Product Performance Report

January 2016





Product Performance ReportJanuary 2016

Cardiac Rhythm Management

Pacemakers

ICDs

Leads

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1 Quality Excellence

BIOTRONIK has a long history of high quality in product design and performance. For more than 50 years, the name BIOTRONIK has been synonymous with excellent workmanship and reliable patient safety. Our quality concept follows an integrated approach and extends from preventative risk measures during a product's development phase through all the steps of the manufacturing and design process.

BIOTRONIK's quality assurance system guarantees strict adherence to internal quality standards as well as compliance with international standards and guidelines. Regular reviews of our product performance and manufacturing evaluations contribute significantly to the achievement of extraordinary quality. Our customers, patients, and physicians can rely on the highest degree of safety built into our products. We always welcome suggestions from users about how we can improve the quality of our products.

This Product Performance Report is an integral component of BIOTRONIK's commitment to provide detailed, accurate information regarding long term reliability. The Product Performance Report exemplifies BIOTRONIK's policy of transparent and timely communication with our customers.

As a means to obtain continuous improvement of the designs, BIOTRONIK carefully analyzes returned products and incorporates all findings into our quality assurance system. This Product Performance Report was prepared in accordance with International Standard ISO 5841-2: 2014 (E)1 and is in compliance with the recommendations from the U.S. Heart Rhythm Society Task Force on Device Performance Policies and Guidelines. As an active member of AdvaMed and their Pacemaker/ICD Working Group, BIOTRONIK has worked extensively with the CRM industry to ensure comparable product performance data is reported by all manufacturers. The data provided in BIOTRONIK's Product Performance Report incorporates the requirements and definitions as defined in AdvaMed's Requirements for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators, except as noted herein.

In BIOTRONIK's continuous efforts to provide accurate and transparent information and to ensure that a conservative estimate for device performance is reported, the Survival Probability calculations presented herein also consider reported pacemaker and ICD battery depletions as well as lead complications without the device having been returned for analysis.

1 The ISO 5841-2:2014(E) is replacing the previous version ISO 5841-2:2000. As part of the update, AdvaMed's Requirements for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Pulse Generators were incorporated in the new ISO 5841-2:2014(E).



Because a significant portion of this report is based on analyses of returned products, BIOTRONIK urges all physicians to return explanted devices and to notify us when a product is explanted or no longer in use for any reason.

BIOTRONIK aims to continually improve and enhance the scope of this report while integrating the latest information and data concerning the performance of our products. Please contact our U.S. Compliance Department (888) 345-0374 or Worldwide CRM Technical Service Department at +49-30-68905-1133 (Germany) with any comments, suggestions or questions. Your feedback is highly appreciated and will be used to further develop this report.

BIOTRONIK, January 2016

Dr. Volker Lang

Vice President Global Quality Management

Ville Zang

BIOTRONIK SE & Co. KG

The following terms and definitions are used for pacemakers and Implantable Cardioverter
Defibrillators (ICDs) as well as pacing and ICD leads throughout this Product Performance Report. These definitions form the basis for this Product Performance Report by clearly articulating the status of each device return and product analysis classification.

Elective Replacement Indicator

All active implantable devices that are powered by an internal battery need to be replaced when their battery is depleted. BIOTRONIK pacemakers and ICDs have an Elective Replacement Indicator (ERI) feature aka Recommended Replacement time (RRT) that notifies the health care provider when the device's battery is nearing the end of its useful life. Display of ERI is BIOTRONIK's recommendation to the user that the battery's presnt state will require device replacement in the near future. For further details please refer to the corresponding manual.

Battery Depletion

Battery depletions are classified as either normal (expected) or premature. Premature battery depletions are defined as device malfunctions, while normal battery depletions are not device malfunctions. Batteries of returned devices are considered to have depleted normally when (a) a device is returned with no associated complaint and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time that meets or exceeds the nominal (50 percentile) predicted longevity at default (labeled) settings, or (b) a device is returned and the device has reached its elective replacement indicator(s) with implant time exceeding 75% of the expected longevity using the longevity calculation tool available at time of product introduction, calculated using the device's actual use conditions and settings. For consistency with previous product performance reports, for ICDs released prior to Lumax and pacemakers released prior to Philos II. batteries of returned devices are considered to have depleted normally if they have reached their elective replavement indicator and testing indicates that the battery and associated circuitry are within specifications.

Out of Specification

Any component or software related event that causes the device's characteristics to not meet pre-defined performance specifications and requirements while implanted and in service. Returned product analysis that determines a device to be out of specification is considered a device malfunction. Normal battery depletions are not considered device malfunctions. BIOTRONIK defines the requirements and performance specifications for each product.

Device Malfunctions

Any component or software related event that causes the device's characteristics to be out of specification while implanted and in service are considered device malfunctions. Because it is impossible to verify that a device has malfunctioned without analyzing it, only returned devices can be classified as malfunctions for this report. Each returned lead, ICD and pacemaker is analyzed to determine if it has malfunctioned. If the analysis determines that a pacemaker or ICD failed to meet its specifications while implanted and in service, it is further classified as either a malfunction with compromised therapy or as a malfunction without compromised therapy. Devices damaged during implant, revision or after explant, damaged due to external causes (i.e., electrocautery) or to failure to follow instructions, warnings or contraindications in its associated technical manual are not considered malfunctions. Devices damaged due to interaction with other implanted devices (i.e., leads) are also not considered as malfunctions for the purposes of this Product Performance Report.

Malfunctions with Compromised Therapy

The condition when a pacemaker or ICD is found to have malfunctioned in a manner that compromised pacing or defibrillation therapy (including complete loss or partial degradation) while implanted and in service. Therapy is considered to have been compromised if critical patient-protective pacing or defibrillation therapy is not available. Examples include: sudden loss of battery voltage; accelerated current drain such that a depleted battery was not detected before loss of therapy; sudden malfunction

during a tachycardia or fibrillation event resulting in aborted delivery of therapy; intermittent malfunction where therapy is sporadically unavailable.

Malfunctions without Compromised Therapy

The condition when a pacemaker or ICD is found to have malfunctioned in a manner that did not compromise pacing or defibrillation therapy while implanted and in service. Therapy is not compromised as long as critical patient-protective pacing and defibrillation therapies are available as determined through device analysis.

Lead Complications

A lead performance issue where a complaint, associated with at least one of the clinical manifestations listed below, is reported and where the non-returned lead is:

- Verified by medical records to have been implanted and in-service, and
- Reported to have been removed from service.
- Modified to remedy the malfunction, or
- Left in service based on medical judgment. Complications for leads implanted greater than 30 days are reported as Qualifying lead complications, whereas complications occurring during the first 30 days are reported as Acute lead observations. In accordance with the latest AdvaMed guidlines, the complications are classified in the following categories:
- Failure to Capture
- Failure to Sense
- Oversensing
- Abnormal Pacing Impedance
- Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance
- Insulation Breach
- Conductor Fracture
- Lead Dislodgement
- Extracardiac Stimulation
- Cardiac Perforation
- Other

Survival Probability Estimates

The probability that a device remains operational during a discrete time interval is defined as survival probability. Survival probability, as presented in this report, is related to device survival only and not survival of the patient. The survival probability estimates in this report are based on BIOTRONIK's analysis of returned products as well as events that are reported to BIOTRONIK (e.g., battery depletions or lead complications).

Cumulative Survival Probability Estimates

The survival probability over a device's service time is the cumulative survival probability. It is calculated from all discrete survival probabilities of previous time intervals. This characteristic is calculated separately for malfunction-free survival and all-cause survival (including normal battery depletions). Specific populations that are subject to a safety advisory notification are excluded and shown separately.

Implanted Devices

Only devices remaining implanted for at least one calendar day after the implantation date are considered as implanted. Devices that are removed from the patient on the same calendar day as the implant procedure do not contribute to the survival statistics.

Active Implants

The number of devices that remain operational within a discrete observation interval are active implants. Units are removed from this cohort due to patient death or explant for any reason.

Underreporting

A device status may change without being accounted for in the Product Performance database due to a lack of information being provided to BIOTRONIK. Underreporting adjustments deemed to be necessary are detailed in this report.

Safety Advisory Notifications

Any action taken by the manufacturer to inform clinicians concerning a device performance issue that may cause the device to not meet its predefined specifications is referred to as a Safety Advisory Notification.

3 Methodology for Pacemaker and ICD Survival Estimates

Cumulative Survival Probability 3.1

This report has been prepared in accordance with ISO 5841-2:2014(E) applying actuarial analysis for the calculation of survival probabilities. Survival Estimates given in this report are considered to be generally representative for worldwide performance of BIOTRONIK devices.

The Cumulative Survival Probability is an estimate based on the percentage of pacemakers and ICDs that remain implanted and operational at various points of the product's service time in absence of concurrent events such as morbidity and voluntary explants for various reasons (e.g., device upgrade). The Device Survival Estimate over time is displayed in cumulative curves (Kaplan-Meier). The product's performance is evaluated in discrete one-month intervals. The survival probability for each month is given by the number of devices that remain implanted and operational through this month divided by the number of devices that entered the interval. The cumulative survival probability for any period is given by multiplying all survival probabilities of previous months.

At the time of implantation, the cumulative survival probability is 100 %. Even though they are analyzed as part of our quality system monitoring, devices that are found to be out of specification prior to or during the implantation procedure are removed from the statistics as they do not contribute to a patient's risk of being subject to a device malfunction or replacement during the device's service time. Because this report is provided to describe product performance based on returned product analyses, the pacemaker and ICD data does not include information regarding medical complications such as erosion, infection or diaphragmatic stimulation.

In general, during the initial phase of the service time, devices which are out of specification are the primary contribution to reduction of survival probability. As the product lifecycle lengthens, normal battery depletion assumes a greater impact on the survival curve and becomes the dominating factor.

In order to make these two effects distinguishable, the cumulative survival probability curves are shown separately for devices that are confirmed to have malfunctioned only, and for total (all-cause) cumulative survival. In case of a device being subject to a safety advisory notification that significantly impacts the survival probability, this factor is displayed separately.

3.2 Data Acquisition

This report is based on the observation of BIOTRONIK's U.S. products through review of our device registration and tracking systems and analyses of returned products from all sources. Because the ability to perform decedent searches of patients with BIOTRONIK devices via the U.S. Social Security Administration, the use of U.S. data more accurately represents the active patient population for reporting purposes. In addition, device tracking regulations and vigilance reporting regulations vary throughout the world; therefore use of the U.S. data is most appropriate for accurate and consistent reporting of product performance.

In order to be included in the population under observation, a device must be registered and implanted for at least one calendar day. The cutoff date for the data included in this report is June 30, 2015. The number of U.S. devices that are implanted and remain active as well as the total number of products distributed worldwide are provided for each product family in this report. Information is provided for separate product families, in that devices with nearly identical hardware and therapy functions are combined. For example, Lexos VR and VR-T (with Home Monitoring) ICDs are combined into a single family, Lexos Single Chamber ICDs.

Survival estimates are calculated for product families having accumulated at least 10,000 cumulative implant months. Because 10,000 implant months may take some time to accumulate, there may be a gap between U.S. market release and the start of graphical representation of survival probability. Products no longer being distributed with less than 500 active implants may be excluded from this report. ISO 5841-2 describes a method for adjusting the device survival probability to compensate for underreported malfunctions and unrelated patient deaths. The factor for underreporting of malfunctions is unknown as currently no systematic data is available that reveals this factor. Consequently, this factor remains unaccounted for in this report. Patient mortality is artificially elevated if the reported rate from our registration and tracking systems is below the annual mortality in clinical studies. Normal battery depletion rate is assumed if the reported rate of depletion decreases over time.

3.3 Returned Product Analysis

Information on malfunctioning for the pacemaker and ICD portions of this report is taken exclusively from the analysis of returned products. The outcome of this analysis is the basis for the final classification of the device's cause of explantation. Only analyzed products with confirmed device malfunctions are utilized in the calculation of malfunction-free survival probability.

Every pacemaker and ICD returned to BIOTRONIK is analyzed per internal procedures and classified as functioning normally, normal battery depletion, or malfunctioning (including premature battery depletion) while implanted and in service. These device classifications are the basis for BIOTRONIK's cumulative survival estimates on pacemakers and ICDs.

As a significant portion of pacemakers and ICDs with normal battery depletion are not returned for analysis, BIOTRONIK also considers unconfirmed pacemaker and ICD battery depletions (reported, but device not returned) in the total survival estimates to ensure that a conservative estimate for device performance is reported.

3.4 Product Performance Graphs and Data

The product performance information is shown in each section in alphabetical order and by product type.

For each product, the report provides:

- Product versions that contribute to the evaluation
- U.S. and CE market release dates
- Worldwide quantity of products that have been distributed
- U.S. registered implants (number of products included in this report)
- Estimated active U.S. implants
- Number of U.S. normal battery depletions
- Number of U.S. confirmed malfunctions

The survival plots provide:

1. Total Survival

The combined cumulative survival probability for all causes that result in device removal or a system out of operation, excluding removals for clinical reasons unrelated to the device's performance (i.e., infections).

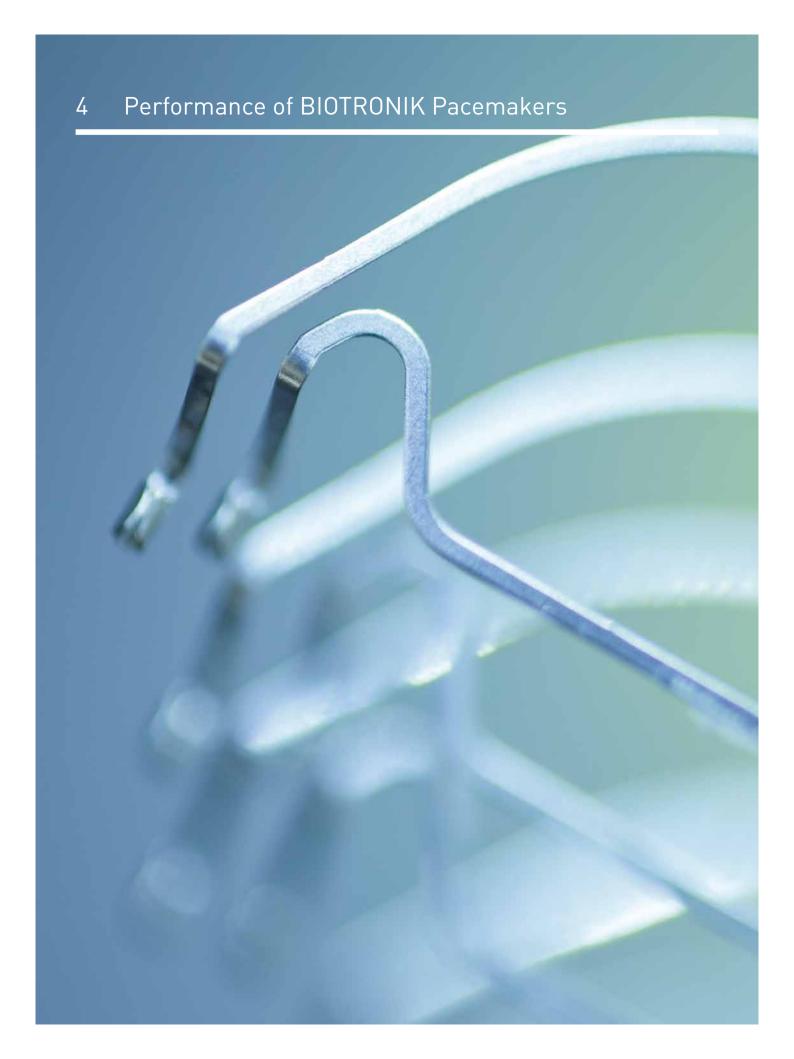
2. Malfunction-Free Survival

The cumulative survival probability free of component or software malfunctions excluding normal battery depletions, but including premature battery depletions. Normal battery depletions only have an impact on the total cumulative survival.

Products or subgroups of products may become subject to safety advisory notifications that can significantly impact the overall product performance. However, as these subgroups are clearly defined they are separated from the non-advisory devices. The impact of the advisory notification is then shown in a separate graph for total cumulative survival and for malfunction-free survival of the device population affected by the advisory notification. Current advisories are listed in chapter 11 of this report.

