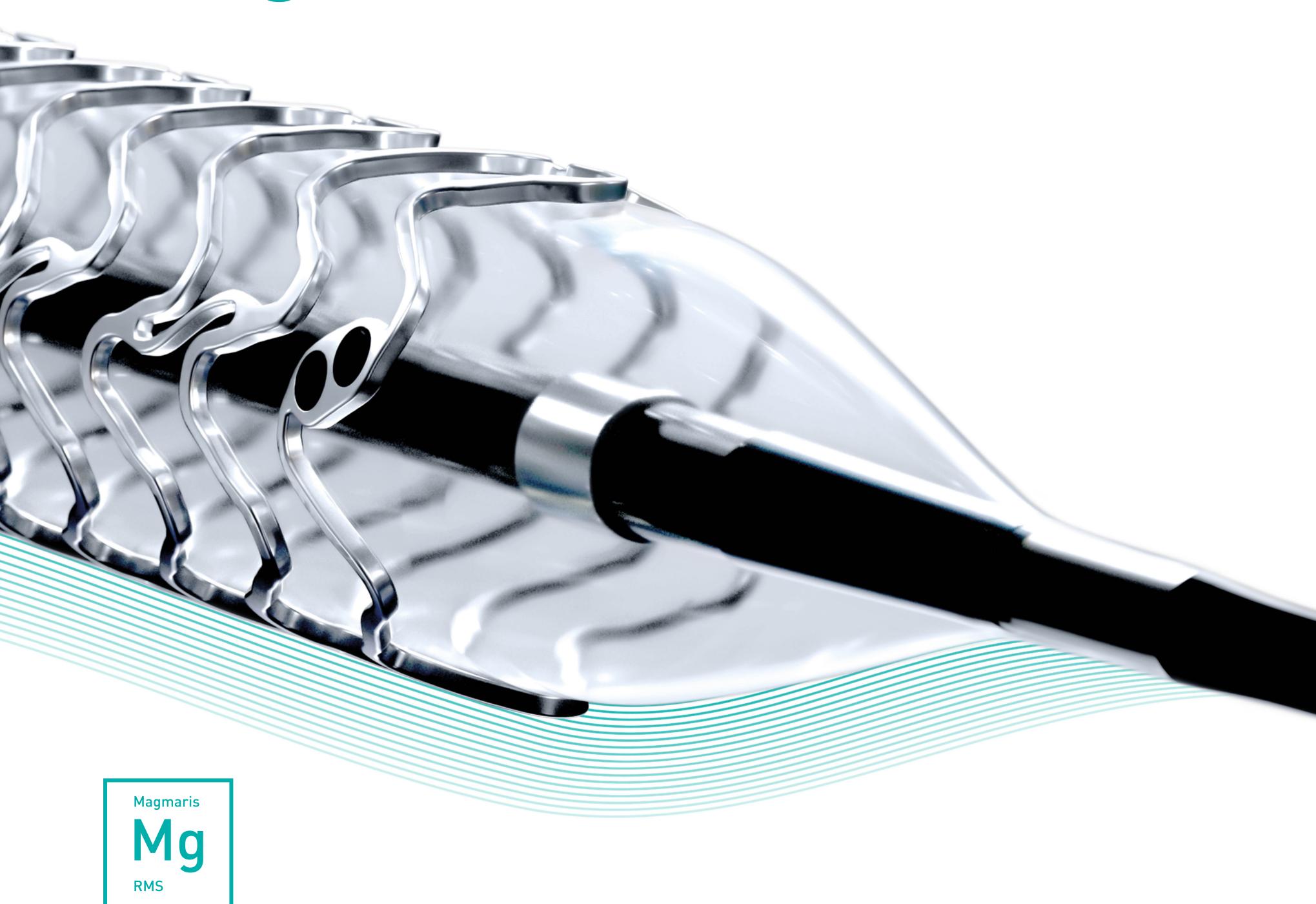


Vascular Intervention // Coronary
Resorbable Magnesium Scaffold (RMS)



