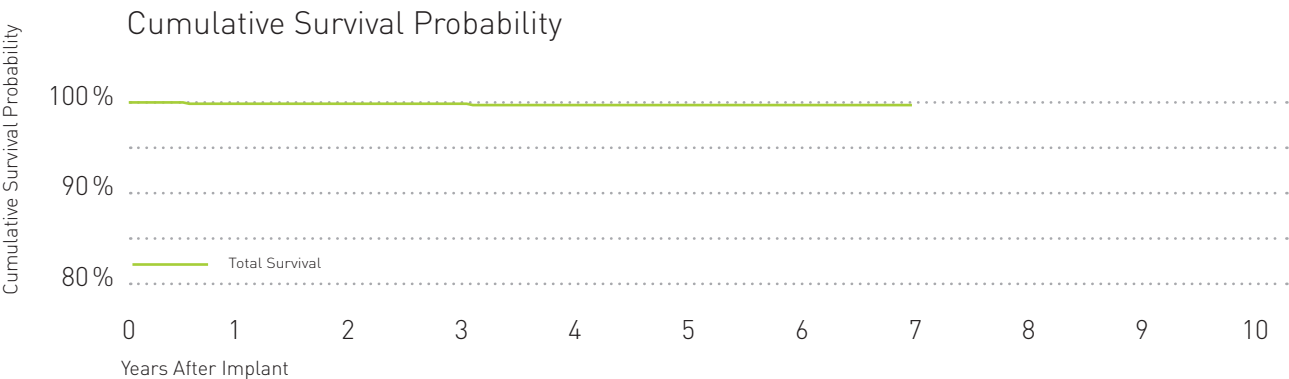
10.1 Pacing Leads

Elox P

Product Details

Product Versions	Elox P 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	May 2003
CE Market Release	Feb 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	21,900
Registered U.S. Implants	3,020
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,840

Qualifying Complications	4	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement	2	· Insulation Breach	1
· Failure to Capture	2		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	-	-	-	-	-
(95 % Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-

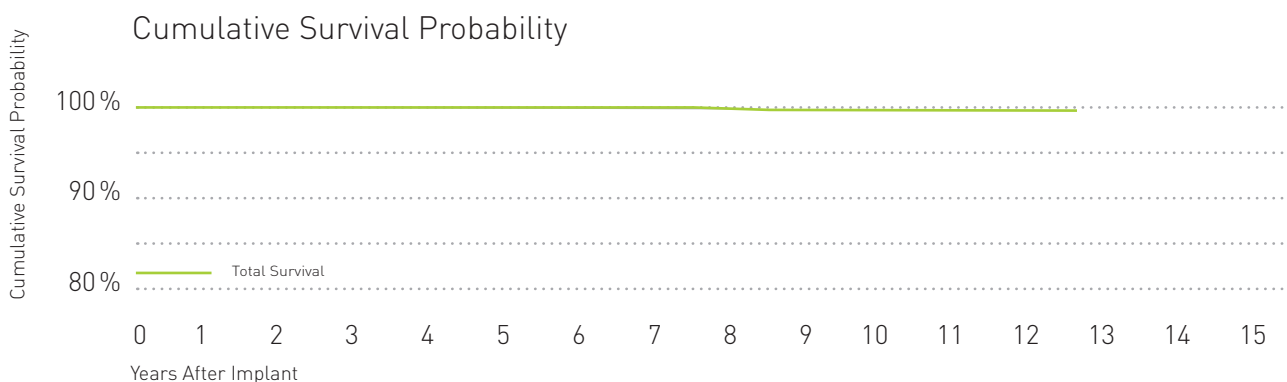
10.1 Pacing Leads

Polyrox

Product Details

Product Versions	Polyrox 60-UP, 53-BP, 53/15-BP, 60-BP, 60/15-BP
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1997
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	335,000
Registered U.S. Implants	15,100
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	6,110

Qualifying Complications	5	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Failure to Capture	2	· Insulation Breach	1
· Conductor Fracture	2		
· Insulation Breach	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95 % Confidence Interval)					±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