The cumulative survival data and the 95% confidence intervals according to the Greenwood's 1 Formula are shown in numerical form for the observed population.

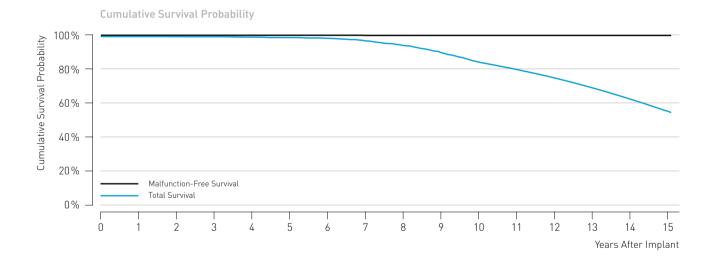
1 Greenwood, M. The natural duration of cancer. Reports on Public Health and Medical Subjects 33, London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1-26, 1926.



- 4.1 Single-Chamber Pacemakers
- 4.2 Dual-Chamber Pacemakers
- 4.3 CRT Pacemakers

Actros

Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Actros S, A SSI, SSIR Mar 1998 Apr 1997 128.000 6.750 950 387	Actros SR
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 2 0 2	Rate 0,03% 0,00% 0,03%



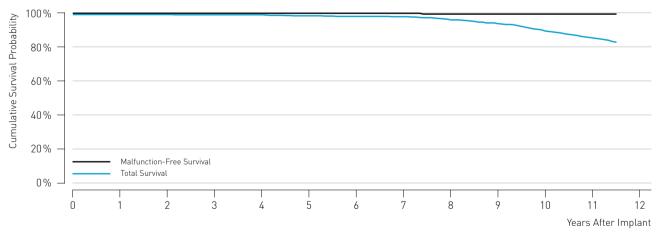
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.	15 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.7	99.4	99.0	97.4	94.7	90.5	84.8	80.5	75.4	69.6	62.9	55.6
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.6	±0.9	±1.3	±1.6	±1.9	±2.1	±2.3	±2.6	±3.0
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)								±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Axios

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	_Axios S, Axios SR _SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	_ 551, 551K _ Nov 2001
CE Market Release	Oct 2001
Worldwide Distributed Devices	142.000
Registered U.S. Implants	_ 1.370
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	_ 312
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	64

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	1	0,07%
 Therapy Compromised 	0	0,00%
 Therapy Available 	1	0,07%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.3	98.9	98.7	96.8	94.5	90.0	85.9
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.2	±0.2	±0.7	±0.8	±0.9	±1.5	±2.0	±2.8	±3.4
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)									±0.4	±0.4	±0.4	±0.4

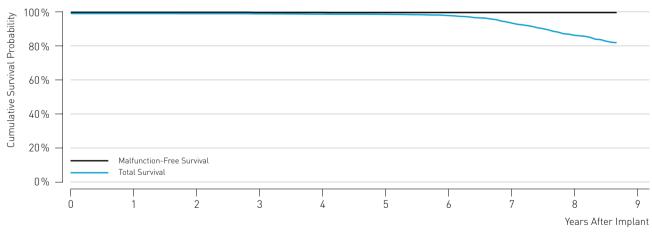
Cylos and Cylos 990

Product Versions* NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release	_ Cylos VR, Cylos 990 VR _ VVIR _ Jan 2006
CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices	Nov 2005 / Mar 2008 25.900
Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ 6.150 _ 3.580 _ 210

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	4	0,07%
 Therapy Compromised 	1	0,02%
 Therapy Available 	3	0,05%

^{*} While Cylos 990 VR is not distributed in the U.S., the performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products

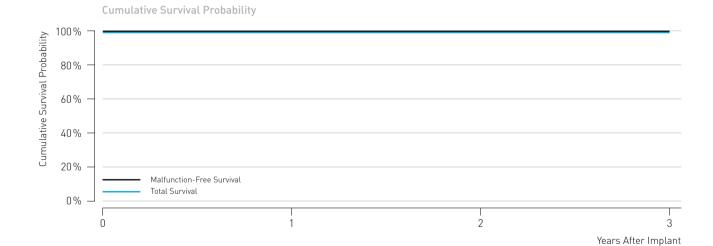




Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.7	99.6	98.8	94.3	86.9
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.4	±1.0	±1.9
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Estella

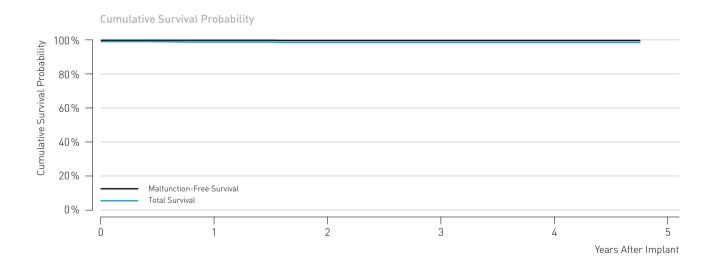
Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Estella SR VVIR Feb 2011 Feb 2011 14.700 608 490	, Estella SR-T
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 0 0 0	Rate 0,00% 0,00% 0,00%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)					
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)					

Evia

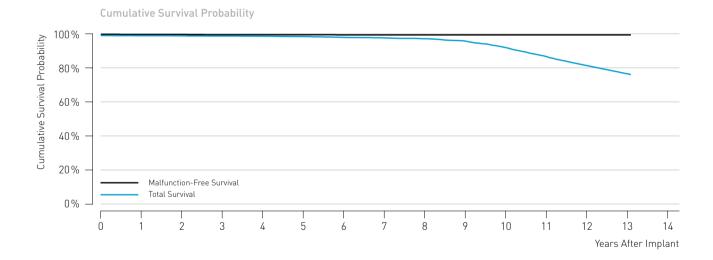
Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Evia SR, Ev AAIR, VVIR May 2010 Oct 2009 53.900 11.800 9.950	
U.S. Confirmed MalfunctionsTherapy CompromisedTherapy Available	Quantity 1 1 0	Rate <0.01% <0.01% 0,00%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)						
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)						

Philos

Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Philos S, F SSI, SSIR Sep 2000 Aug 2000 109.000 5.770 1.720 200	Philos SR
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 7 0 7	Rate 0,12% 0,00% 0,12%



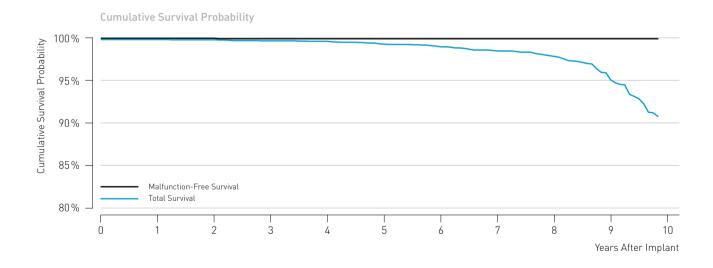
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.4	98.9	98.5	98.1	96.7	92.8	87.5	82.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4	±0.5	±0.8	±1.2	±1.8	±2.3
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Philos II and Talos

Product Versions* NBG Code(s)	_ Philos II S, Philos II SR, Talos S, Talos SR _ SSI, SSIR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004 / May 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	208.000
Registered U.S. Implants	5.240
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	_ 3.050
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ 83

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	1	0,02%
 Therapy Compromised 	1	0,02%
 Therapy Available 	0	0,00%

^{*} While Talos SR and Talos S are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



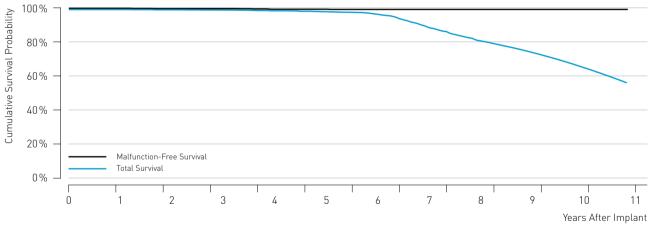
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.5	99.1	98.6	98.0	95.2
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.6	±1.4
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)										

Protos

Product Versions	Protos VR/CLS
NBG Code(s)	WIR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2003
CE Market Release	Jul 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9.820
Registered U.S. Implants	3.260
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	825
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	301

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	6	0,18%
 Therapy Compromised 	_ 2	0,06%
 Therapy Available 	4	0,12%

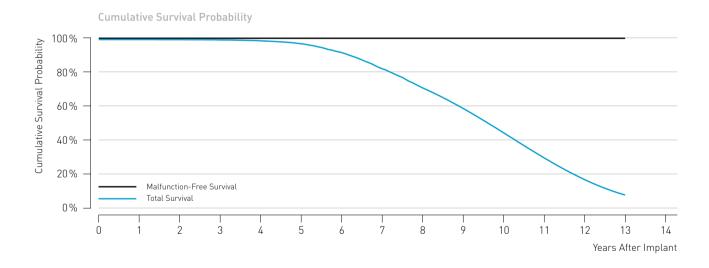




Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	98.8	97.2	89.3	81.6	74.8	65.9
(95% Confidence Interval)	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	±0.5	±0.8	±1.6	±2.1	±2.4	±2.8
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

Actros

Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ Actros D, Actros DR, Actro _ DDD, DDDR, VDDR _ Mar 1998 _ Apr 1997 _ 110.000 _ 13.700 _ 2.030 _ 2.440	s SLR
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity Rate 3 0,02% 3 0,02% 0 0,00%	

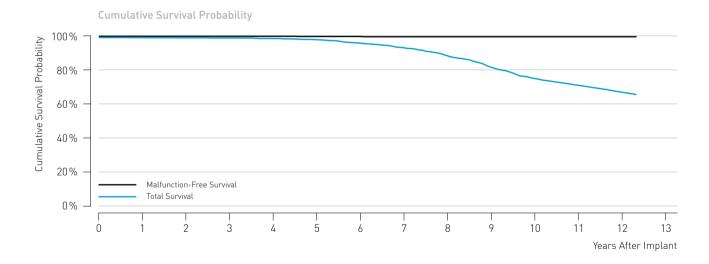


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	97.5	92.3	82.8	71.4	59.3	44.9	30.1	17.3	8.1
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.6	±0.9	±1.1	±1.3	±1.4	±1.4	±1.2	±1.0
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)														

Axios

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	Axios D, Axios DR, Axios SLR DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2001
CE Market Release	Oct 2001
Worldwide Distributed Devices	110.000
Registered U.S. Implants	2.750
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	590
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	315

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	2	0,07%
 Therapy Compromised 	0	0,00%
 Therapy Available 	2	0.07%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.4	98.7	96.7	93.9	89.1	82.3	75.6	71.5	67.4
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.9	±1.2	±1.7	±2.2	±2.6	±2.8	±3.1
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)						±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

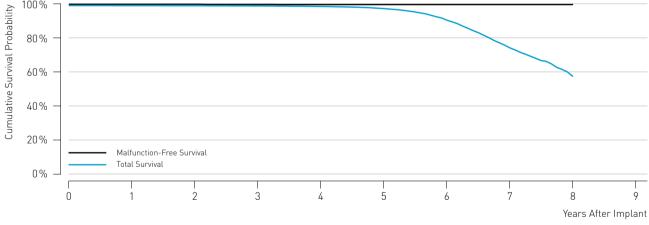
Cylos and Cylos 990

Product Versions*	Cylos DR, Cylos DR-T, Cylos 990 DR, Cylos 990 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2006
CE Market Release	Nov 2005 / Mar 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	_ 81.300
Registered U.S. Implants	_ 30.400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	17.500
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	3.086
	Quantity Rate

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 27	0,09%
 Therapy Compromised 	_ 7	0,02%
Therapy Available	20	0,07%

^{*} While Cylos 990 DR and Cylos 990 DR-T are not distributed in the U.S., the performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products

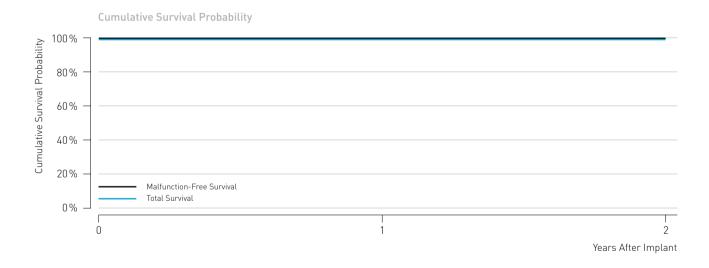




Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.5	98.2	91.3	74.9	58.0
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	±0.9	±2.1
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)									

Entovis

Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Entovis DR, Entovis DR-T DDDR Feb 2010 Nov 2009 104.000 10.100 9.800 0
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity Rate 1 <0.01% 0 0,00% 1 <0.01%

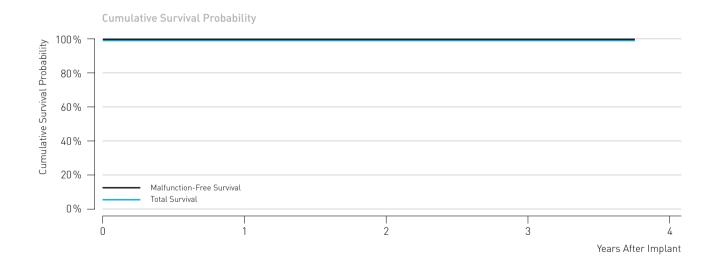


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)			
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)			

Estella

Product Versions	Estella DR, Estella DR-T
NBG Code(s)	DDDR
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2011
CE Market Release	Feb 2011
Worldwide Distributed Devices	23.600
Registered U.S. Implants	2.950
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2.570
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	0

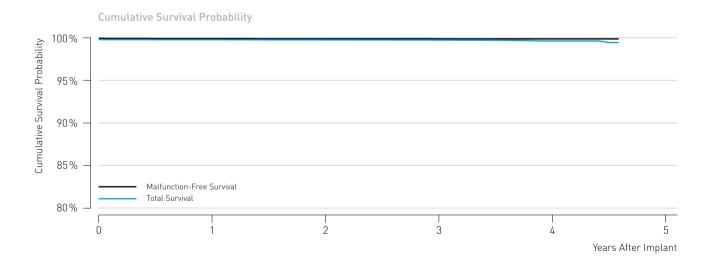
	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	1	0,03%
 Therapy Compromised 	0	0,00%
 Therapy Available 	1	0.03%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Evia

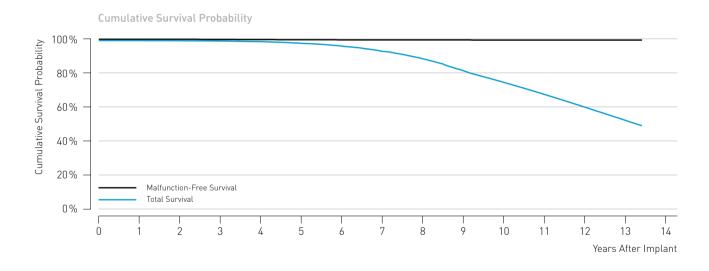
Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Evia DR, Evia DR, Evia DDR May 2010 Oct 2009 187.000 61.000 55.200	via DR-T
U.S. Confirmed MalfunctionsTherapy CompromisedTherapy Available	Quantity 15 8 7	Rate 0,02% 0,01% 0,01%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)					±0.1
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)					

Philos

Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Philos D, F DDD, DDD Sep 2000 Aug 2000 172.000 20.700 5.870 2.197	Philos DR, Philos DR-T, Philos SLR R, VDDR
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 28 5 23	Rate 0,14% 0,02% 0,11%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.3	98.4	96.7	93.6	89.2	82.2	75.3	68.1	60.6	52.8
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.6	±0.8	±1.0	±1.1	±1.3	±1.5
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)						±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

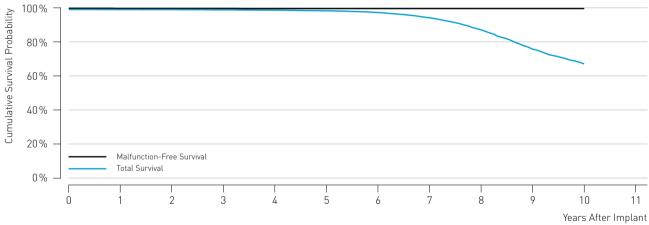
Philos II and Talos

Product Versions*	Philos II D, Philos II DR(-T), Philos II SLR, Talos D, Talos DR, Talos SLR
NBG Code(s)	DDD, DDDR, VDDR
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004 / May 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	_ 355.000
Registered U.S. Implants	23.200
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	_ 13.200
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	1.594