Magmaris



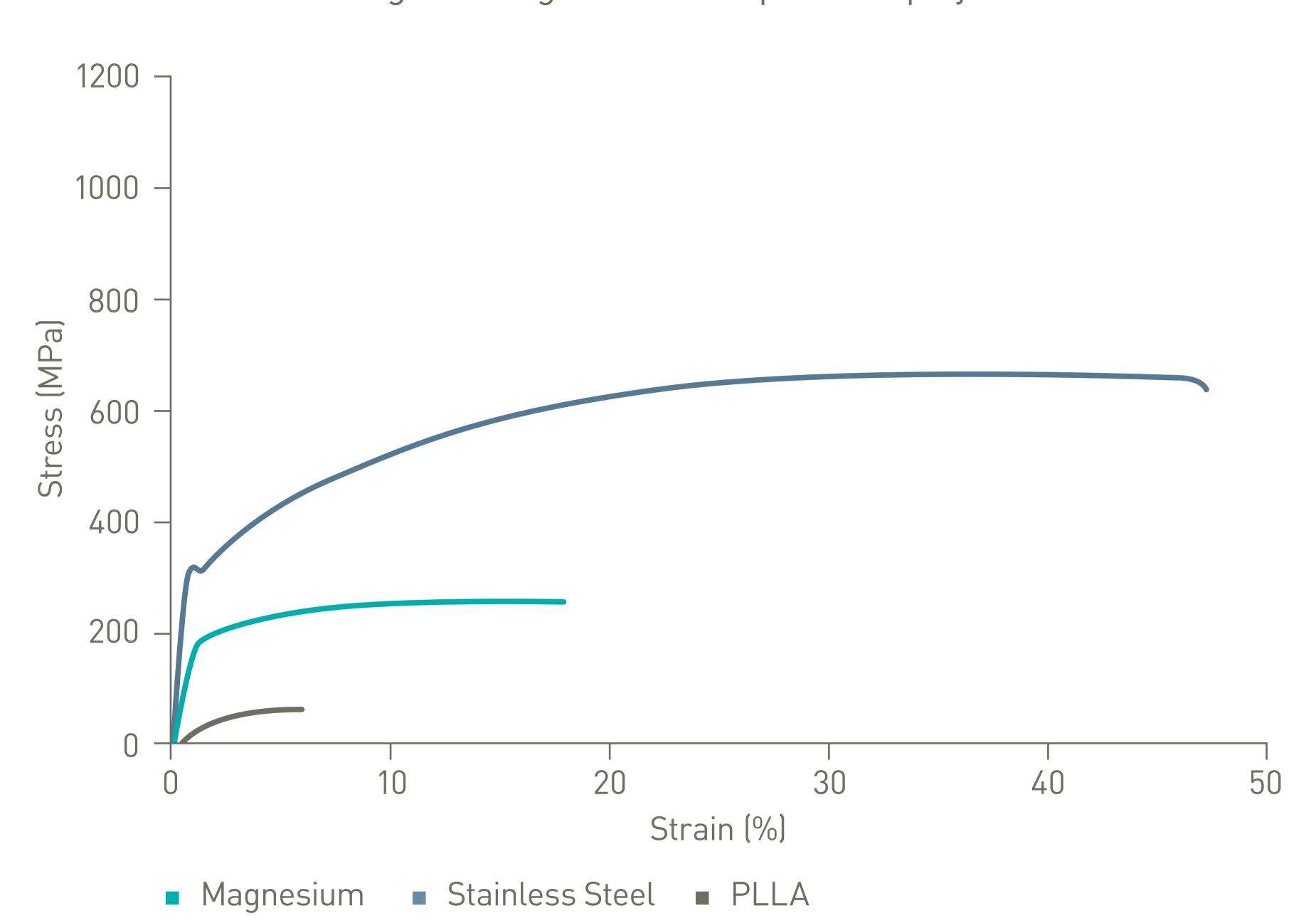


Why Magnesium?