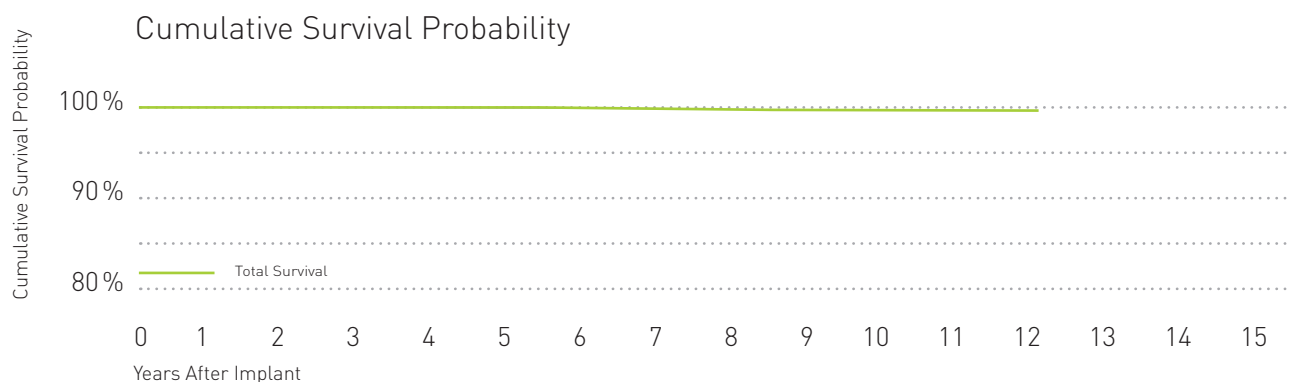
10.1 Pacing Leads

Polyrox J

Product Details

Product Versions	Polyrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP, 53-JUP
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1997
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	45,800
Registered U.S. Implants	3,730
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,590

Qualifying Complications	3	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement	1		
· Failure to Sense	2		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95 % Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

10.1 Pacing Leads

Retrox J

Product Details

Product Versions	Retrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP
Lead Type	J-shape, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	Aug 1998
CE Market Release	Mar 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	14,000
Registered U.S. Implants	4,240
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,770

Qualifying Complications	8	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
· Lead Dislodgement	1		
· Failure to Capture	3		
· Oversensing	2		
· Failure to Sense	2		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	-
(95 % Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	-

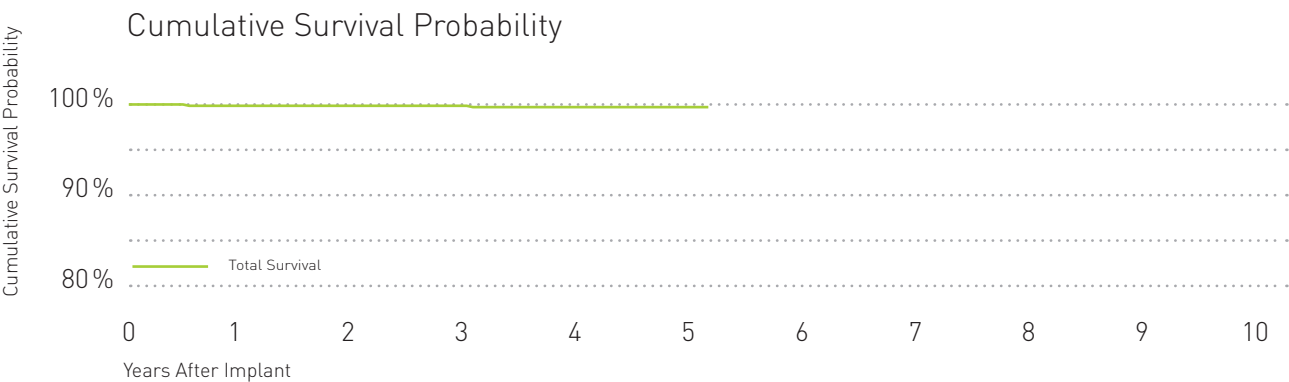
10.1 Pacing Leads

Selox JT

Product Details

Product Versions	Selox JT 45, JT 53
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2004
CE Market Release	Nov 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	68,800
Registered U.S. Implants	8,220
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	7,300

Qualifying Complications	9	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement	3	· Insulation Breach	1
· Failure to Capture	4		
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Conductor Fracture	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-