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	20	0,09%
 Therapy Compromised 	_ 0	0,00%
 Therapy Available 	_ 20	0,09%

^{*} While Philos II SLR, Talos D, Talos DR and Talos SLR are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



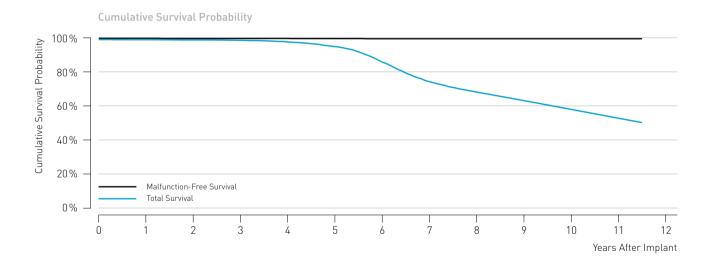


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.6	99.2	98.2	95.0	87.9	76.4	67.6
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	±0.7	±1.2	±2.1
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)											

Protos

Product Versions	Protos DR/CLS
NBG Code(s)	DDDR
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2003
CE Market Release	Jul 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	27.800
Registered U.S. Implants	10.800
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2.620
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	1.874

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	10	0,09%
 Therapy Compromised 	2	0,02%
 Therapy Available 	8	0,07%

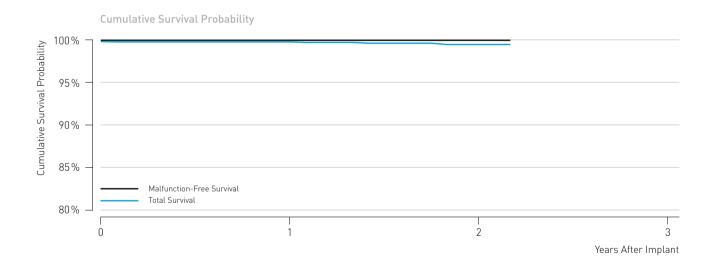


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.5	98.6	95.9	86.6	75.0	68.8	63.8	58.6	53.3
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.3	±0.4	±0.8	±1.1	±1.2	±1.3	±1.4	±1.6
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)					±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

4.3 CRT Pacemakers

Evia

Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Evia HF, E DDDRV May 2010 Oct 2009 7.700 2.160 1.980	via HF-T
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 0 0 0	Rate 0,00% 0,00% 0,00%

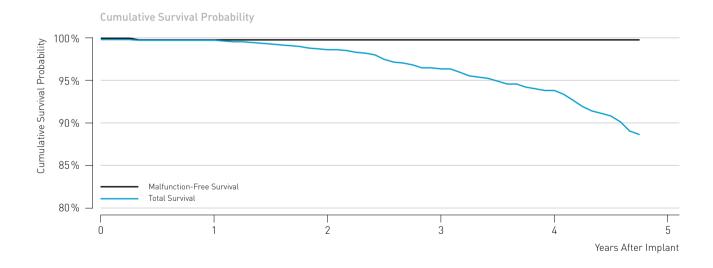


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.6
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.5
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)			

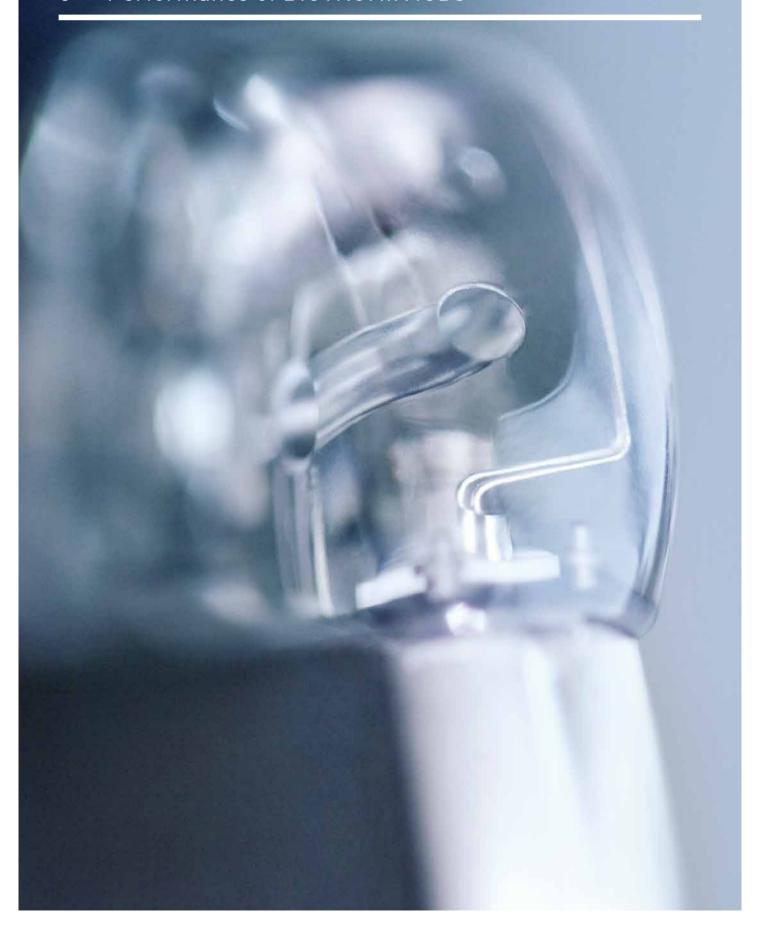
Stratos

Product Versions NBG Code(s) U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants	Stratos LV, Stratos LV-T DDDRV May 2008 Nov 2002 21.400 1.310
Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ 778 _ 100

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	1	0,08%
 Therapy Compromised 	0	0,00%
Therapy Available	1	0.08%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	98.8	96.5	94.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.7	±1.2	±1.7	
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	



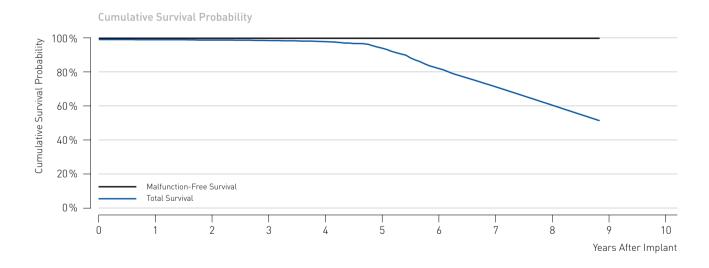
- 5.1 Single-Chamber ICDs
- 5.2 Dual-Chamber ICDs
- 5.3 CRT ICDs

5.1 Single-Chamber ICDs

Lexos

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	Lexos VR, Lexos VR-T VVIRD
Maximum Energy [J]	_ 30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2004
CE Market Release	Oct 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	16.800
Registered U.S. Implants	1.250
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	350
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ 147

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 0	0,00%
 Therapy Compromised 	0	0,00%
Therapy Available	_ 0	0,00%



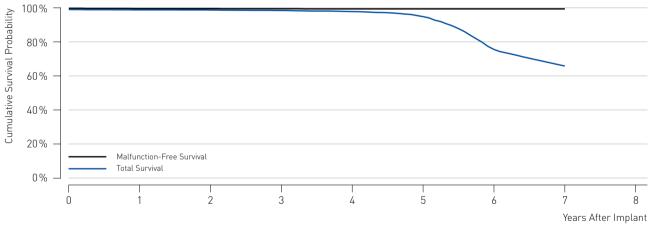
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.7	99.4	98.7	94.9	82.8	72.0	61.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.7	±1.5	±2.8	±3.6	±4.2
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)									

Lumax 340

Product VersionsNBG Code(s)	Lumax 340 VR, Lumax 340 VR-T VVE-VVIR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	26.800
Registered U.S. Implants	3.990
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1.790
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	496

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	6	0,15%
 Therapy Compromised 	4	0,10%
Therapy Available	2	0,05%



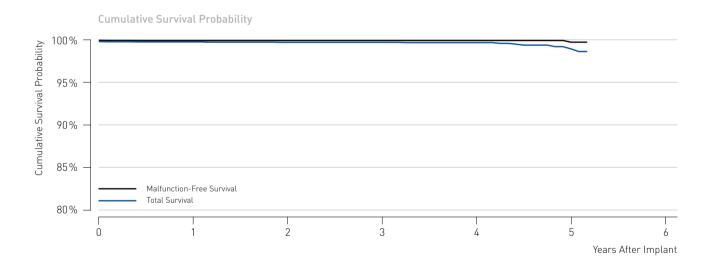


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.5	98.8	95.8	76.3	66.4
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.4	±0.8	±2.0	±2.8
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Lumax 540

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	Lumax 540 VR-T VVE-VVIR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	May 2009
CE Market Release	Jun 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	18.500
Registered U.S. Implants	4.550
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3.690
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ 10

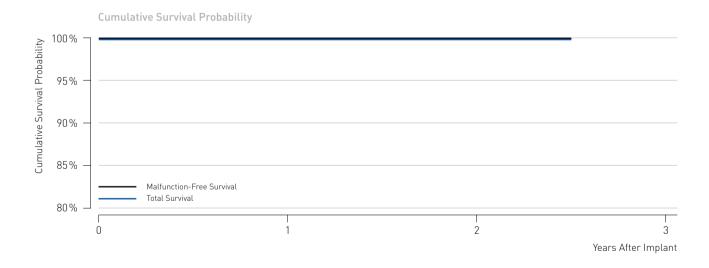
	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 3	0,07%
Therapy Compromised	_ 2	0,04%
 Therapy Available 	_ 1	0,02%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.1
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.8
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.7
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.5

Lumax 740

Product Versions NBG Code(s) Maximum Energy [J] U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Lumax 740 VVE-VVIR 40 Sep 2012 Apr 2012 4.640 1.580 1.430	OVR-T
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 0 0 0	Rate 0,00% 0,00% 0,00%



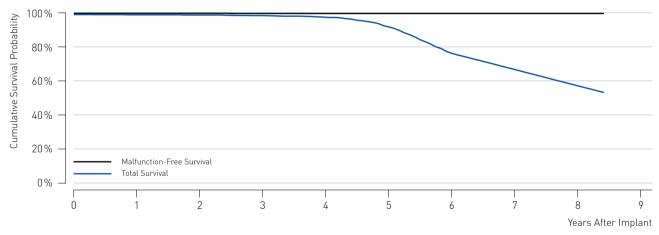
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)			
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)			

Lumos

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	Lumos VR-T VVE-VVIR
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8.600
Registered U.S. Implants	1.780
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	544
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	278

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	1	0,06%
 Therapy Compromised 	0	0,00%
 Therapy Available 	1	0,06%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.4	98.4	92.7	77.0	67.4	57.7
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.2	±0.4	±0.7	±1.4	±2.6	±3.1	±3.4
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Ilesto 7

Product Details

Therapy Available

Product Versions NBG Code(s) Maximum Energy [J] U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Ilesto 7 DR; Ilesto 7 DR-T VVE-VDDR 40 Sep 2013 Jun 2013 5.040 3.040 2.890 1
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised	Quantity Rate 0 0,00% 0 0,00%



0

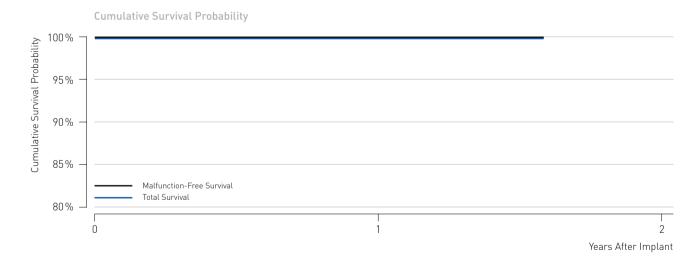
0,00%

Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 уг.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		

Ilesto 7 DX

Product Versions	Ilesto 7 VR-T DX
NBG Code(s)	VVE-VDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2013
CE Market Release	Jun 2013
Worldwide Distributed Devices	6.380
Registered U.S. Implants	4.210
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4.060
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	1
	Quantity Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	1 0.02%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)			
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	

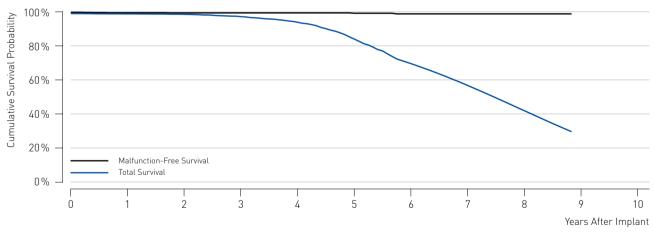
Lexos

Product Versions*	Lexos DR, Lexos DR-T, Lexos A+, Lexos A+/T
NBG Code(s)	DDDRD, VDDRD
Maximum Energy [J]	_ 30
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2004
CE Market Release	Oct 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	11.700
Registered U.S. Implants	2.590
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	508
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	429

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	6	0,23%
 Therapy Compromised 	2	0,08%
 Therapy Available 	4	0,15%

^{*} While Lexos A+ and lexos A+/T are not distributed in the U.S., their performance is expected to be similar to the U.S. distributed products



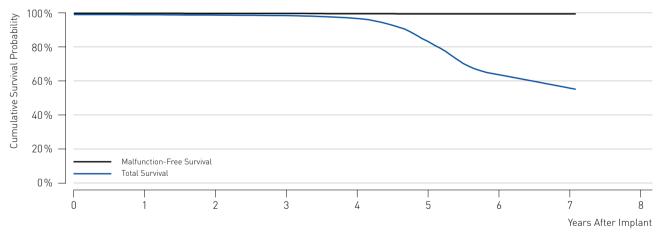


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.6	98.2	94.8	84.9	70.4	57.5	42.5
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.3	±0.6	±1.0	±1.7	±2.5	±3.0	±3.2
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.6
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3

Product Versions	Lumax 340 DR, Lumax 340 DR-T
NBG Code(s)	WE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Feb 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	26.100
Registered U.S. Implants	8.220
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2.990
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	1.498

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	10	0,12%
 Therapy Compromised 	8	0,10%
 Therapy Available 	2	0,02%



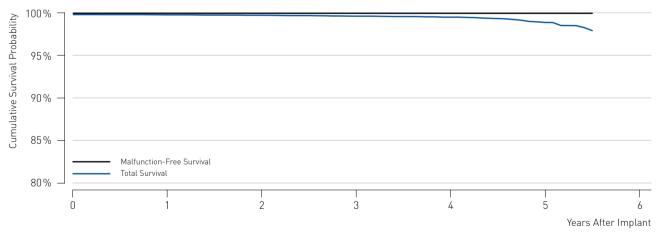


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.7	99.4	97.7	84.0	64.3	56.3
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	±1.0	±1.5	±2.0
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	Lumax 540 DR-T VVE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	May 2009
CE Market Release	_ Jun 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	24.900
Registered U.S. Implants	_ 11.600
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	9.030
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ 41

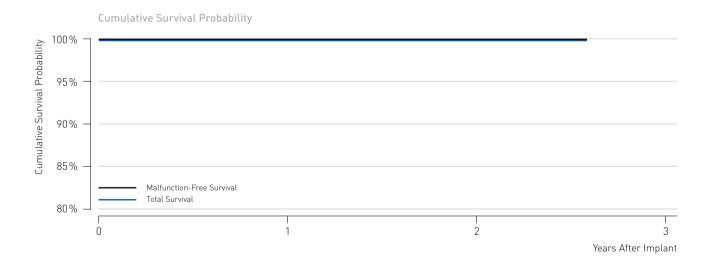
	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	8	0,07%
 Therapy Compromised 	4	0,03%
 Therapy Available 	4	0,03%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.0
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.4
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)				±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