Magnesium alloy: favourable mechanical properties of a robust Magnesium backbone

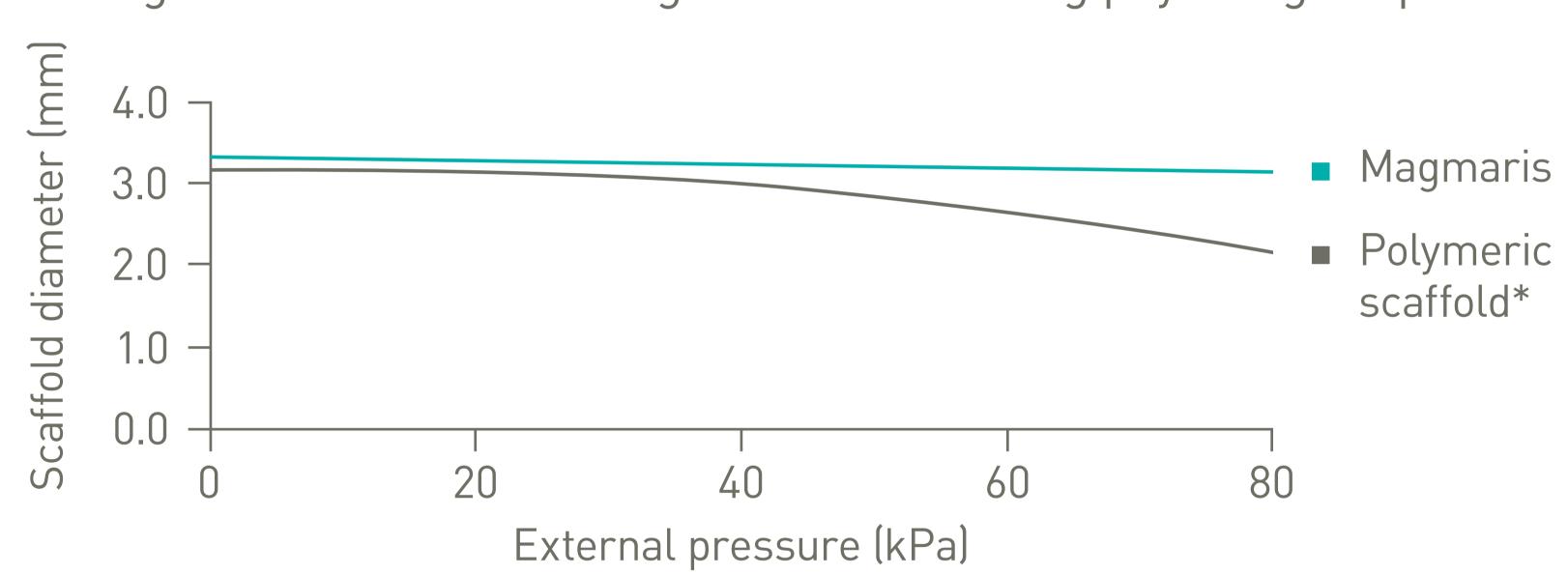
Robust Magnesium backbone

The mechanical strength of Magnesium is superior to polymers like PLLA.¹



Strong radial resistance

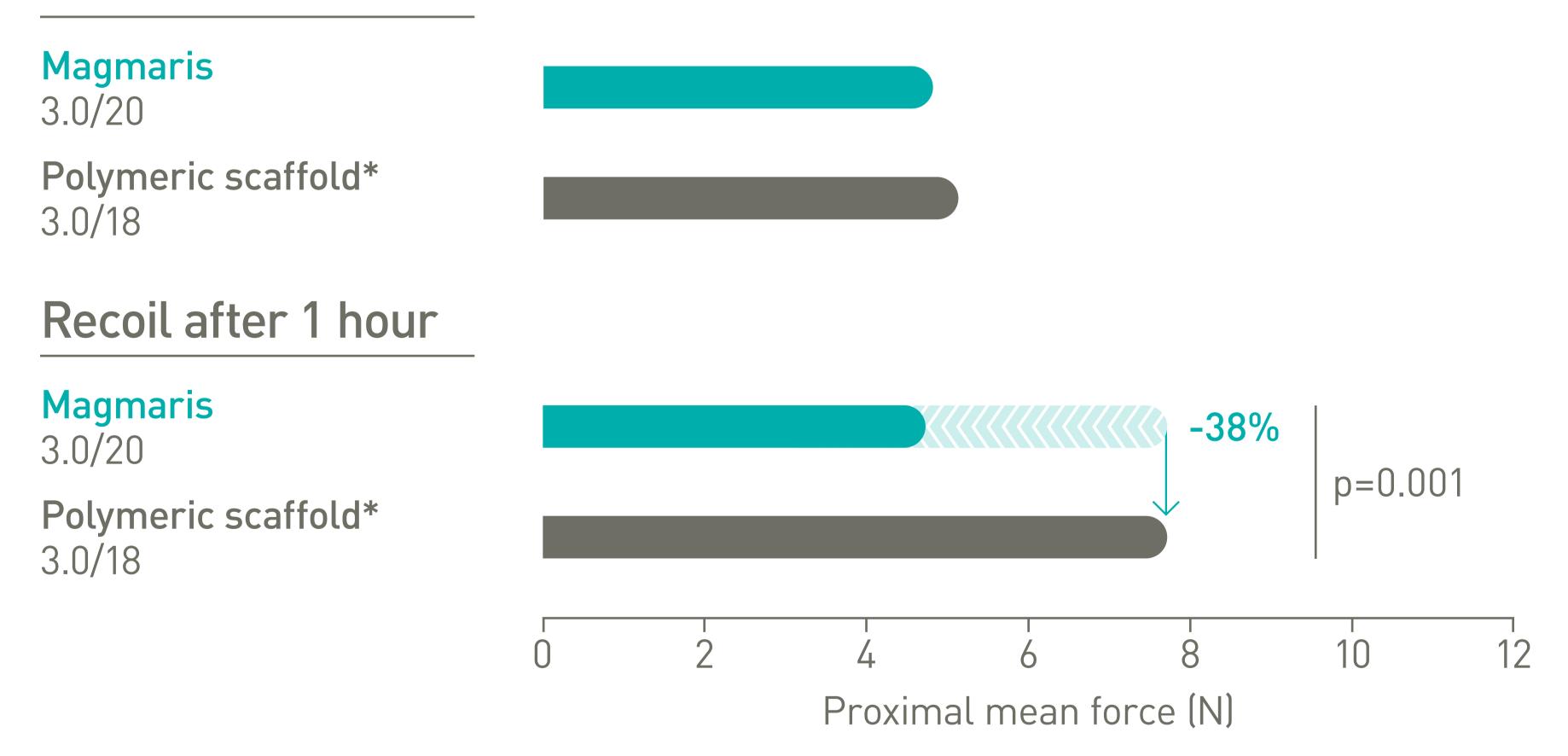
No significant diameter change under increasing physiological pressure.3



Stable recoil

Magmaris has a 38% lower recoil after 1 hour.²

Acute recoil



^{*}Absorb, Abbott

Rounded edges and smooth surface

The electropolished rounded edges and smooth surface of the Magmaris scaffold generate less resistance during delivery of the scaffold to the lesion.





Compelling safety data

Confidence through evidence