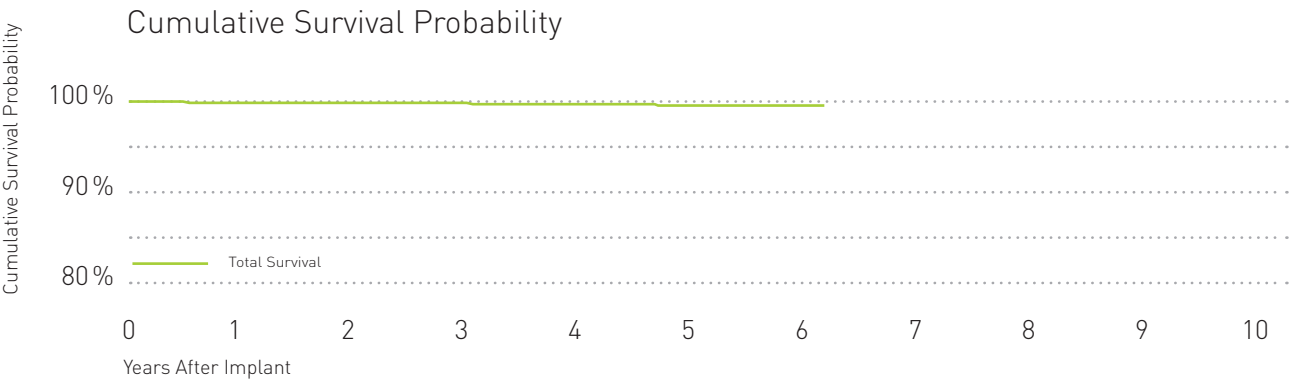
10.1 Pacing Leads

Selox SR

Product Details

Product Versions	Selox SR 45, SR 53, SR 60
Lead Type	straight, active fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Mar 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	133,000
Registered U.S. Implants	14,300
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	10,200

Qualifying Complications	33	Confirmed Malfunctions	5
· Lead Dislodgement	12	· Insulation Breach	5
· Failure to Capture	16		
· Oversensing	1		
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Conductor Fracture	1		
· Extracardiac Stimulation	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.7	99.6	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-

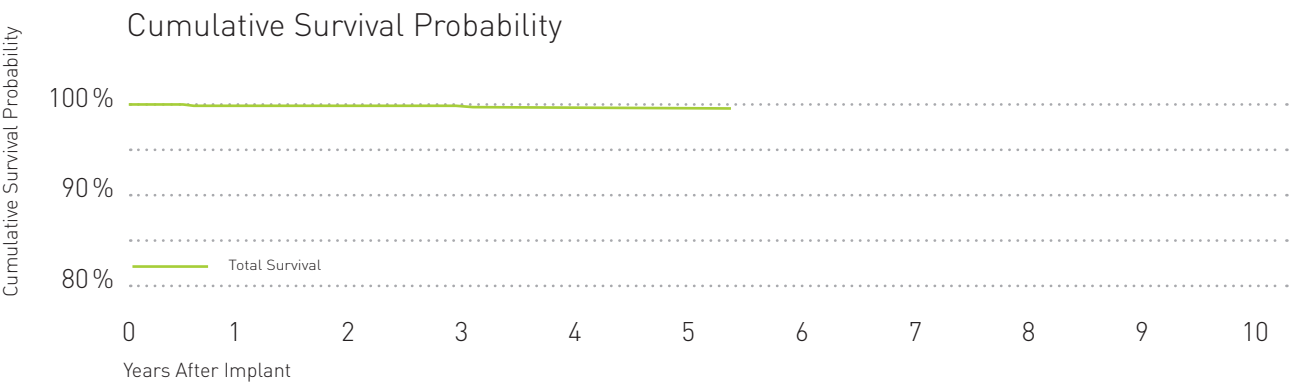
10.1 Pacing Leads

Selox ST

Product Details

Product Versions	Selox ST 53, ST 60
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2004
CE Market Release	Nov 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	220,000
Registered U.S. Implants	16,300
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	14,000

Qualifying Complications	29	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement	2	· Crimps, Welds and Bonds	1
· Failure to Capture	22		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2		
· Conductor Fracture	3		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	-	-	-	-	-	-