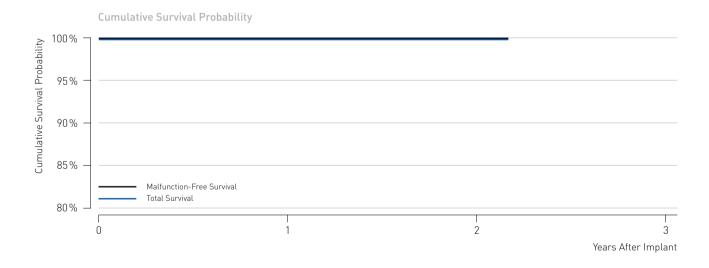
Product Versions NBG Code(s) Maximum Energy [J] U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Lumax 740 VVE-DDDF 40 Sep 2012 Apr 2012 7.800 3.800 3.460	
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 0 0 0	Rate 0,00% 0,00% 0,00%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)			

Lumax 740 DX

Product Versions NBG Code(s) Maximum Energy [J] U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	Lumax 74 VVE-VDDF 40 May 2012 Nov 2011 4.510 2.210 2.030	
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Therapy Compromised Therapy Available	Quantity 0 0 0	Rate 0,00% 0,00% 0,00%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)			
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)			

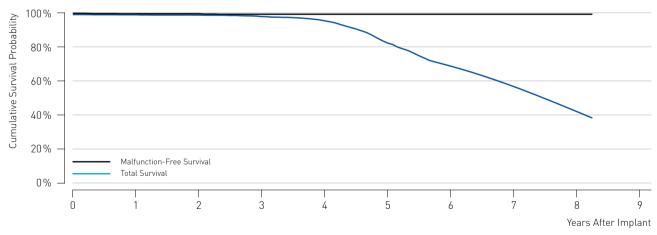
5.2 Dual-Chamber ICDs

Lumos

Product Versions	Lumos DR-T
NBG Code(s)	VVE-DDDR
Maximum Energy [J]	30
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2005
CE Market Release	May 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	6.600
Registered U.S. Implants	2.240
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	525
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	379

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 5	0,22%
Therapy Compromised	2	0,09%
Therapy Available	_ 3	0,13%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.7	98.8	96.3	83.1	69.5	57.4	42.6
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.9	±2.0	±2.7	±3.1	±3.4
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

Ilesto 7

Product Versions NBG Code(s) Maximum Energy [J] U.S. Market Release CE Market Release Worldwide Distributed Devices Registered U.S. Implants Estimated Active U.S. Implants	Ilesto 7 HF-T VVE-DDDRV 40 Sep 2013 Jun 2013 6.440 3.410 3.240
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	2
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	Quantity Rate 0 0,00%
■ Therapy Compromised	0 0,00%
 Therapy Available 	0 0.00%

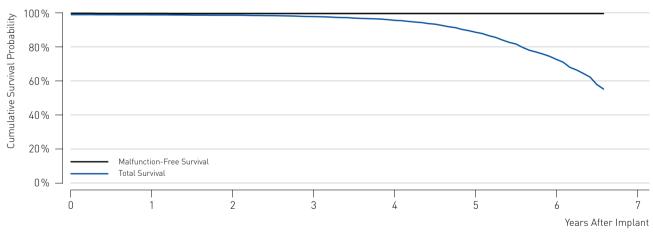


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	Lumax 340 HF, Lumax 340 HF-T VVE-DDDRV
Maximum Energy [J]	_ 40
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Dec 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	20.500
Registered U.S. Implants	5.310
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2.070
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	760

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	4	0,08%
 Therapy Compromised 	2	0,04%
 Therapy Available 	2	0,04%



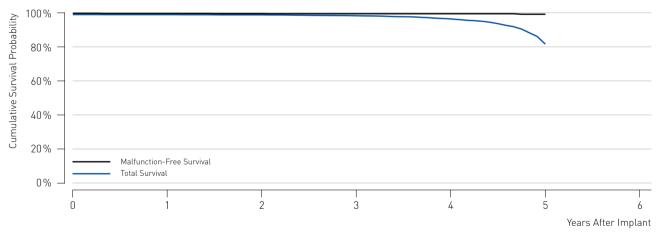


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.6	98.8	96.6	89.5	73.4
(95% Confidence Interval)	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.6	±1.1	±2.0
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	Lumax 540 HF-T VVE-DDDRV
Maximum Energy [J]	40
U.S. Market Release	May 2009
CE Market Release	Jun 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	23.900
Registered U.S. Implants	8.660
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	6.250
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	260

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	10	0,12%
 Therapy Compromised 	4	0,05%
 Therapy Available 	6	0,07%





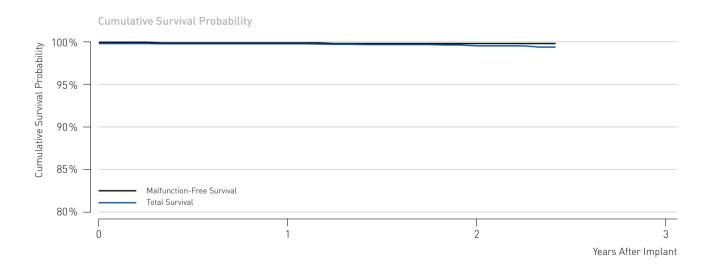
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.3	97.4	82.3	
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.2	±0.5	±3.4	
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.7	
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.3	

Therapy Compromised

■ Therapy Available

Product Details

Product Versions NBG Code(s)	_ Lumax 740 _ VVE-DDDF				
Maximum Energy [J]	40				
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2012	Sep 2012			
CE Market Release	_Apr 2012	pr 2012			
Worldwide Distributed Devices	6.900				
Registered U.S. Implants	3.410				
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3.080				
U.S. Normal Battery Depletions	_ 6				
	Quantity	Rate			
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 2	0,06%			



0

2

0,00%

0,06%

Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.7
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.3
Malfunction-Free Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1

Methodology for Lead Survival Estimates Based on 6 Returned Product Analysis and Complaint Information

Cumulative Lead Survival Probability

This report has been prepared in accordance with ISO 5841-2:2014(E) applying actuarial analysis for the calculation of lead survival probabilities based on returned product analysis. Lead Survival Estimates given in this report are considered to be generally representative for worldwide performance of BIOTRONIK's pacing and ICD leads.

The Cumulative Survival Probability for leads is an estimate based on the percentage of devices that remain implanted and in service at various points of the product's service time in the absence of concurrent events such as morbidity. The Lead Survival Estimate over time is displayed in cumulative survival curves (Kaplan-Meier). The product's performance is evaluated in discrete one-month intervals. The survival probability for each month is given by the number of leads that remain implanted and active through this month divided by the number of leads that were actively implanted at the start of the interval. The cumulative survival probability for any period is given by multiplying all survival probabilities of previous months.

At the time of implantation, the cumulative lead survival probability is 100 %. Even though they are analyzed as part of our quality system monitoring, leads that are found to be out of specification prior to or during the implantation procedure are removed from the statistics as they do not contribute to a patient's risk of being subject to a device malfunction or replacement during the device's service time. Because this report is provided to communicate information regarding product performance, it does not include data regarding medical complications such as erosion, infection or diaphragmatic stimulation.

Compared to pacemakers and ICDs, a considerable portion of leads with observed or suspected failures are not explanted and returned for laboratory analysis. This is primarily because it is much more difficult and risky to the patient to remove chronically implanted leads. In order to report a conservative measure of lead performance, unconfirmed reports of lead complications are therefore also included in the calculation of a lead's survival probability.

In order to be classified as a qualifying lead complication and thus contributing to the survival probability calculation the same way as a confirmed malfunction, the reported anomaly must have occurred at least 30 days post-implant. Otherwise, factors not related to the lead would likely be the root cause of the observed anomaly, (i.e., patientspecific conditions or implant techniques).

In order to minimize the effect of underreporting of lead malfunctions, BIOTRONIK additionally includes the long term performance post market study data if available.

6.2 Lead Data Acquisition

The following sections of this report provide performance data on BIOTRONIK's pacing and ICD leads and are based on the observation of BIOTRONIK's U.S. products through review of our device registration and tracking systems, and through the analyses of both, returned leads as well as reports of lead complications of non-returned leads. The prospective data form the GALAXY and CELESTIAL post-approval studies is presented separately in chapters 8 and 9.

In order to be included in the population under observation a lead must be registered and implanted for at least one calendar day. The cut-off date for the data included in this report is June 30, 2015. The sample sizes of U.S. leads that are implanted and remain active as well as the total number of products distributed worldwide are provided for each lead family in this report.

Survival estimates are calculated for lead families having accumulated at least 10,000 cumulative implant months. Products no longer being distributed with less than 500 active implants may be excluded from this report.

ISO 5841-2:2014(E) describes a method for adjusting the device survival probability for underreported malfunctions and unrelated patient deaths that result in an overestimation of the device's survival probability. The factor for U.S. underreporting of malfunctions of pacing and ICD leads is unknown as currently no systematic data is available that reveals this factor. Consequently, this factor remains unaccounted for in this report. Patient mortality is artificially elevated if the reported rate from our registration and tracking systems is below the annual mortality in clinical studies.

6.3 Returned Product Analysis

Information for the lead sections of this report is taken from the analysis of returned products. The outcome of this analysis is the basis for the final classification of the cause for explantation of the lead. Additionally, reports of lead complications not confirmed by laboratory analysis are taken into consideration. Both, leads with confirmed malfunctions as well as unconfirmed lead complications decrease a lead's total survival probability.

Every lead and lead segment returned to BIOTRONIK is analyzed per our internal procedures and classified as within specification, damaged by external causes, or out of specification (malfunction) while implanted and in service.

Those leads found to be out of specification, are divided into the following categories as proposed by AdvaMed:

- Conductor Fracture Conductor break with complete or intermittent loss of continuity that could interrupt current flow (e.g. fractured conductors)
- Crimps, Welds and Bonds Any interruption in the conductor or lead body associated with a point of connection
- Insulation Breach Any lead insulation breach
- Other Includes specific proprietary lead mechanical attributes.

6.4 Lead Complications

A considerable portion of leads with observed or suspected failures are not explanted and returned for laboratory analysis. A clinical observation is considered a lead complication if a complaint, associated with at least one of the clinical manifestations listed below, is reported and where the non-returned lead is:

- Verified by medical records to have been implanted and in-service, and
- Reported to have been removed from service.
- Modified surgically or electrically to remedy the malfunction, or
- Left in service based on medical judgment.

Complications for leads implanted greater than 30 days are reported as Qualifying lead complications, whereas complications occurring during the first 30 days are reported as Acute Lead Observations.

In accordance with the latest AdvaMed guidlines, such clinical observations are classified in the following categories:

- Failure to Capture Intermittent or complete failure to achieve cardiac stimulation at programmed output delivered outside of the cardiac refractory period. Sudden and significant increase in the pacing threshold value at which 2:1 safety margin can no longer be achieved.
- Failure to Sense Intermittent or complete loss of sensing or failure to detect intended intrinsic cardiac signals during non-refractory periods at programmed sensitivity settings
- Oversensing Misinterpretation of cardiac or noncardiac events as cardiac depolarization
- Abnormal Pacing Impedance Pacing impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is $< 200 \Omega \text{ or } > 3000 \Omega$
- Abnormal Defibrillation Impedance Defibrillation impedance is typically considered abnormal if a measurement is < 20 Ω or > 200 Ω . Including high or low shock impedance when attempting to deliver a shock

- Insulation Breach A disruption or break in lead insulation observed visually, electrically, or radiographically
- Conductor Fracture A mechanical break within the lead conductor observed visually, electrically, or radiographically
- Lead Dislodgement Radiographic, electrical or electrocardiographic evidence of electrode displacement from the original implant site or electrode displacement that adversely affects pacing and/or lead performance
- Extracardiac Stimulation Clinical observation of inadvertent nerve/muscle stimulation other than cardiac muscle
- Cardiac Perforation Penetration of the lead tip through the myocardium, clinically suspected and confirmed by chest x-ray, fluoroscopy, echocardiogram, or visual observation, which results in clinical symptoms, typically degradation of pacing/ICD lead electrical performance, chest pain, and tamponade
- Other Specific proprietary attributes of a lead such as sensors which affect a lead's ability to perform as designed or remain in service

In order to report a conservative measure of lead performance, qualifying lead complications are also included in the calculation of a lead's survival probability.

Acute Lead Observations may be subject to a number of factors, including patient-specific anatomy, clinical conditions and/or varying implant conditions/ techniques. Therefore, acute lead observations are not included in lead survival probability.

6.5 Lead Product Performance Graphs and Data

The lead performance information is shown in each section in alphabetical order and by product name.

For each lead, the report provides:

- Product versions that contribute to the evaluation
- Types of leads
- Polarity
- Steroid
- CE and U.S. market release dates
- Worldwide quantity of products that have been distributed
- U.S. registered implants (number of products included in this report)
- Estimated active U.S. implants
- Number of U.S.qualifying complications
- Number of U.S. acute lead observations
- Number of U.S. confirmed malfunctions
- Number of U.S. leads or partial leads returned post-implant for analysis with a complaint

The survival plots provide: **Total Survival**

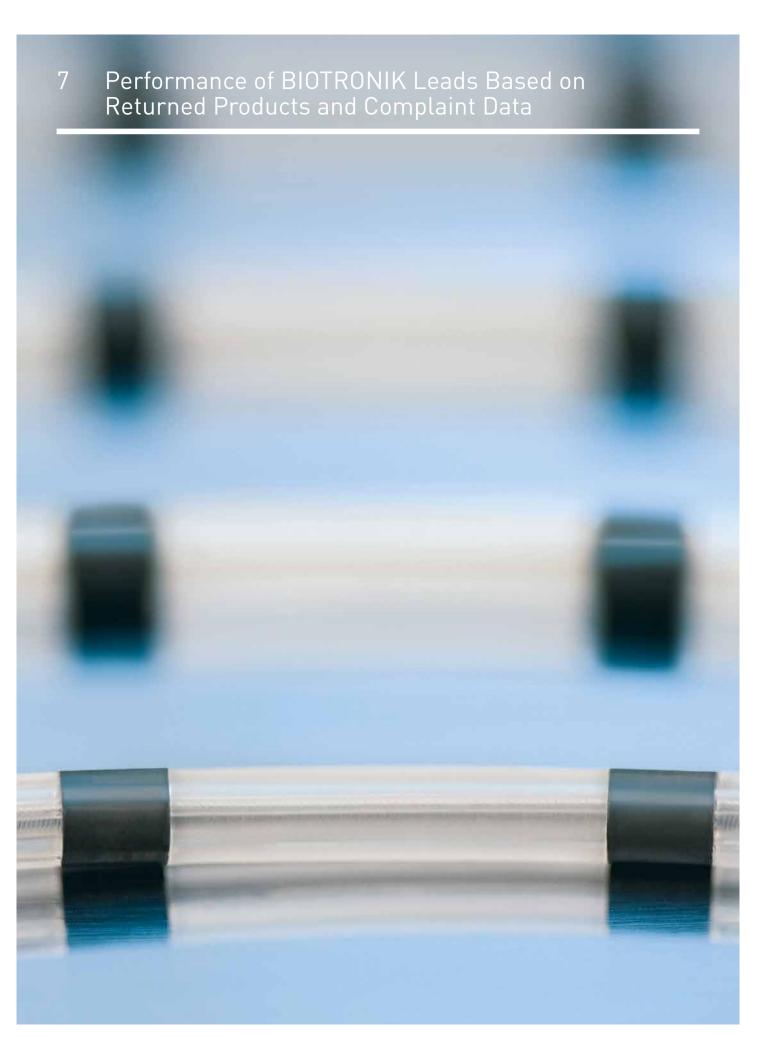
The cumulative survival probability free of component malfunction or unconfirmed observation of an anomaly. Removals for clinical reasons unrelated to the device's performance (i.e., infections) are excluded.

Products or subgroups of products may become subject to advisory notifications that can significantly impact the overall product performance.

Current advisories are listed in chapter 11 of this report, however to date, BIOTRONIK has never had a pacing or ICD lead safety advisory notification, therefore no summary of lead advisories is provided.