Magmaris	12 months BIOSOLVE-IV ⁴ (n=198) 4.6 ⁰ / ₀ TLF*	0.50/0** Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis		
	12 months BIOSOLVE-II/III ^{5, 6} (n=180) 3.3% TLF*	0.0% Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis		
	36 months BIOSOLVE-II ⁷ (n=117) 6.8% TLF*	0.0% Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis		
Precursor	36 months BIOSOLVE-I ⁸ (n=44) 6.6% TLF*	O.O/O Definite/probable scaffold thrombosis		

^{*}Target Lesion Failure. Composite of cardiac and unknown death, target vessel myocardial infarction, clinically driven target lesion revascularization and CABG.

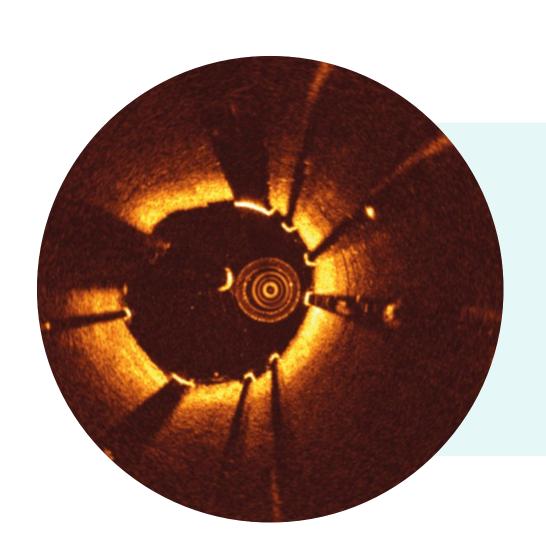
**Patient underwent MIDCAB with subsequent DAPT interruption 5 days after the procedure.