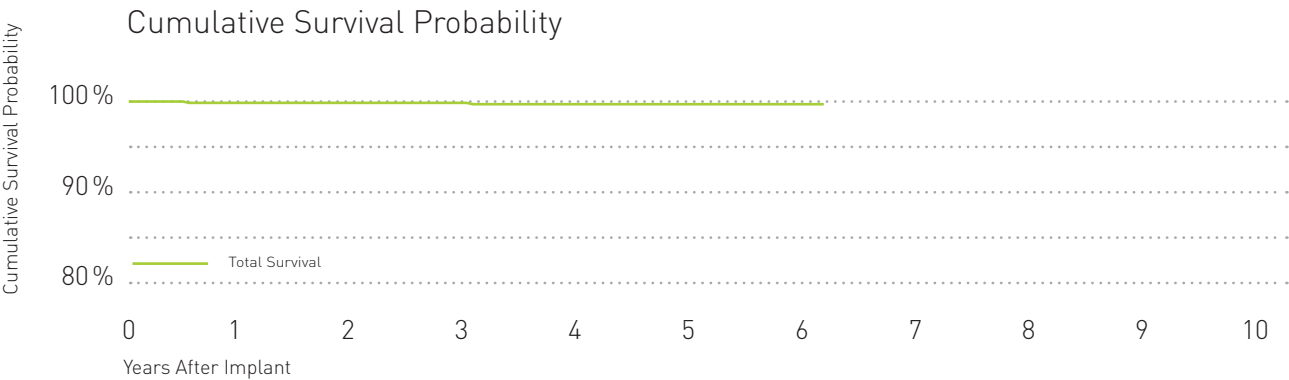
10.1 Pacing Leads

Setrox S

Product Details

Product Versions	Setrox S-45, S-53, S-60
Lead Type	straight, active fixation, bipolar
U.S. Market Release	Apr 2006
CE Market Release	Mar 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	268,000
Registered U.S. Implants	68,400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	62,900

Qualifying Complications	89	Confirmed Malfunctions	4
· Lead Dislodgement	56	· Conductor Fracture	3
· Failure to Capture	19	· Insulation Breach	1
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	2		
· Insulation Breach	5		
· Oversensing	5		
· Cardiac Perforation	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

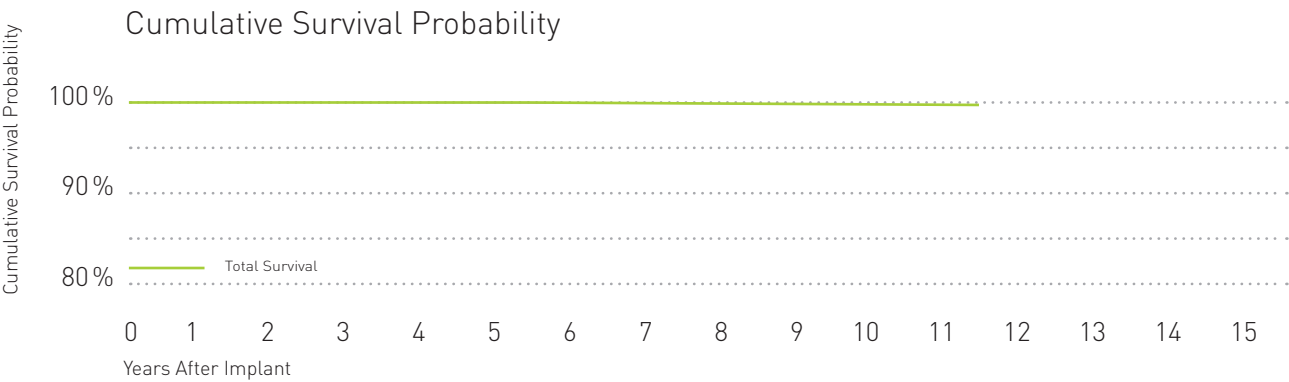
10.1 Pacing Leads

Synox

Product Details

Product Versions	Synox 60-UP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Sep 1998
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	160,000
Registered U.S. Implants	17,600
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	8,440

Qualifying Complications	12	Confirmed Malfunctions	2
· Failure to Capture	7	· Conductor Fracture	2
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Insulation Breach	2		
· Oversensing	1		



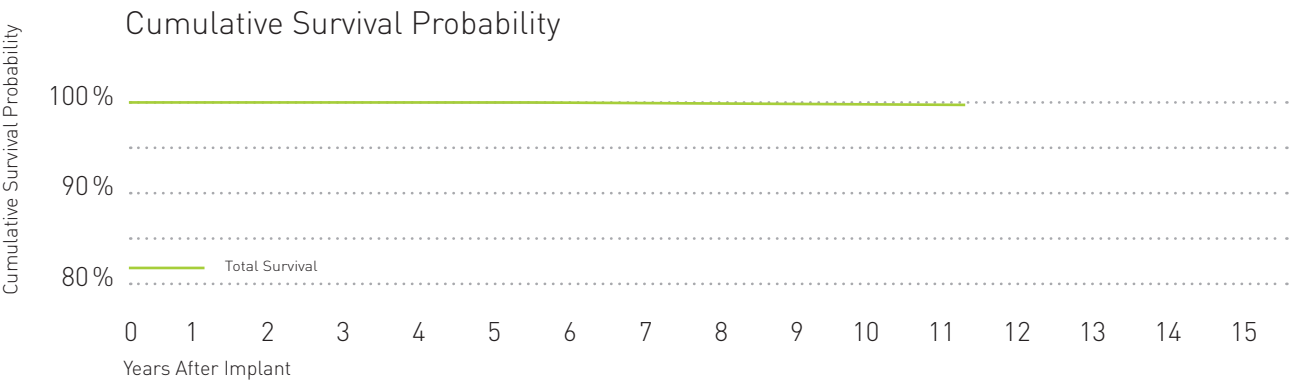
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.0	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-