The cumulative survival data and the 95 % confidence intervals according to the Greenwood's formula² are shown in numerical form for the observed sample population

2 Greenwood, M. The Natural Duration of Cancer. Reports on Public Health and Medical Subjects 33, London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1-26, 1926



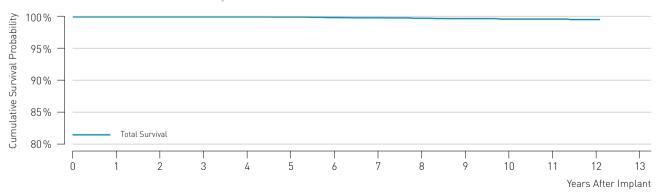
- 7.1 Pacing Leads
- 7.2 ICD Leads

Arox

Product Versions Lead Type	Arox 53-BP, 60-BP straight, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2002
CE Market Release	Jan 2002
Worldwide Distributed Devices	36.500
Registered U.S. Implants	8.540
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4.650
U.S. Total Returned	_ 18

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_ 20	0,23%
Abnormal pacing impedance	_ 7	0,08%
Failure to capture	_ 11	0,13%
Insulation breach	_ 1	0,01%
Other	_ 1	0,01%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 1	0,01%
Insulation Breach	_ 1	0,01%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	2	0,02%
Lead dislodgement	2	0,02%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.5	99.5	99.4
(95% Confidence Interval)							±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3

Arox J

Product Details

Product Versions	Arox 45-JBP, 53-JBP
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	Sep 2002
CE Market Release	Jan 2002
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8.760
Registered U.S. Implants	3.470
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2.140
U.S. Total Returned	6

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_12	0,35%
Abnormal pacing impedance	_ 1	0,03%
■ Failure to capture	9	0,26%
Lead dislodgement	_ 2	0,06%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 0	0,00%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	_ 0	0,00%

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.3	99.3
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4

10

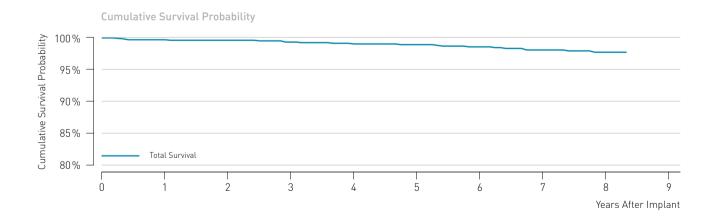
11 Years After Implant

12

Corox

Product Versions Lead Type	Corox OTW 75-UP Steroid, 85-UP Steroid helix fixation
Polarity	unipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Aug 2006
CE Market Release	Apr 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	10.400
Registered U.S. Implants	1.430
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	744
U.S. Total Returned	25

U.S. Qualifying Complications Extracardiac stimulation Failure to capture Insulation breach Lead dislodgement Oversensing	Quantity 20 4 3 2 7 1	Rate 1,40% 0,28% 0,21% 0,14% 0,49% 0,07%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Insulation Breach U.S. Acute Lead Observations Failure to capture Lead dislodgement	Quantity 1 1 3 2 1	Rate 0,07% 0,07% 0,21% 0,14% 0,07%
Other	3	0,21%			



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.6	99.3	99.0	98.9	98.5	98.0	97.6
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.3	±0.5	±0.6	±0.6	±0.8	±0.9	±1.1

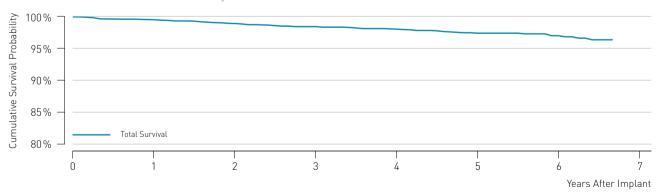
Corox

Product Versions Lead Type Polarity	Corox OTW 75-BP Steroid, 85-BP Steroid helix fixation bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	May 2008
CE Market Release	Dec 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	_ 26.100
Registered U.S. Implants	3.960
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2.760
U.S. Total Returned	62

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_59	1,49%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	2	0,05%
 Conductor fracture 	_ 1	0,03%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	5	0,13%
Failure to capture	19	0,48%
Insulation breach	2	0,05%
 Lead dislodgement 	22	0,56%
Oversensing	2	0,05%
• Other	6	0,15%

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	14	0,35%
 Conductor Fracture 	13	0,33%
Insulation Breach	1	0,03%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	6	0,15%
Lead dislodgement	5	0,13%
Other	1	0,03%





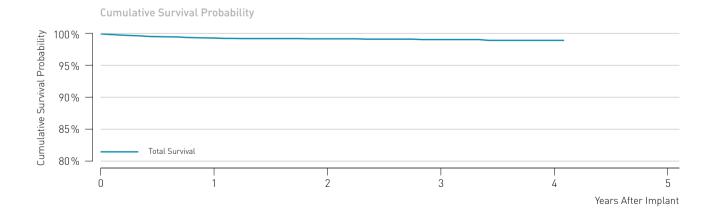
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.5	98.9	98.4	98.0	97.3	96.9
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.4	±0.5	±0.5	±0.7	±0.8

Corox

Product Versions	Corox OTW-L 75-BP, 85-BP
Lead Type	dual-curve fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2011
CE Market Release	Dec 2009
Worldwide Distributed Devices	25.100
Registered U.S. Implants	4.700
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4.090
U.S. Total Returned	42

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_ 37	0,79%
 Conductor fracture 	_ 1	0,02%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	9	0,19%
Failure to capture	_ 11	0,23%
 Lead dislodgement 	_ 13	0,28%
Other	3	0,06%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 1	0,02%
Conductor Fracture	_ 1	0,02%

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	18	0,38%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	4	0,09%
Failure to capture	1	0,02%
 Lead dislodgement 	10	0,21%
Other	3	0,06%



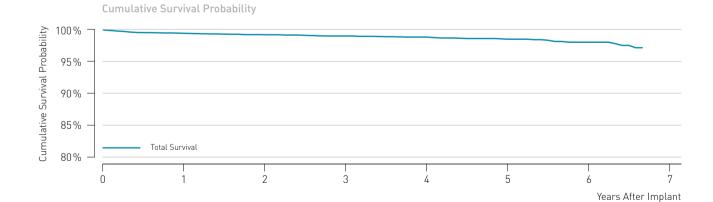
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.3	99.1	99.0	98.8
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4

Corox

Product Versions	Corox OTW-S 75-BP, 85-BP
Lead Type	thread fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	May 2008
CE Market Release	Dec 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	23.300
Registered U.S. Implants	7.160
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	5.320
U.S. Total Returned	85

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	68	0,95%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	_ 1	0,01%
 Conductor fracture 	_ 1	0,01%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	4	0,06%
Failure to capture	15	0,21%
Insulation breach	4	0,06%
Lead dislodgement	33	0,46%
Oversensing	_ 1	0,01%
Other	9	0,13%

U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Conductor Fracture Insulation Breach Other U.S. Acute Lead Observations Cardiac perforation Extracardiac stimulation Failure to capture	Quantity 9 4 1 20 1 2 4	Rate 0,13% 0,06% 0,06% 0,01% 0,28% 0,01% 0,03% 0,06%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	_	0,03%
Lead dislodgementOther	12 1	0,17% 0,01%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.4	99.2	99.0	98.8	98.5	98.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.6

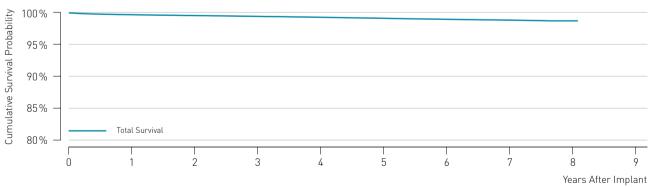
Dextrus

Product Versions	_ Dextrus N 4135, 413		U.S. Market Release _ CE Market Release			
Lead Type						
Polarity	_ bipolar		Estimated Active U.S.			
Steroid	yes		U.S. Total Returned _			
	Quantity	Rate				
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_ 1909	0,57%	U.S. Confirmed Malfu			
Abnormal pacing impedance	_ 133	0,04%	Conductor Fracture			
 Cardiac perforation 	22	0,01%	Insulation Breach			
 Conductor fracture 	_ 34	0,01%	Other			
 Extracardiac stimulation 	_ 14	0,00%	U.S. Acute Lead Obse			
Failure to capture	542	0,16%	 Abnormal pacing im 			
Failure to sense	_ 78	0,02%	Cardiac perforation			
Insulation breach	_ 40	0,01%	 Extracardiac stimula 			
 Lead dislodgement 	404	0,12%	Failure to capture			
Oversensing	288	0,09%	Failure to sense			
Other	354	0,11%	Insulation breach			
			Lead dislodgement			
			- Oueneeneine			

Apr 2007
May 2007
454.000
335.000
257.000
1.740

U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Conductor Fracture Insulation Breach Other U.S. Acute Lead Observations Abnormal pacing impedance Cardiac perforation Extracardiac stimulation Failure to capture Failure to sense Insulation breach Lead dislodgement Oversensing	Quantity 187 63 121 3 1128 20 44 13 161 37 7 498 32	Rate 0,06% 0,02% 0,04% 0,00% 0,34% 0,01% 0,01% 0,00% 0,05% 0,01% 0,00% 0,15% 0,01%
• Other	316	0,09%





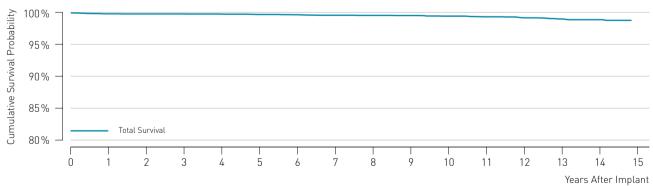
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.5	99.4	99.2	99.1	98.9	98.7	98.6
(95% Confidence Interval)							±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Elox

Product Versions	Elox 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	May 2000
CE Market Release	May 2000
Worldwide Distributed Devices	36.000
Registered U.S. Implants	11.000
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3.800
U.S. Total Returned	. 55

	Quantity	Rate		Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	54	0,49%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	7	0,06%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	2	0,02%	 Conductor Fracture 	4	0,04%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,01%	Insulation Breach	3	0,03%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	1	0,01%	U.S. Acute Lead Observations	8	0,07%
Failure to capture	16	0,15%	Failure to capture	4	0,04%
Failure to sense	11	0,10%	Failure to sense	1	0,01%
Insulation breach	4	0,04%	Oversensing	2	0,02%
 Lead dislodgement 	3	0,03%	Other	1	0,01%
Oversensing	11	0,10%			
Other	5	0,05%			



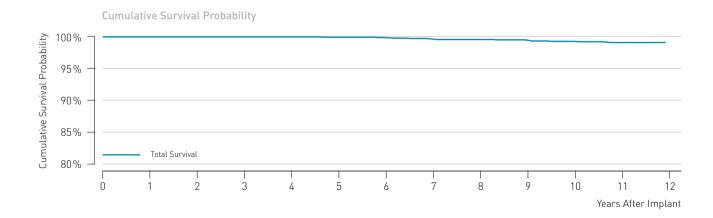


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.5	99.4	99.3	99.1	98.9	98.8
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3

Elox P

Product Versions	Elox P 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	May 2003
CE Market Release	Feb 2003
Worldwide Distributed Devices	21.900
Registered U.S. Implants	3.030
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1.360
U.S. Total Returned	. 19

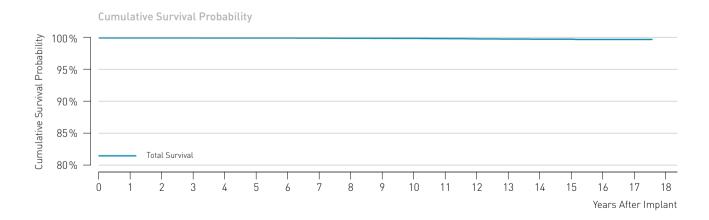
U.S. Qualifying Complications 15 0,50% U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions 1 0,03% Insulation Breach 1 0,03% Insulation Breach 1 0,03% Insulation Breach 1 0,03% Insulation breach 2 0,07% Lead dislodgement 1 0,03% Oversensing 1 0,03% Other 1 0,03%
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Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.6	99.5	99.4	99.2	99.0
(95% Confidence Interval)						±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4	±0.5

Polyrox

Product Versions	Polyrox 60-UP, 53-BP, 53/15-BP, 60-BP, 60/15-BP
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation
Polarity	unipolar/bipolar
Steroid	_ no
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1997
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	351.000
Registered U.S. Implants	15.100
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	4.660
U.S. Total Returned	_ 24



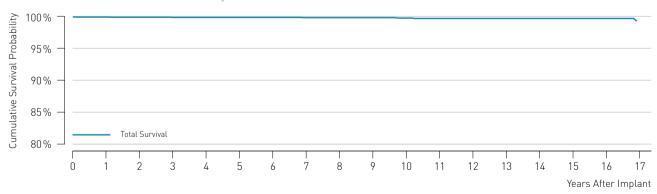
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.	15 yr.	16 yr.	17 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.6
(95% Confidence Interval)									±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

Polyrox J

Product Versions	Polyrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP, 53-JUP
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
Polarity	unipolar/bipolar
Steroid	_ no
U.S. Market Release	Mar 1997
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	45.900
Registered U.S. Implants	3.730
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1.220
U.S. Total Returned	_ 4

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_ 7	0,19%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	_ 1	0,03%
Failure to capture	_ 1	0,03%
Failure to sense	2	0,05%
Lead dislodgement	_ 1	0,03%
Other	2	0,05%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	0	0,00%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	_ 1	0,03%
Failure to capture	_ 1	0,03%





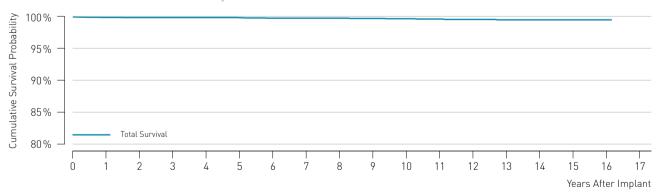
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.	15 yr.	16 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

Retrox J

Product Versions Lead Type	Retrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP J-shape, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	Aug 1998
CE Market Release	Mar 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	14.000
Registered U.S. Implants	4.250
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1.320
U.S. Total Returned	_ 14

	Ougntitu	Data
	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	13	0,31%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	2	0,05%
Failure to capture	6	0,14%
Failure to sense	2	0,05%
 Lead dislodgement 	_ 1	0,02%
Oversensing	2	0,05%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	0	0,00%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	_ 1	0,02%
Failure to capture	_ 1	0,02%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.	15 yr.	16 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.5	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4	±0.4	±0.4

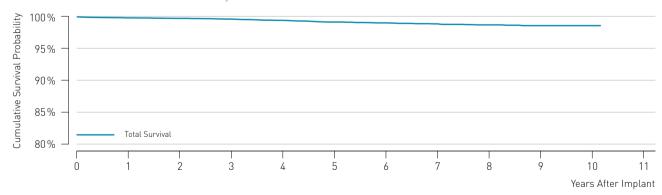
Selox JT

Product Details

Product Versions	Selox JT 45, JT 53
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2004
CE Market Release	Nov 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	132.000
Registered U.S. Implants	15.100
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	11.700
U.S. Total Returned	86

U.S. Qualifying Complications Abnormal pacing impedance Cardiac perforation Conductor fracture Extracardiac stimulation Failure to capture Failure to sense Insulation breach	Quantity 102 7 1 2 1 44 5	Rate 0,68% 0,05% 0,01% 0,01% 0,01% 0,29% 0,03% 0,05%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Insulation Breach U.S. Acute Lead Observations Failure to capture Lead dislodgement Other	Quantity 6 6 31 4 24 3	Rate 0,04% 0,04% 0,21% 0,03% 0,16% 0,02%
	_ 5 _ 7 _ 20	•			
OversensingOther	2 13	0,01%			

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.8	99.6	99.4	99.1	99.0	98.8	98.6	98.5	98.5
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3

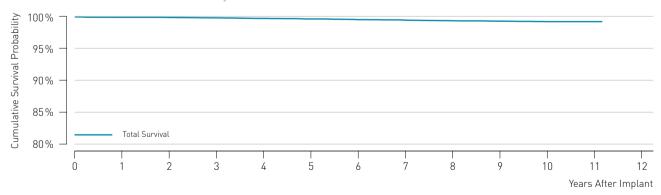
Selox SR

Product Details

Product Versions	Selox SR 45, SR 53, SR 60
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Mar 2004
CE Market Release	Feb 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	168.000
Registered U.S. Implants	14.400
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	7.500
U.S. Total Returned	54