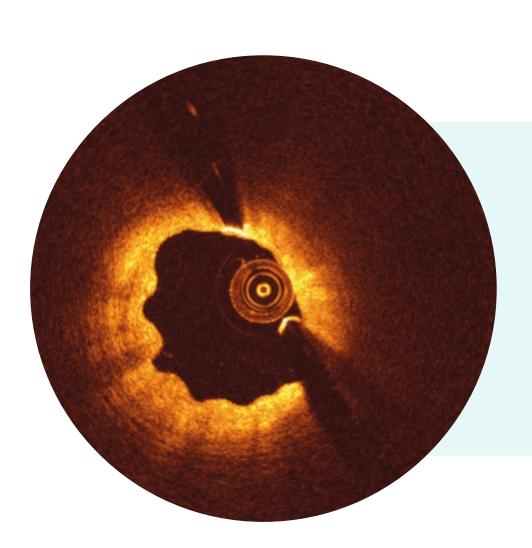


Fast resorption time

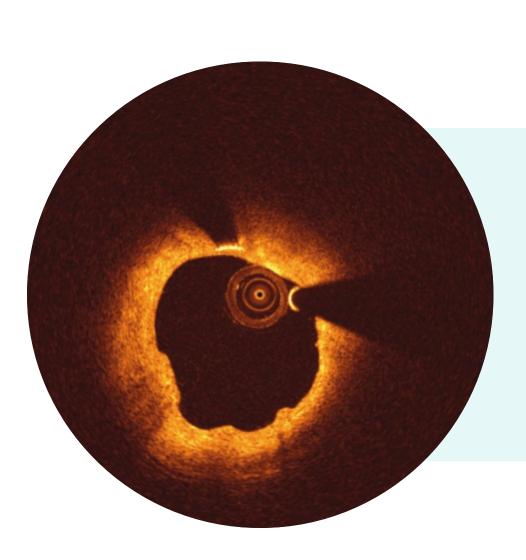
~95% of Magnesium resorbed at 12 months9



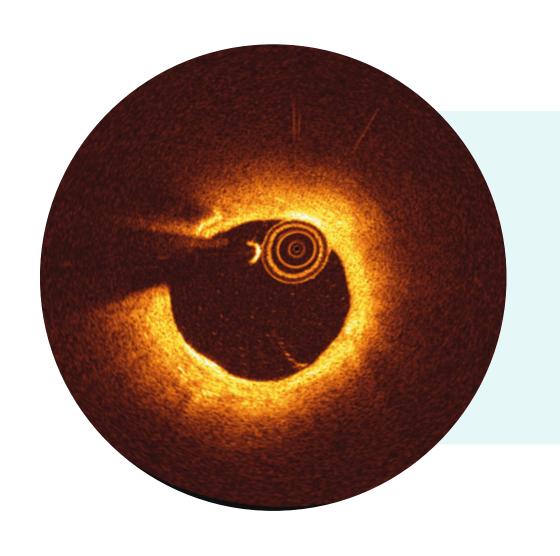
OCT post implantation¹⁰ Immediately after implantation, struts are well apposed to the vessel wall.



OCT at 6 months¹⁰
While the Magnesium resorption process continues, endothelialization progresses.



OCT at 12 months¹⁰
At 12 months after implantation, the Magnesium resorption is almost completed.



OCT at 36 months¹⁰
At 36 months the lumen is well preserved with a homogeneous surface.