10.1 Pacing Leads

Synox J

Product Details

Product Versions	Synox 45-JBP, 53-JBP		
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation		
U.S. Market Release	Sep 1998		
CE Market Release	Jul 1996		
Worldwide Distributed Devices	72,700		
Registered U.S. Implants	8,160		
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4,370		
Qualifying Complications	7	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Oversensing	2	· Crimps, Welds and Bonds	1
· Failure to Sense	4		
· Conductor Fracture	1		



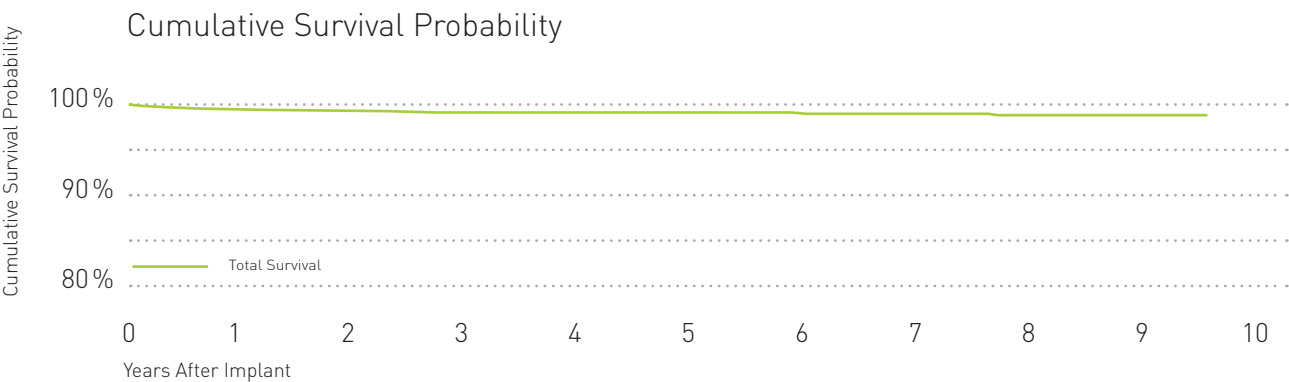
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	-

Kainox SL

Product Details

Product Versions	Kainox SL 65, 75, 100
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Nov 1998
CE Market Release	Sep 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9,600
Registered U.S. Implants	2,490
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,260

Qualifying Complications	19	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Lead Dislodgement	1	· Insulation Breach.	1
· Failure to Capture	6		
· Oversensing	9		
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Insulation Breach	1		
· Conductor Fracture	1		



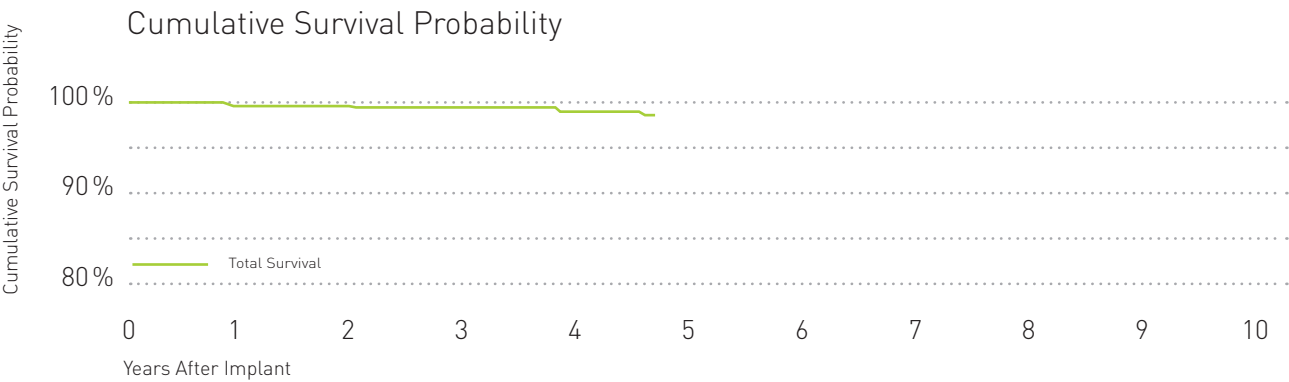
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.5	99.4	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.0	99.0	98.9	98.9	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.3	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4	±0.4	±0.5	±0.5	-	-