U.S. Qualifying ComplicationsAbnormal pacing impedanceConductor fracture	Quantity 73 2 1	Rate 0,51% 0,01% 0,01%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Insulation Breach U.S. Acute Lead Observations	Quantity 9 9 20	Rate 0,06% 0,06% 0,14%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	2	0,01%	 Cardiac perforation 	1	0,01%
Failure to capture	_ 31	0,22%	Failure to capture	10	0,07%
Failure to sense	1	0,01%	Insulation breach	1	0,01%
Insulation breach	_ 6	0,04%	 Lead dislodgement 	8	0,06%
 Lead dislodgement 	11	0,08%			
Oversensing	_ 6	0,04%			
Other	13	0,09%			

Cumulative Survival Probability



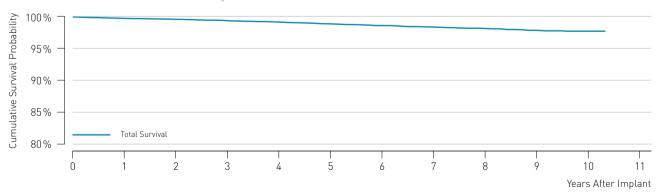
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.5	99.4	99.3	99.2	99.1	99.1
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

Selox ST

Product Versions	Selox ST 53, ST 60
Lead Type	_straight, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Nov 2004
CE Market Release	Nov 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	356.000
Registered U.S. Implants	29.300
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	22.000
U.S. Total Returned	121

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	291	0,99%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	69	0,24%
 Cardiac perforation 	_ 3	0,01%
 Conductor fracture 	_13	0,04%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	6	0,02%
Failure to capture	143	0,49%
Insulation breach	30	0,10%
 Lead dislodgement 	_11	0,04%
Oversensing	2	0,01%
Other	_14	0,05%





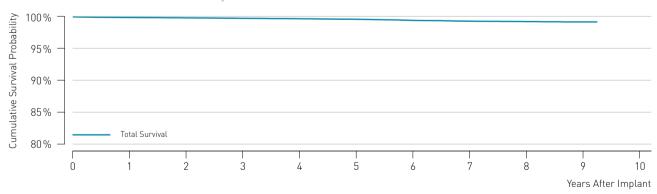
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.6	99.4	99.1	98.8	98.6	98.3	98.1	97.8	97.6
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4

Setrox S

Lead Typestraight, active fixationPolaritybipolarSteroidyesU.S. Market ReleaseApr 2006CE Market ReleaseMar 2006Worldwide Distributed Devices599.000Registered U.S. Implants198.000Estimated Active U.S. Implants167.000U.S. Total Returned958	Product Versions	Setrox S-45, S-53, S-60
Steroid yes U.S. Market Release Apr 2006 CE Market Release Mar 2006 Worldwide Distributed Devices 599.000 Registered U.S. Implants 198.000 Estimated Active U.S. Implants 167.000	Lead Type	straight, active fixation
U.S. Market Release Apr 2006 CE Market Release Mar 2006 Worldwide Distributed Devices 599.000 Registered U.S. Implants 198.000 Estimated Active U.S. Implants 167.000	Polarity	bipolar
CE Market Release Mar 2006 Worldwide Distributed Devices 599.000 Registered U.S. Implants 198.000 Estimated Active U.S. Implants 167.000	Steroid	yes
Worldwide Distributed Devices 599.000 Registered U.S. Implants 198.000 Estimated Active U.S. Implants 167.000	U.S. Market Release	Apr 2006
Registered U.S. Implants198.000 Estimated Active U.S. Implants167.000	CE Market Release	Mar 2006
Estimated Active U.S. Implants167.000	Worldwide Distributed Devices	599.000
•	Registered U.S. Implants	198.000
U.S. Total Returned 958	Estimated Active U.S. Implants	167.000
	U.S. Total Returned	958

	Quantity	Rate		Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_ 557	0,28%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	84	0,04%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	_ 43	0,02%	 Conductor Fracture 	29	0,01%
 Cardiac perforation 	_ 5	0,00%	Insulation Breach	55	0,03%
 Conductor fracture 	16	0,01%	U.S. Acute Lead Observations	154	0,08%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	_ 3	0,00%	 Cardiac perforation 	13	0,01%
Failure to capture	_ 160	0,08%	Failure to capture	19	0,01%
Failure to sense	_ 12	0,01%	Failure to sense	1	0,00%
Insulation breach	46	0,02%	Insulation breach	4	0,00%
 Lead dislodgement 	_ 151	0,08%	 Lead dislodgement 	106	0,05%
Oversensing	54	0,03%	Other	11	0,01%
Other	67	0,03%			



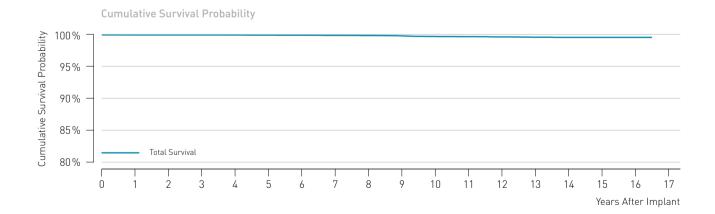


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.4	99.2	99.1	99.1
(95% Confidence Interval)							±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1

Synox

Product Versions	Synox 60-UP, 53-BP, 60-BP
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation
Polarity	unipolar/bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	Sep 1998
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	169.000
Registered U.S. Implants	17.600
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	6.350
U.S. Total Returned	50

U.S. Qualifying Complications Abnormal pacing impedance Conductor fracture Failure to capture Failure to sense Insulation breach Lead dislodgement Oversensing	Quantity 35 3 1 16 16 1 6 1	Rate 0,20% 0,02% 0,01% 0,01% 0,03% 0,01% 0,01% 0,01% 0,01%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Conductor Fracture Insulation Breach U.S. Acute Lead Observations	Quantity 3 2 1 0	Rate 0,02% 0,01% 0,01% 0,00%
Other	5	0,03%			



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.	15 yr.	16 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5
(95% Confidence Interval)								±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2

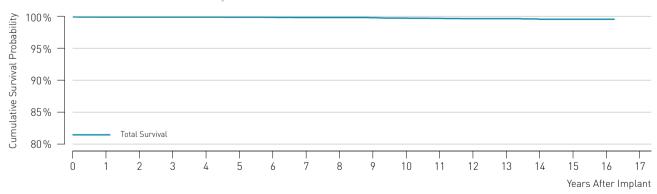
Synox J

Product Versions	Synox 45-JBP, 53-JBP
Lead Type	J-shape, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	Sep 1998
CE Market Release	Jul 1996
Worldwide Distributed Devices	81.400
Registered U.S. Implants	8.180
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	3.410
U.S. Total Returned	_ 24

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_ 18	0,22%
Abnormal pacing impedance	_ 1	0,01%
 Conductor fracture 	2	0,02%
Failure to capture	_ 3	0,04%
Failure to sense	4	0,05%
Insulation breach	2	0,02%
 Lead dislodgement 	2	0,02%
Oversensing	_ 3	0,04%
■ Other	_ 1	0,01%

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	_ 2	0,02%
Insulation Breach	_ 1	0,01%
Crimps, Welds and Bonds	_ 1	0,01%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	2	0,02%
Failure to capture	_ 1	0,01%
Oversensing	_ 1	0,01%



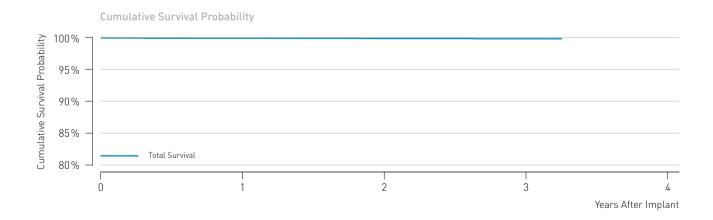


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.	15 yr.	16 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.6	99.6	99.5	99.5	99.5
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3

Tilda R

Product Versions	Tilda R45, R53, R60
Lead Type	straight, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Dec 2011
CE Market Release	Aug 2011
Worldwide Distributed Devices	33.100
Registered U.S. Implants	7.710
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	7.590
U.S. Total Returned	9

U.S. Qualifying Complications	Quantity 13	Rate 0.17%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	Quantity n	Rate 0,00%
, , ,	_ 10	-,		0	•
 Conductor fracture 		0,01%	U.S. Acute Lead Observations	8	0,10%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	_ 1	0,01%	Lead dislodgement	7	0,09%
Failure to capture	4	0,05%	Other	1	0,01%
Insulation breach	2	0,03%			
 Lead dislodgement 	_ 5	0,06%			

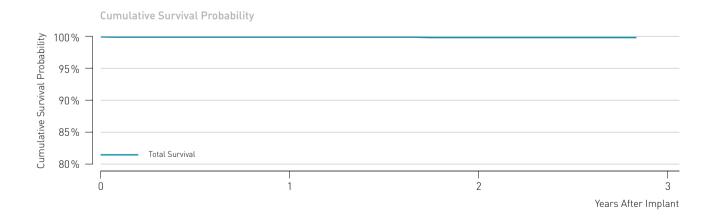


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.7	
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	

Tilda T

Product Versions	Tilda T53, T60
Lead Type	straight, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Dec 2011
CE Market Release	Aug 2011
Worldwide Distributed Devices	15.400
Registered U.S. Implants	1.050
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1.040
U.S. Total Returned	0

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	_ 2	0,19%
Insulation breach	1	0,10%
Lead dislodgement	1	0,10%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	0	0,00%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	0	0,00%



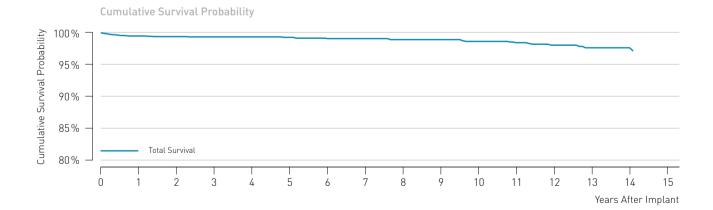
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.7
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.4

Kainox SL

Product Versions	Kainox SL 65, 75, 100
Lead Type	dual coil, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	no
U.S. Market Release	Nov 1998
CE Market Release	Sep 1997
Worldwide Distributed Devices	9.600
Registered U.S. Implants	2.500
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	897
U.S. Total Returned	_ 17

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	31	1,24%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	e 1	0,04%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	4	0,16%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,04%
 Failure to capture 	8	0,32%
Failure to sense	1	0,04%
Insulation breach	3	0,12%
Oversensing	12	0,48%
Other	1	0,04%

Quantity	Rate
2	0,08%
2	0,08%
5	0,20%
3	0,12%
1	0,04%
1	0,04%
	2 2 5



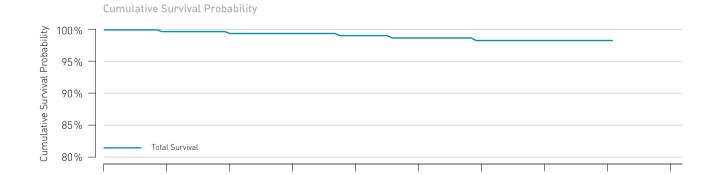
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.	11 yr.	12 yr.	13 yr.	14 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.5	99.4	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.1	99.1	98.9	98.9	98.6	98.4	98.0	97.5	97.5
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.3	±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.4	±0.4	±0.5	±0.5	±0.6	±0.7	±0.8	±1.0	±1.0

Kentrox RV

Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox RV 65, -Steroid, 75, -Steroid
Lead Type	single-coil, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes/no
U.S. Market Release	Mar 2002 / Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Jan 2001 / Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	5.490
Registered U.S. Implants	399
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	181
U.S. Total Returned	. 8

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	5	1,25%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,25%
Failure to capture	1	0,25%
Oversensing	3	0,75%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	2	0,50%
 Conductor Fracture 	1	0,25%
Insulation Breach	1	0,25%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	0	0,00%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.4	99.4	99.0	98.6	98.2	98.2
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.6	±0.8	±0.8	±1.1	±1.3	±1.6	±1.6

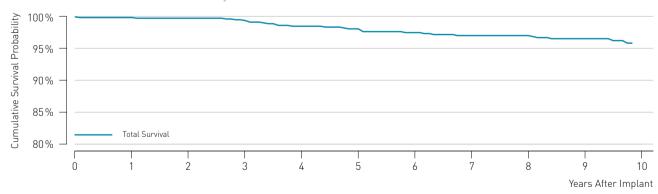
Years After Implant

Kentrox SL

Product Versions Lead Type	Kentrox SL 65,75, Kentrox SL 65, 75, 100 Steroid dual coil, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes/no
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Dec 2003 / Dec 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8.480
Registered U.S. Implants	1.020
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	562
U.S. Total Returned	. 18

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	23	2,25%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	3	0,29%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,10%
Failure to capture	1	0,10%
 Insulation breach 	6	0,59%
Oversensing	10	0,98%
Other	2	0,20%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	4	0,39%
 Insulation Breach 	4	0,39%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	0	0,00%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.8	99.4	98.5	98.1	97.5	97.0	97.0	96.5
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.3	±0.5	±0.8	±1.0	±1.1	±1.3	±1.3	±1.4

Kentrox SL-S

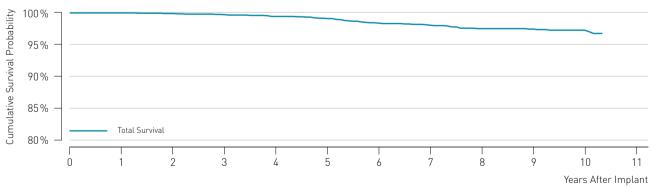
Product Details

Product Versions	Kentrox SL-S 65/16, 18 Steroid
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	_yes/no
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2004
CE Market Release	Jun 2004
Worldwide Distributed Devices	8.730
Registered U.S. Implants	2.440
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	_ 1.340
U.S. Total Returned	_ 39

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	35	1,43%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	e 1	0,04%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	3	0,12%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,04%
Failure to capture	1	0,04%
Failure to sense	1	0,04%
Insulation breach	3	0,12%
Oversensing	22	0,90%
Other	3	0,12%

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	12	0,49%
 Insulation Breach 	12	0,49%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	1	0,04%
Insulation breach	1	0,04%

Cumulative Survival Probability



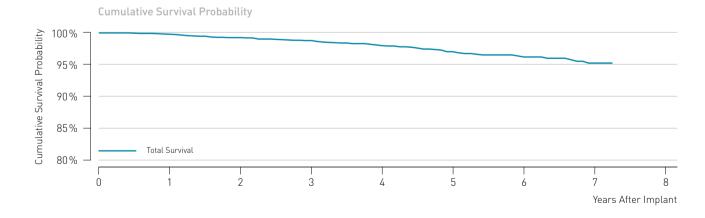
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.	9 yr.	10 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.7	99.4	99.1	98.3	98.0	97.4	97.4	97.2
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.1	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.6	±0.7	±0.8	±0.8	±0.8

Linox S

Product Versions	Linox S 65, S 75
Lead Type	single-coil, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Mar 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	31.600
Registered U.S. Implants	2.500
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	1.860
U.S. Total Returned	54

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	40	1,60%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	e6	0,24%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	2	0,08%
 Conductor fracture 	3	0,12%
Failure to capture	4	0,16%
Insulation breach	3	0,12%
Oversensing	18	0,72%
• Other	4	0,16%

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	27	1,08%
Conductor Fracture	4	0,16%
Insulation Breach	23	0,92%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	2	0,08%
 Lead dislodgement 	1	0,04%
Other	1	0,04%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.2	98.8	97.9	97.0	96.1	95.1
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.2	±0.4	±0.5	±0.6	±0.8	±1.0	±1.4

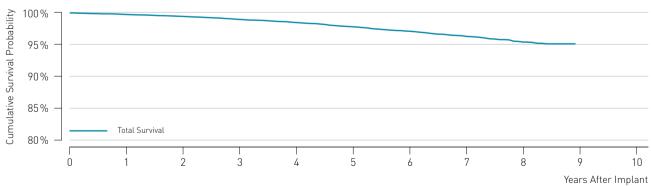
Linox SD

Product Versions	Linox SD 60, 65, 75 / 16,18
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Apr 2006
CE Market Release	Jun 2005
Worldwide Distributed Devices	_ 55.100
Registered U.S. Implants	22.300
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	_ 15.800
U.S. Total Returned	_ 391