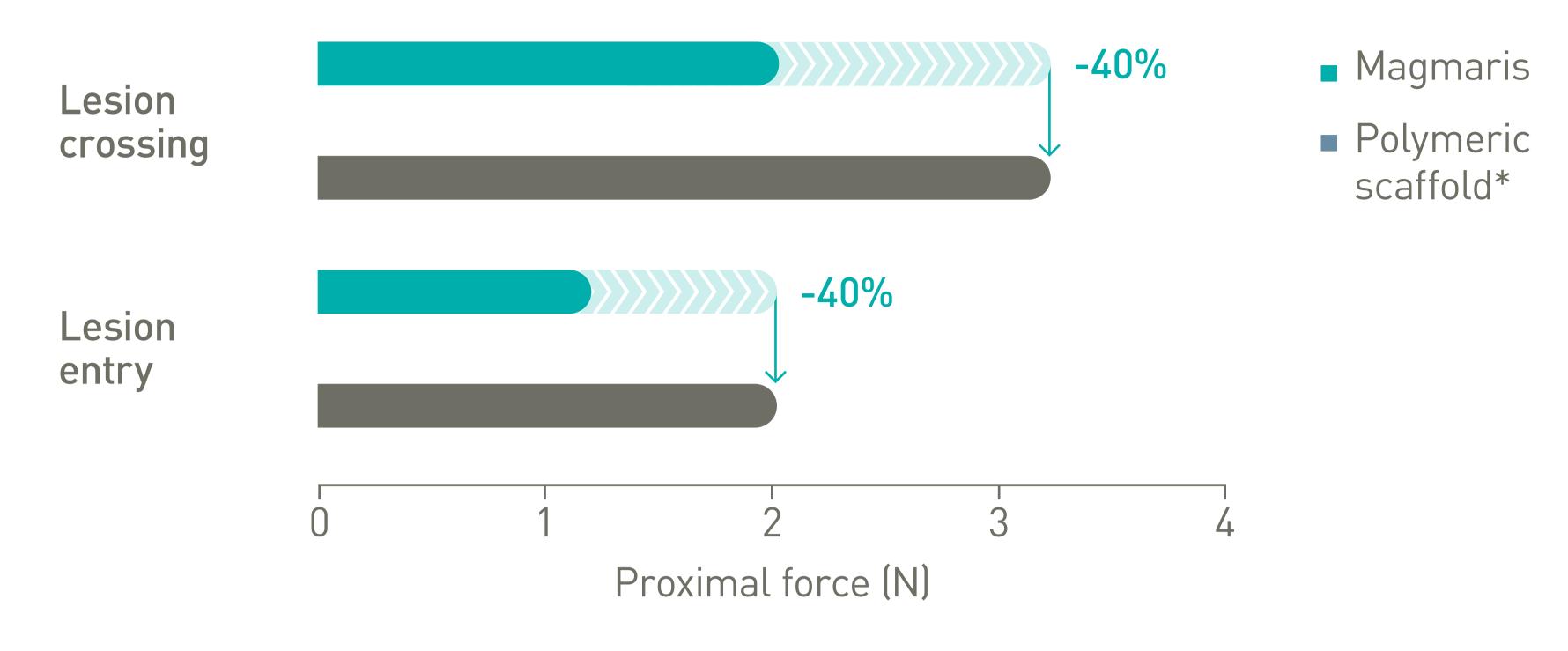


A more deliverable scaffold

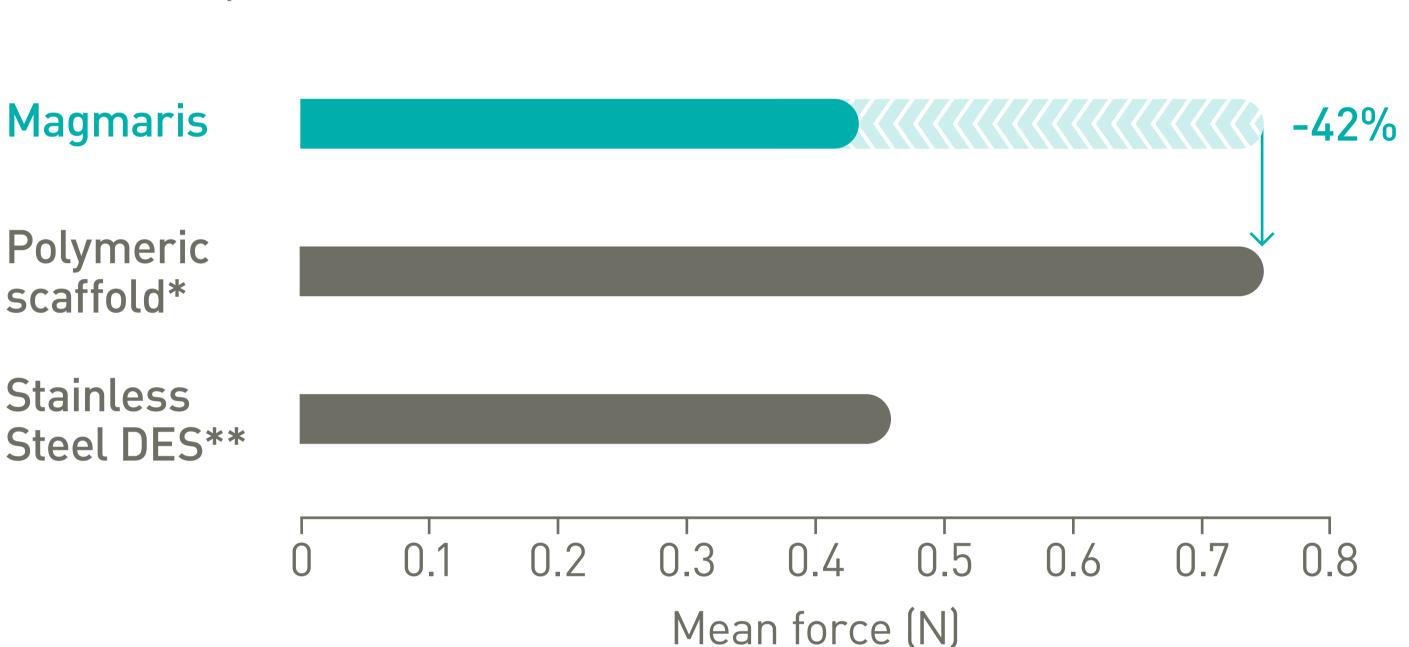
More than 70% of physicians who have used Magmaris RMS in clinical practice have rated the device to be better than a polymeric scaffold.^{11*}