Kentrox RV

Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox RV 65, -Steroid, 75, -Steroid
Lead Type	single-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Mar 2002/Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Jan 2001/Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	5,350
Registered U.S. Implants	400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	247

Qualifying Complications	3	Confirmed Malfunctions	1
· Oversensing	2	· Conductor Fracture	1
· Conductor Fracture	1		



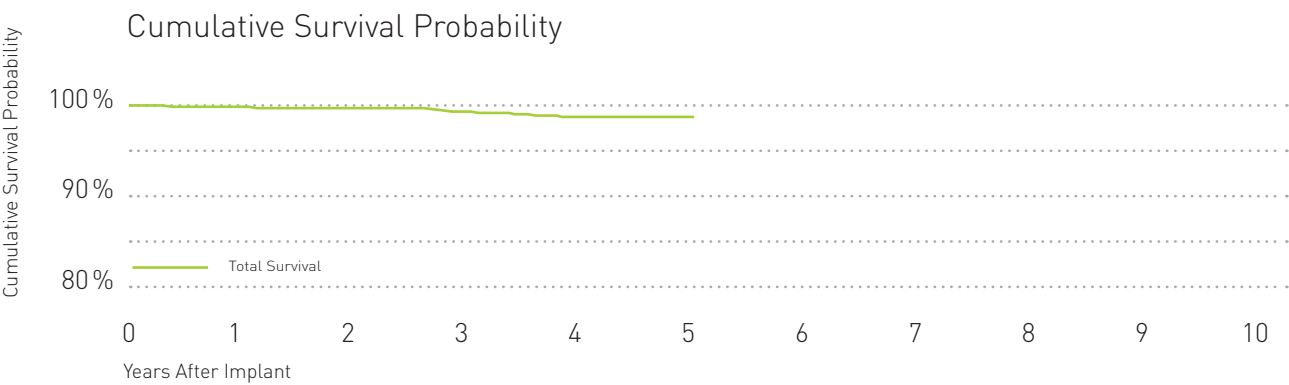
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.4	99.4	99.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.6	±0.6	±0.8	±1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Kentrox SL

Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox SL 65, 75, Kentrox SL 65, 75, 100 Steroid
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Dec 2003/Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8,410
Registered U.S. Implants	1,030
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	755

Qualifying Complications	8	Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Oversensing	4	· Insulation Breach	3
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Insulation Breach	3		



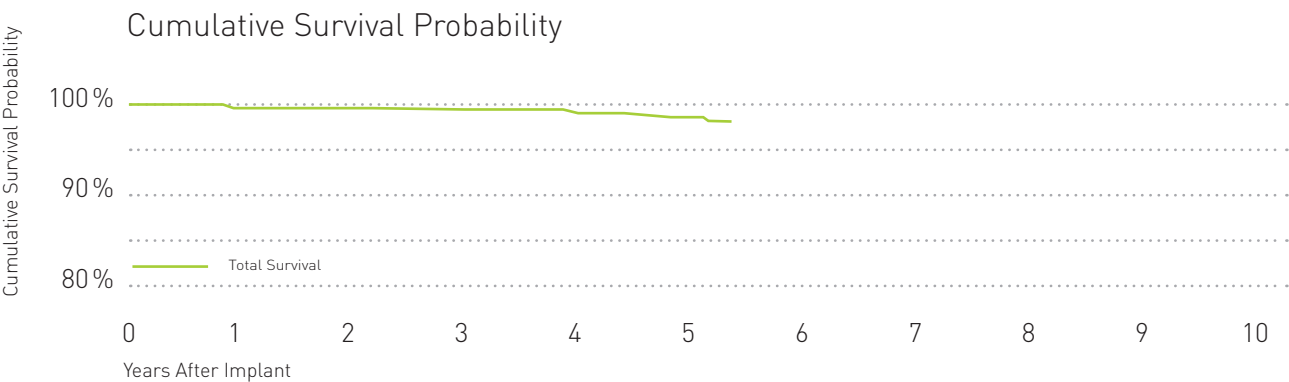
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.7	99.4	98.8	98.8	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.3	±0.4	±0.5	±0.7	±0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-