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	410	1,84%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	e 21	0,09%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	31	0,14%
 Cardiac perforation 	2	0,01%
 Conductor fracture 	22	0,10%
Failure to capture	38	0,17%
■ Failure to sense	3	0,01%
Insulation breach	48	0,22%
 Lead dislodgement 	28	0,13%
Oversensing	182	0,82%
Other	35	0,16%

U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Conductor Fracture Insulation Breach U.S. Acute Lead Observations Abnormal pacing impedance Cardiac perforation Failure to capture Lead dislodgement Oversensing	Quantity 144 21 123 11 1 1 6 1	Rate 0,65% 0,09% 0,55% 0,05% 0,00% 0,00% 0,00% 0,03% 0,00%
OversensingOther	1 1	0,00% 0,00%
	•	. ,





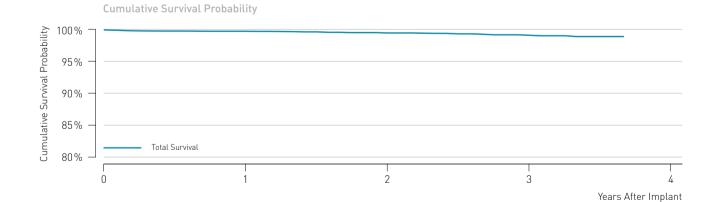
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.	8 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.7	99.4	98.9	98.4	97.8	97.0	96.2	95.3
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.3	±0.4	±0.5

Linox^{smart} S

Product Versions	Linox Smart S 60, 65, 75
Lead Type Polarity	single-coil, active fixation bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	_ Aug 2011
CE Market Release	Dec 2010
Worldwide Distributed Devices	21.000
Registered U.S. Implants	6.700
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	6.120
U.S. Total Returned	_ 75

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	26	0,39%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	e 1	0,01%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	1	0,01%
 Cardiac perforation 	1	0,01%
Failure to capture	1	0,01%
 Lead dislodgement 	10	0,15%
Oversensing	9	0,13%
Other	3	0,04%

U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Conductor Fracture Insulation Breach U.S. Acute Lead Observations Abnormal pacing impedance Cardiac perforation	Quantity1110911	Rate 0,16% 0,01% 0,15% 0,13% 0,01% 0,01%
Cardiac perforationLead dislodgement	1 6	0,01% 0,09%
• Other	1	0,01%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.5	99.0	
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2	±0.4	

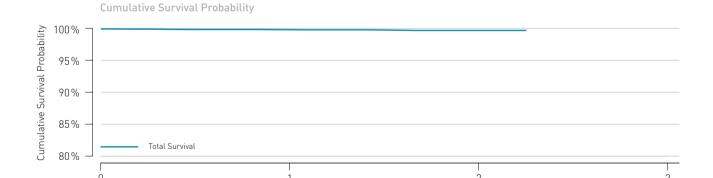
Linox^{smart} S DX

Product Details

Product Versions	Linox Smart S DX 65/15, 65/17
Lead Type	single-coil, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2013
CE Market Release	Mar 2010
Worldwide Distributed Devices	25.500
Registered U.S. Implants	7.680
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	7.280
U.S. Total Returned	. 77

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	12	0,16%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	e 1	0,01%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,01%
 Lead dislodgement 	8	0,10%
Other	2	0,03%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	4	0,05%
Insulation Breach	4	0,05%

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	16	0,21%
 Cardiac perforation 	3	0,04%
Failure to capture	1	0,01%
 Lead dislodgement 	8	0,10%
Other	4	0,05%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.		
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.6		
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.2		

Years After Implant

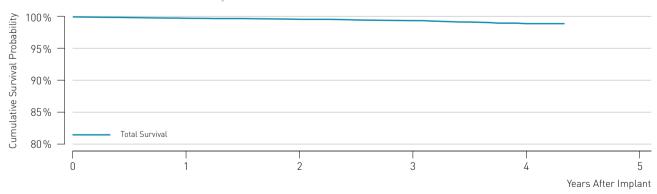
Linox^{smart} SD

Product Versions	Linox Smart SD 60/16, 65/16, 65/18, 75/18
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2011
CE Market Release	Oct 2009
Worldwide Distributed Devices	41.700
Registered U.S. Implants	12.500
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	11.000
U.S. Total Returned	148

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	53	0,42%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	e _ 3	0,02%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	2	0,02%
 Conductor fracture 	4	0,03%
Failure to capture	4	0,03%
Insulation breach	3	0,02%
 Lead dislodgement 	10	0,08%
Oversensing	23	0,18%
Other	4	0,03%

U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Conductor Fracture Insulation Breach U.S. Acute Lead Observations Cardiac perforation Failure to capture Insulation breach Lead dislodgement	Quantity 20 3 17 22 2 3 1 8	Rate 0,16% 0,02% 0,14% 0,18% 0,02% 0,02% 0,01% 0,06%
	1 8	-
OversensingOther	1 7	0,01% 0,06%





Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 уг.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.8	99.6	99.3	98.8
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.4

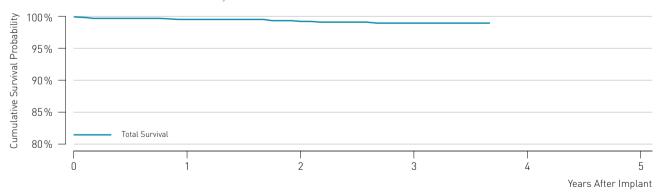
Linox^{smart} TD

Product Details

Product Versions	Linox Smart TD 65/16, 65/18, 75/18
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	_ Jan 2011
CE Market Release	Oct 2009
Worldwide Distributed Devices	7.290
Registered U.S. Implants	_ 1.220
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	_ 1.080
U.S. Total Returned	9

	0	Б.
	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	10	0,82%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedanc 	e 1	0,08%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,08%
Failure to capture	1	0,08%
Insulation breach	1	0,08%
 Lead dislodgement 	4	0,33%
Oversensing	2	0,16%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	0	0,00%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	3	0,25%
 Lead dislodgement 	3	0,25%

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.6	99.2	98.9	
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.4	±0.6	±0.7	

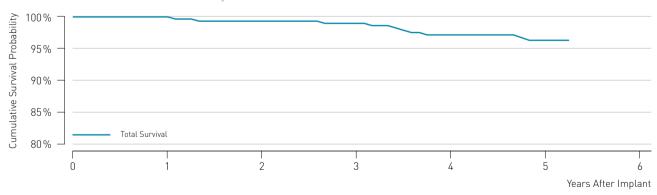
Linox T

Product Details

Product Versions	Linox T 65, 75
Lead Type	single-coil, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2007
CE Market Release	Mar 2007
Worldwide Distributed Devices	2.280
Registered U.S. Implants	322
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	236
U.S. Total Returned	_ 3

	Ouantity	Rate
	Quantity	Nate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	10	3,11%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	1	0,31%
Failure to capture	3	0,93%
Insulation breach	1	0,31%
Oversensing	4	1,24%
Other	1	0,31%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	2	0,62%
 Insulation Breach 	2	0,62%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	1	0,31%
Other	1	0,31%

Cumulative Survival Probability



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	100.0	99.3	99.0	97.1	96.2
(95% Confidence Interval)			±0.9	±1.2	±2.0	±2.3

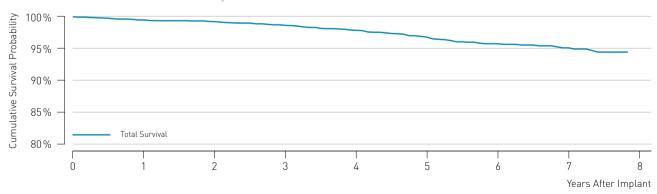
Linox TD

Product Versions	Linox TD 65, 75, 100 / 16,18
Lead Type	dual-coil, passive fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Oct 2006
CE Market Release	Oct 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	14.600
Registered U.S. Implants	3.060
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	2.180
U.S. Total Returned	_ 62

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	72	2,35%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	ce 7	0,23%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	7	0,23%
 Conductor fracture 	7	0,23%
Failure to capture	10	0,33%
Failure to sense	1	0,03%
 Insulation breach 	12	0,39%
 Lead dislodgement 	3	0,10%
Oversensing	23	0,75%
• Other	2	0,07%

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	29	0,95%
Conductor Fracture	6	0,20%
Insulation Breach	23	0,75%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	3	0,10%
Failure to capture	1	0,03%
Lead dislodgement	2	0,07%





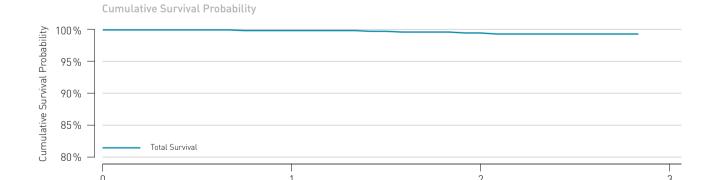
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.	6 yr.	7 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.5	99.2	98.6	97.8	96.8	95.7	95.0
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.3	±0.4	±0.6	±0.7	±0.9	±1.1

Vigila

Product Details

Product Versions	Vigila 2CR 60/16, 65/18
Lead Type	dual-coil, active fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Feb 2012
CE Market Release	Oct 2011
Worldwide Distributed Devices	3.010
Registered U.S. Implants	793
Estimated Active U.S. Implants	769
U.S. Total Returned	8

	Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	4	0,50%
 Conductor fracture 	1	0,13%
 Lead dislodgement 	1	0,13%
Oversensing	2	0,25%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	1	0,13%
Insulation Breach	1	0,13%
U.S. Acute Lead Observations	1	0,13%
Other	1	0,13%



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 уг.
Total Survival [%]	100.0	99.9	99.4
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.6

Years After Implant

Methodology for Lead Survival 8 Estimates Based on Clinical Studies

8.1 Introduction

All leads and lead segments returned to BIOTRONIK are thoroughly analyzed to determine whether or not they meet BIOTRONIK's long term quality standards.

Although analysis of returned product is an excellent method for gaining insight into lead failure mechanisms, this data relies on the return of explanted leads. For the majority of complications the lead is not received for analysis as challenging clinical environments may not allow for the return, e.g. the extraction of an implanted lead may not be possible.

BIOTRONIK includes all reported chronic complications in the calculation of the survival estimates as described in chapter 6, i.e. reports with returned and without returned products.

However, BIOTRONIK can only report events in the survival estimates if those events were reported to BIOTRONIK. In order to eliminate possible biased survival estimates due to underreporting, BIOTRONIK performs clinical surveillance studies with active follow-up's under FDA guidance yielding the most reliable lead performance data.

BIOTRONIK now has available - in addition to the survival data based on returned product analysis and chronic complication information - the combined performance data from the GALAXY and CELESTIAL Clinical Registries. These studies are designed to record clinical observations representative of the total clinical experience.

The cutoff date for the clinical data presented in this report is March 2015.

8.2 BIOTRONIK's Clinical Studies

BIOTRONIK has been monitoring the performance of cardiac therapy products within its GALAXY Registry since 2009 and CELESTIAL Post-Approval Registry since 2008 with data reported from multiple US centers.

8.2.1 GALAXY and CELESTIAL

BIOTRONIK's GALAXY and CELESTIAL Registries are prospective, non-randomized, observational studies. The key purpose of these registries is to confirm the long-term safety and reliability of BIOTRONIK leads as used in conjunction with a BIOTRONIK ICD (GALAXY) or CRT (CELESTIAL) system. All devices in the registries are legally marketed and available to physicians according to approved FDA indications for use. GALAXY and CELESTIAL Registries are registered on clinicaltrials.gov under NCT00836589 and NCT00810264 respectively.

The evaluation of safety for GALAXY is based on the analysis of BIOTRONIK Linox ICD lead-related adverse events. The evaluation of safety for CELESTIAL is based on the analysis of BIOTRONIK Corox LV pacing lead-related adverse events. Both registries are designed to continue for a 5 year follow-up duration per patient. To ensure a sufficiently large and representative source of data, participating clinical sites must meet pre-specified selection criteria.

Every effort is made to ensure participants are representative of the range of clinical environments in which BIOTRONIK's cardiac rhythm products are used. Patients will be seen for routine follow-up visits per their institutional standard of care until they can no longer be followed (e.g., death, lost to follow-up, etc.). However, to ensure regular patient status assessments are completed, follow-up windows consistent with typical care practices have been established with a minimum of once every six months follow-up requirement.

During each follow up at a study center the following steps are required during the follow-up visit:

- Interrogate programmed parameters
- Determine lead electrical parameters
- Evaluate device diagnostics and programmed parameters to ensure the device is providing appropriate therapy
- Determine if there are any reportable lead-related, pulse generator-related or implant procedurerelated adverse events. If there are, complete an adverse event electronic case report form (eCRF)
- Complete all appropriate eCRFs

This active surveillance model ensures a robust dataset for effectively monitoring product performance.

Patient Enrolment Criteria

To support the objectives of these registries, participants are required to meet the following inclusion criteria prior to enrolment:

- Successfully implanted BIOTRONIK ICD (GALAXY) or BIOTRONIK CRT (CELESTIAL) system, including the study lead
- Able to understand the nature of the registry and give informed consent
- Available for follow-up visits on a regular basis at the study site
- Age greater than or equal to 18 years

Each site must inform BIOTRONIK whenever a lead complication has occurred or when a patient is no longer participating.

All leads that experience a complication and are subsequently explanted and returned to BIOTRONIK undergo root-cause analyses. Product performance is analyzed as a function of time using the survival analysis method. Root causes for any failures, regardless of the incidence rates, are investigated.

8.3 Lead Complications

The data presented characterizes chronic lead performance by estimating lead-related complication free survival probabilities. Following industry practice, for analysis purposes, the complication criteria, which align with the AdvaMed 'Industry Guidance for Uniform Reporting of Clinical Performance of Cardiac Rhythm Management Pulse Generators and Leads', are defined below.

8.3.1 GALAXY and CELESTIAL

All reported lead-related adverse events within the GALAXY and CELESTIAL Registries are classified by the reporting investigator and are adjudicated by an independent event adjudication committee. A lead related complication is considered to have occurred if a clinical observation happens after successful implantation, is adjudicated with at least one of the following event classifications and at least one of the following clinical actions is made. Any Clinical Event without a related Clinical Action is not considered a Qualifying Complication. Events with an onset date 30 days or less after the implant are acute observations and are listed separately.