Better lesion crossing

Up to 40% lower lesion entry and crossing force.¹²



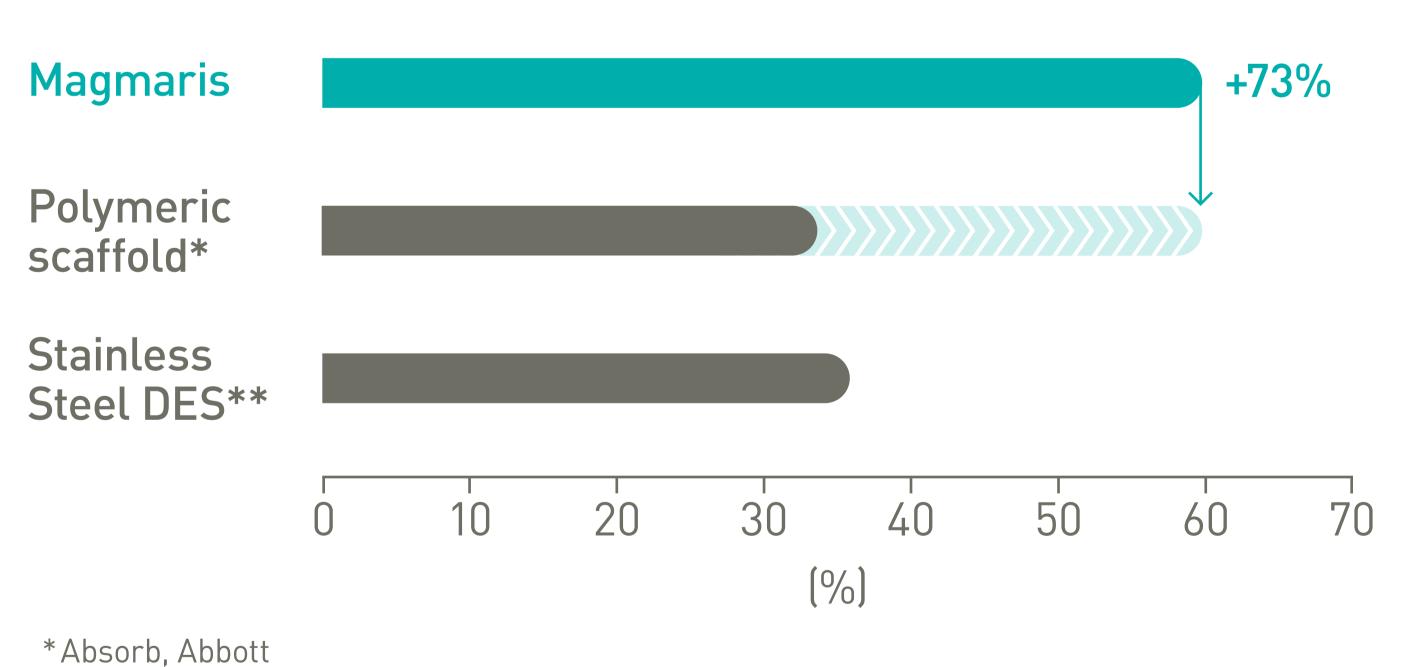
Better trackability in tortuous anatomy

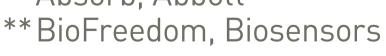


Better pushability

42% less peak force.¹³

73% more force transmitted from hub to tip.14





Stent/Scaffold strut thickness in perspective

Magmaris RMS

Polymeric scaffold*

Polymeric scaffold*

150 μm

Stainless Steel DES**

120 μm



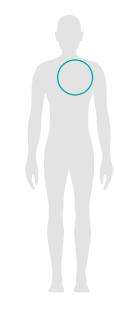




Magmaris

Indicated for de novo coronary artery lesions.*

Vascular Intervention Coronary



Technical Data	Scaffold

Scarrota	
Scaffold material	Proprietary Magnesium alloy
Markers	Two tantalum markers at each end
Active coating	BIOlute (resorbable Poly-L-Lactide (PLLA) eluting a limus drug)
Drug dose	1.4 μg/mm²
Strut thickness/width	150 μm / 150 μm
Maximum expandable diameter	Nominal Diameter +0.6 mm

Delivery system

Delivery System	
Catheter type	Rapid exchange
Recommended guide catheter	6F (min. I.D. 0.070")
Crossing profile	1.5 mm
Guide wire diameter	0.014"
Usable catheter length	140 cm
Balloon material	Semi-crystalline polymer
Coating (distal shaft)	Dual coated
Marker bands	Two swaged platinum-iridium markers
Proximal shaft diameter	2.0F
Distal shaft diameter	2.9F
Nominal pressure (NP)	10 atm
Rate burst pressure (RBP)	16 atm

Balloon diameter (mm) **Compliance Chart**

		ø 3.00	ø 3.50
Nominal Pressure	atm**	10	10
(NP)	ø (mm)	3.00	3.54
Rated Burst	atm**	16	16
Pressure (RBP)	ø (mm)	3.29	3.82

**1 atm = 1.013 bar

Ordering Information	Scaffold ø (mm)	Scaffold length (mm)			
		15	20	25	
	3.00	412526	412527	412528	
	3.50	412529	412530	412531	