Kentrox SL-S

Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox SL-S 65/16, 18 Steroid
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Jun 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8,690
Registered U.S. Implants	2,410
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,780

Qualifying Complications	18	Confirmed Malfunctions	5
· Lead Dislodgement	2	· Insulation Breach	5
· Failure to Capture	3		
· Oversensing	11		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Extracardiac Stimulation	1		



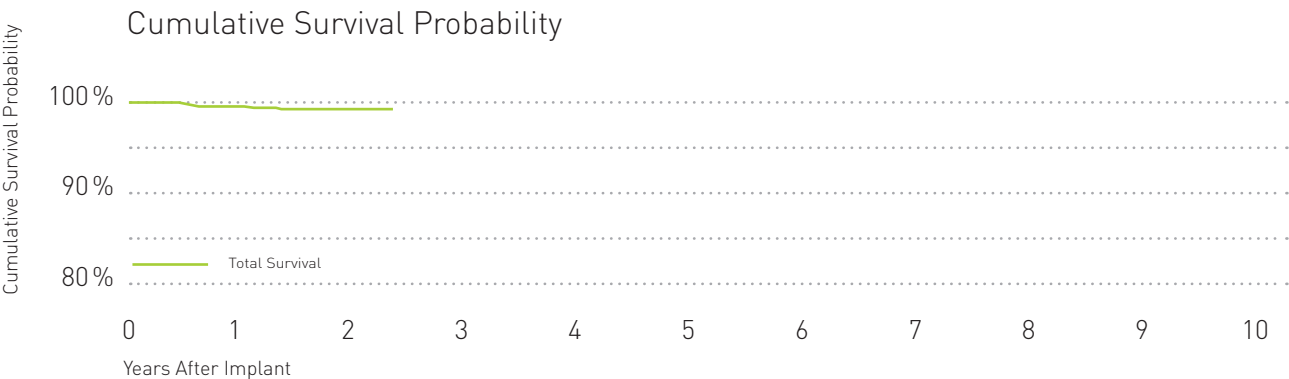
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.6	99.3	98.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.4	±0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-

Linux S

Product Details

Product Versions	Linux S 65, Linux S 75
Lead Type	single-coil, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Mar 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	19,000
Registered U.S. Implants	1,400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1,320

Qualifying Complications	1	Confirmed Malfunctions	3
· Oversensing	1	· Conductor Fracture	1
		· Insulation Breach	2



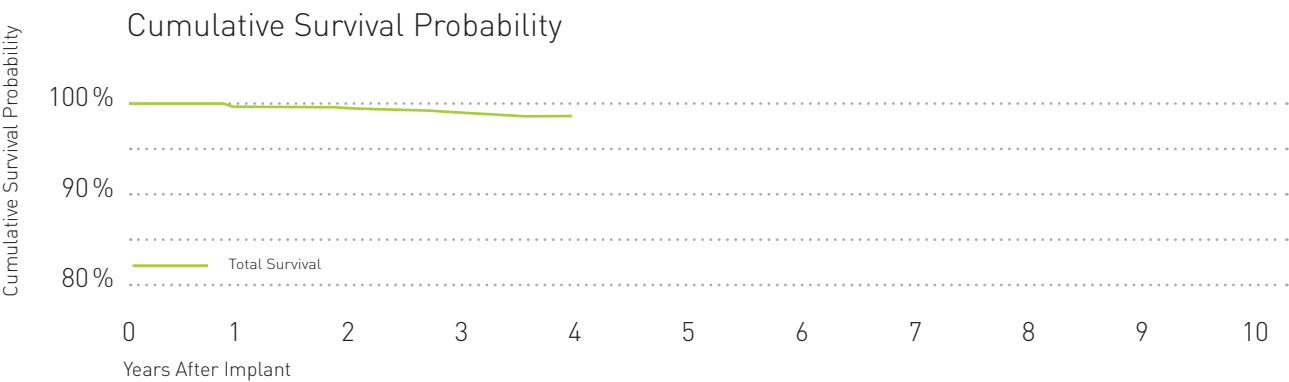
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.3	±0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Linux SD

Product Details

Product Versions	Linux SD 65, 75/16,18
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
U.S. Market Release	Apr 2006
CE Market Release	Aug 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	43,900
Registered U.S. Implants	17,200
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	15,700