Event Classifications

- Failure to capture
- Failure to sense/undersensing
- Oversensing
- Abnormal pacing impedance (based on lead model, but normal range is typically 200–2,000 Ohm)
- Abnormal defibrillation impedance (based on lead model, but normal range is 25–150 Ohm)
- Insulation breach
- Conductor fracture, confirmed electrically, visually or radiographically
- Extracardiac stimulation
- Cardiac perforation
- Lead dislodgement

Clinical Actions

- Lead surgically abandoned/capped
- Lead electrically abandoned
- Lead explanted
- Lead replaced
- Lead conductor taken out of service
- Lead use continued based on medical judgment despite a known clinical performance issue
- Other lead-related surgery

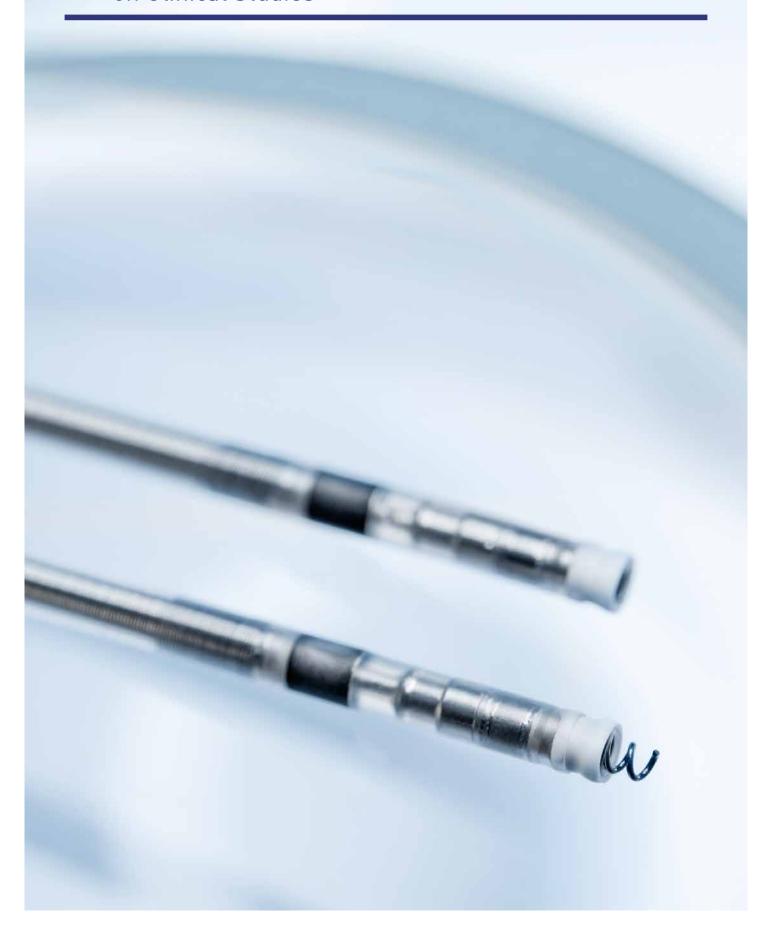
8.4 Lead Product Performance Graphs and Data

The clinical data presented on the following page is intended to show the long term clinical performance of leads based on clinical studies. The same analysis methods as described in chapter 6 are applied.

Returned Product Analysis Results

Although the returned product analysis data is not used to generate the survival estimates for the clinical data, it provides valuable insight into the causes of lead malfunction. Following the same approach as for complaint data, a malfunction is reported as described in section 6.3 of this report.





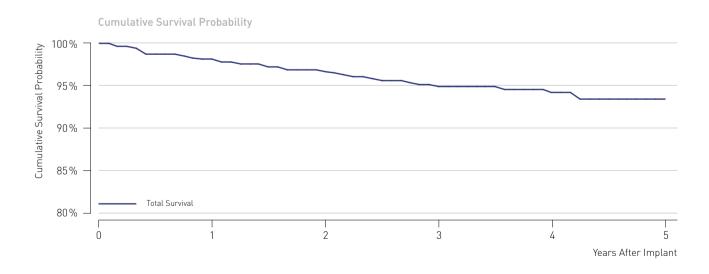
- 9.1 Performance of Corox Pacing Leads
- 9.2 Performance of Linox Defibrillation Leads

9.1 Performance of Corox Pacing Leads

Corox Study Data

Product Versions	Corox OTW 75-BP Steroid, 85-BP Steroid
Lead Type	helix fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	May 2008
CE Market Release	Dec 2006
Worldwide Distributed Devices	23,300
Registered U.S. Implants	697

	Quantity	Rate		Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	32	4,59%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	5	0,72%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	4	0,57%	 Conductor fracture 	5	0,72%
 Conductor fracture 	6	0,86%	U.S. Acute Lead Observations	5	0,72%
 Extracardiac stimulation 	3	0,43%	 Extracardiac stimulation 	1	0,14%
Failure to capture	4	0,57%	 Lead dislodgement 	4	0,57%
 Lead dislodgement 	15	2.15%			



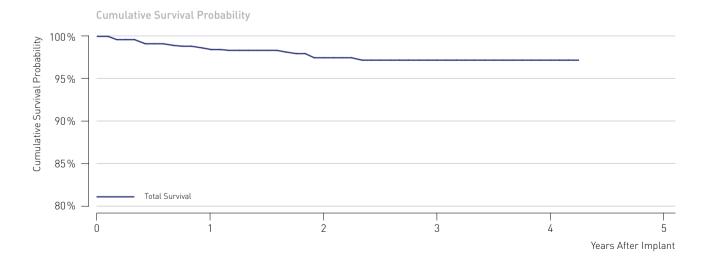
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100	98,2%	96,7%	94,9%	94,2%	93,4%
[95% Confidence Interval]		±1.1	±1.5	±1.9	±2.1	±2.4

Performance of Corox Pacing Leads

Corox Study Data

Product Versions	Corox OTW-L 75-BP, Corox OTW-L 85-BP
Lead Type	dual-curve fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	Jan 2011
CE Market Release	Dec 2009
Worldwide Distributed Devices	16,200
Registered U.S. Implants	696

U.S. Qualifying Complications Extracardiac stimulation Failure to capture Lead dislodgement U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions U.S. Acute Lead Observations Extracardiac stimulation	Quantity 16 5 2 9 0 3	Rate 2,30% 0,72% 0,29% 1,29% 0,00% 0,43% 0,29%
	_	,
Lead dislodgement	_ 1	0,14%



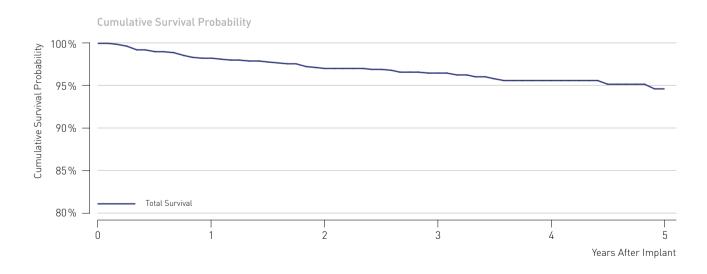
Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100	98,5%	97,4%	97,1%
(95% Confidence Interval)		±1.0	±1.3	±1.5

Performance of Corox Pacing Leads

Corox Study Data

Product Versions	Corox OTW-S 75-BP, 85-BP
Lead Type	thread fixation
Polarity	bipolar
Steroid	yes
U.S. Market Release	May 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	19,700
Registered U.S. Implants	_ 1,137

U.S. Qualifying Complications Abnormal pacing impedance Extracardiac stimulation Failure to capture Lead dislodgement U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	Quantity 39 9 9 7 14	Rate 3,43% 0,79% 0,79% 0,62% 1,23% 0,09%	U.S. Acute Lead Observations Extracardiac stimulation Failure to capture Lead dislodgement	Quantity 5 1 1 3	Rate 0,44% 0,09% 0,09% 0,26%
U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions Insulation Breach	1 1	0,09% 0,09%			
• IIISulaliuli Dieacii		0,0770			

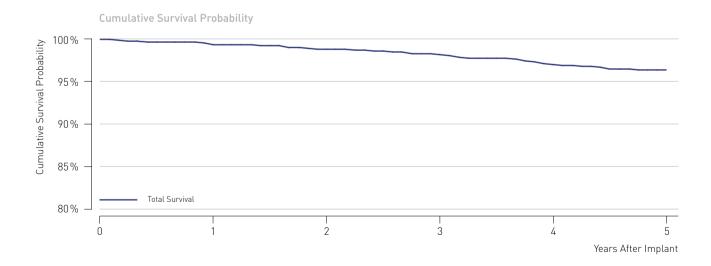


Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100	98,2%	97,1%	96,5%	95,6%	94,6%
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.8	±1.1	±1.2	±1.5	±2.1

Linox SD Study Data

Product Versions	_ Linox SD
Lead Type	_dual-coil, active fixation
Polarity	_ bipolar
Steroid	_ yes
U.S. Market Release	_ Apr 2006
U.S. Study Begin	Dec 2008
Worldwide Distributed Devices	_ 55,100
Registered U.S. Implants	2,279

	Quantity	Rate		Quantity	Rate
U.S. Qualifying Complications	50	2,19%	U.S. Confirmed Malfunctions	11	0,48%
 Abnormal defibrillation impedance 	:e 3	0,13%	Conductor Fracture	2	0,09%
 Abnormal pacing impedance 	5	0,22%	 Insulation Breach 	9	0,39%
 Cardiac perforation 	1	0,04%	U.S. Acute Lead Observations	8	0,35%
 Conductor fracture 	8	0,35%	 Cardiac perforation 	4	0,18%
Failure to capture	6	0,26%	Failure to capture	1	0,04%
Failure to sense (undersensing)	3	0,13%	Insulation breach	1	0,04%
Insulation breach	6	0,26%	 Lead dislodgement 	1	0,04%
 Lead dislodgement 	3	0,13%	Other	1	0,04%
Oversensing	15	0,66%			



Cumulative Survival Probability after	Impl.	1 yr.	2 yr.	3 yr.	4 yr.	5 yr.
Total Survival [%]	100	99,4%	98,8%	98,2%	97,0%	96,3%
(95% Confidence Interval)		±0.3	±0.5	±0.6	±0.9	±1.1

Stratos LV-T

Potentially defective low voltage capacitors 84 devices world-wide, none in the United States

Status Update

As of January 2016

- No reports of malfunctioning pacemakers associated with this capacitor lot were received.
- No reports of deaths or serious injuries were received associated with this advisory.
- An extended test program yielded no malfunctions of the capacitors under question.

Original communication July 2006

A limited number of our Stratos LV-T pacemakers may exhibit a device malfunction resulting in increased battery current and in loss of output, very likely simultaneously on all channels.

BIOTRONIK has identified a specific batch of low voltage capacitors from a single component supplier as the root cause. Please be assured that the capacitors from this batch are no longer being used in any BIOTRONIK device, and that no other pacemaker or ICD manufactured by BIOTRONIK is affected.

To date, no field reports related to this phenomenon were received.

The anomaly is limited to 84 devices world-wide. BIOTRONIK has taken immediate action to retrieve all potentially affected devices not yet delivered to hospitals. According to our records, 14 devices were delivered to hospitals and may have been implanted.

Based on preliminary data received from the component supplier, the projected rate of occurrence is expected to less than 1 out of 1000 devices.

Our records show that you are the implanting and/or follow-up physician for one or more patients with an affected device. We recommend the following actions:

- If Home Monitoring is activated, please check the Cardio Report and the pacing impedance history. A rapid and significant increase of the pacing impedance on one or more channels may indicate a possible loss of output. In this case we recommend to schedule a patient follow-up as soon as possible.
- If Home Monitoring is not activated or pacing impedance data from Cardio Reports are not available we recommend to schedule a patient follow-up as soon as possible.
- During a follow-up session please perform the "Battery Lead Telemetry" test. A significantly increased pacing impedance on one or more channels or a significantly increased battery current may indicate a possible loss of output.
- If no anomaly is detected please activate Home Monitoring. You may use regular follow-up intervals if Home Monitoring is used for remote monitoring between follow-ups.
- In any case we recommend to replace the device of a pacemaker-dependent patient without underlying intrinsic rhythm.

We have tried to be as specific as possible with our recommendations. As always, individual circumstances and medical judgement determine decisions about patient care, the urgency of follow-ups and possible replacement of devices.

If a Stratos LV-T is replaced for the reason explained in this notification, BIOTRONIK will provide a replacement device consistent with the terms of our warranty. For activation of the warranty, please return the explanted device to BIOTRONIK within 30 days of the explantation.

11 X-Ray Identifiers for Pacemakers and ICDs

Pacemaker/ICD Product Versions	X-Ray ID
Actros DR, Actros D, Actros SLR, Actros SR, Actros S	LC
Axios DR, Axios D, Axios SLR, Axios SR, Axios S	ER
Cylos DR, Cylos DR-T, Cylos VR	RZ
Cylos 990 DR, Cylos 990 DR-T, Cylos 990 VR	FV
Evia DR, Evia DR-T, Evia SR, Evia SR-T, Evia HF-T	SF
Estella DR, Estella DR-T , Estella SR, Estella SR-T, Entovis DR, Entovis DR-T	SF
Ilesto 7 DR, Ilesto 7 DR-T, Ilesto 7 HF-T, Ilesto 7 VR-T DX	NT
Lexos DR, Lexos DR-T, Lexos A+, Lexos A+/T, Lexos VR, Lexos VR-T	KV
Lumax 340 DR-T, Lumax 340 HF-T, Lumax 340 VR-T	HR
Lumax 540 DR-T, Lumax 540 HF-T, Lumax 540 VR-T	SH
Lumax 740 DR-T, Lumax 740 HF-T, Lumax 740 VR-T, Lumax 740 VR-T DX	RH
Lumos DR-T, Lumos VR-T	LT
Philos DR, Philos D, Philos SLR, Philos SR, Philos S	LE
Philos DR-T	VV
Philos II DR, Philos II D, Philos II S, Philos II SLR, Philos II SR	ET
Philos II DR-T	KP
Stratos LV, Stratos LV-T	SV
Talos DR, Talos D, Talos SLR, Talos SR, Talos S	PV
Protos DR/CLS Protos VR/CLS	F7

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Single-Chamber Pacemakers		CRT ICDs	
Actros S, Actros SR	14	Ilesto 7 HF-T	49
Axios S, Axios SR	15	Lumax 340 HF, Lumax 340 HF-T	50
Cylos VR, Cylos 990 VR	16	Lumax 540 HF-T	51
Estella SR, Estella SR-T	17	Lumax 740 HF-T	52
Evia SR, Evia SR-T	18		
Philos S, Philos SR	19	Pacing Leads	
Philos II S, Philos II SR, Talos S, Talos SR	20	Arox 53-BP, 60-BP	62
Protos VR/CLS	21	Arox 45-JBP, 53-JBP	63
		Corox OTW 75-UP Steroid, 85-UP Steroid	64
Dual-Chamber Pacemakers		Corox OTW 75-BP Steroid, 85-BP Steroid	65
Actros D, Actros DR, Actros SLR	22	Corox OTW-L 75-BP, 85-BP	66
Axios D, Axios DR, Axios SLR	23	Corox OTW-S 75-BP, 85-BP	67
Cylos DR, Cylos DR-T, Cylos 990 DR,		Dextrus Model 4135, 4136, 4137	68
Cylos 990 DR-T	24	Elox 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP	69
Entovis DR, Entovis DR-T	25	Elox P 45-BP, 53-BP, 60-BP	70
Estella DR, Estella DR-T	26	Polyrox 60-UP, 53-BP, 53/15-BP, 60-BP,	
Evia DR, Evia DR-T	27	60/15-BP	71
Philos D, Philos DR, Philos DR-T, Philos SLR	28	Polyrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP, 53-JUP	72
Philos II D, Philos II DR(-T), Philos II SLR,		Retrox 45-JBP, 53-JBP	73
Talos D, Talos DR, Talos SLR	29	Selox JT 45, JT 53	74
Protos DR/CLS	30	Selox SR 45, SR 53, SR 60	75
		Selox ST 53, ST 60	76
CRT Pacemakers		Setrox S-45, S-53, S-60	77
Evia HF, Evia HF-T	31	Synox 60-UP, 53-BP, 60-BP	78
Stratos LV, Stratos LV-T	32	Synox 45-JBP, 53-JBP	79
		Tilda R45, R53, R60	80
Single-Chamber ICDs		Tilda T53, T60	81
Lexos VR, Lexos VR-T	36		
Lumax 340 VR, Lumax 340 VR-T	37	ICD Leads	
Lumax 540 VR-T	38	Kainox SL 65, 75, 100	82
Lumax 740 VR-T	39	Kentrox RV 65, -Steroid, 75, -Steroid	83
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		100 Steroid	84
Dual-Chamber ICDs		Kentrox SL-S 65/16, 18 Steroid	85
Ilesto 7 DR, Ilesto 7 DR-T	41	Linox S 65, Linox S 75	86
Ilesto 7 VR-T DX	42	Linox SD 60, 65, 75/16,18	87
Lexos DR, Lexos DR-T, Lexos A+, Lexos A+/T	43	Linoxsmart S 60, 65, 75	88
Lumax 340 DR, Lumax 340 DR-T	44	Linoxsmart S DX 65/15, 65/17	89
Lumax 540 DR-T	45	Linoxsmart SD 60/16, 65/16, 65/18, 75/18	90
Lumax 740 DR-T	46	Linoxsmart TD 65/16, 65/18, 75/18	91
Lumax 740 VR-T DX	47	Linox T 65, 75	92
Lumos DR-T	48	Linox TD 65, 75, 100/16, 18	93
		Vigila 2CR 60/16 65/18	94

13 Contacting BIOTRONIK

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