1-3, 11-14. BIOTRONIK data on file; 4. Verheye S. Safety and performance of the resorbable magnesium scaffold, Magmaris in a real world setting - First 200 subjects at 12-month follow-up of the BIOSOLVE-IV registry. Presented at: EuroPCR; May 22, 2018; Paris, France. ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT028; 5. Haude M, Ince H, Kische S, et al. Safety and Clinical Performance of the Drug Eluting Absorbable Metal Scaffold in the Treatment of Subjects with de Novo Lesions in Native Coronary Arteries at 12-month follow-up-BIOSOLVE-II and BIOSOLVE-III. Journal of the American College of Cardiology. 2017; 70(18). DOI: 10.1016/j. jacc.2017.09.071; 6. Waksman R. Safety and Clinical Performance of the Drug Eluting Absorbable Metal Scaffold in the Treatment of Subjects with de Novo Lesions in Native Coronary Arteries at 12-month follow-up-BIOSOLVE-II and BIOSOLVE-III. Presented at : TCT; Oct 31, 2017; Denver, USA; 7. Haude M, Ince H, Abizaid A. Long-term clinical data and multimodality imaging analysis of the BIOSOLVE-II study with the drug-eluting absorbable metal scaffold in the treatment of subjects with de novo lesions in native coronary arteries – BIOSOLVE-II. Presented at: EuroPCR; May 23, 2018; Paris. France; 8. Haude M, Erbel R, Erne P, et al. Safety and performance of the Drug-Eluting Absorbable Metal Scaffold (DREAMS) in patients with de novo coronary lesions: 3-year results of the prospective, multicenter, first-in-man BIOSOLVE-I trial. EuroIntervention. 2016; 12(2): e160-6; 9. Joner M, Ruppelt P, Zumstein P, et al. Preclinical Evaluation of Degradation Kinetics and Elemental Mapping of First and Second Generation Bioresorbable Magnesium Scaffolds. EuroIntervention. 2018 Feb 20. pii: EIJ-D-17-00708. doi: 10.4244/ EIJ-D-17-00708. [Epub ahead of print]; 10. BIOSOLVE-II case, GER443-012. Courtesy of M. Haude, Lukaskrankenhaus Neuss, Germany 2015.

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Specifications are subject to modification,

revision and improvement.

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excellence for life





^{*}Indication as per IFU.