Qualifying Complications	60	Confirmed Malfunctions	33
· Lead Dislodgement	15	· Conductor Fracture	5
· Failure to Capture	8	· Insulation Breach	28
· Oversensing	23		
· Failure to Sense	1		
· Conductor Fracture	5		
· Insulation Breach	6		
· Abnormal Pacing Impedance	1		
· Cardiac Perforation	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.3	98.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95% Confidence Interval]		±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

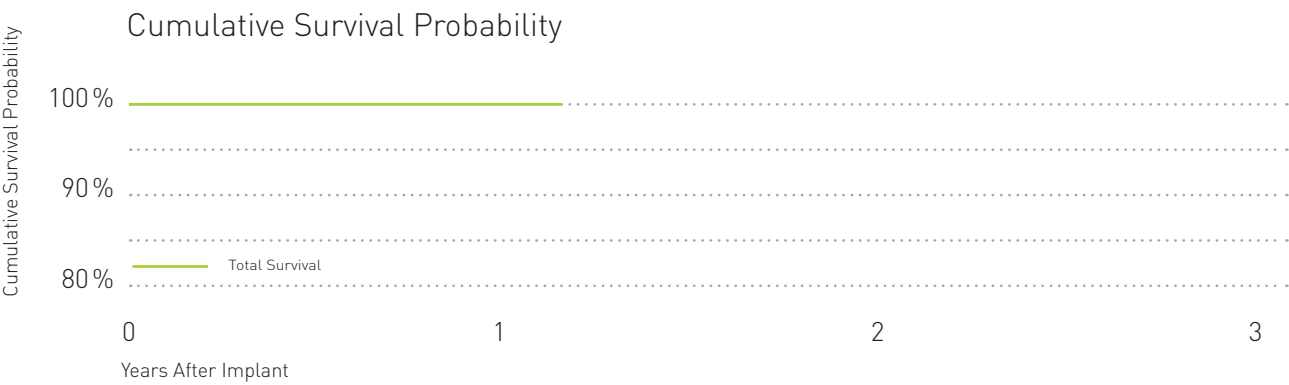
10.2 ICD Leads

Linux T

Product Details

Product Versions	Linux T 65, 75
Lead Type	single-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Mar 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	1,740
Registered U.S. Implants	285
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	267

Qualifying Complications	0	Confirmed Malfunctions	0
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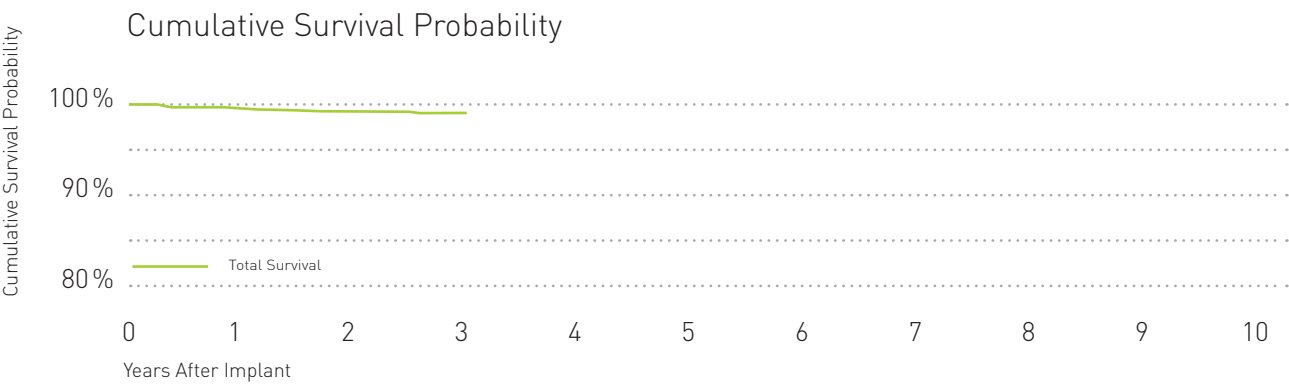
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(95% Confidence Interval)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Linux TD

Product Details

Product Versions	Linux TD 65, 75, 100/16,18
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2006
CE Market Release	Oct 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	12,600
Registered U.S. Implants	2,300
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2,130

Qualifying Complications	7	Confirmed Malfunctions	5
· Lead Dislodgement	1	· Insulation Breach	5
· Failure to Capture	3		
· Oversensing	2		
· Conductor Fracture	1		



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.5	99.3	99.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
[95 % Confidence Interval]		±0.3	±0.4	±0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

11. Contacting BIOTRONIK

Regarding this Report

BIOTRONIK invites your suggestions and questions related to this Product Performance Report.
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